

Shaken and stirred

West German industry after the recession



Awful lessons

What Blair could learn from Clinton oe Rogely, Page 14



Global networks

Why Singapore fears the foreign virus



Killer instincts

Video games: the next generation

FINANCIAL TIMES

Europe's Business' Newspaper

TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 6 1994

Brazil seeks to calm investors as shares fall 8.6%

Brazil tried to assure domestic and international observers that the country's latest anti-inflation plan remained on course in apite of the weekend resignation of finance minister Rubens Ricupero. Worries over the resignation and the possibility that it could affect the chances of Fernando Henrique Cardoso, the government's candidate in next month's presidential election, led to an 8.6 per cent drop on the São Paulo stock market by lunchtime, and falls for Brazilian bonds on international markets. Page 16

Metaligoselischaft expects to earn more than DM100m (\$64m) in operating profits in the 1994-95 financial year after last week's agreement to staunch losses on controversial oil purchase contracts with Castle Energy of the US. Page 17

Russia's economics revolution: The Russian government said it would establish a series of new institutions teaching market economics, run by a small core of specialists and a circle of associated economists "of the western type". Page 3

S Africa motor strike ends: A five-week strike that paralysed South Africa's motor industry ended as workers agreed to return to factories, but the wage dispute has not been resolved and union leaders say discussions will continue. Page 4

Ex-head of E German Stasi put on trial



77.

Erich Mielke (left), former head of East Germany's Stasi secret police, went on trial in Berlin for tha killing of people who tried to flee to the west. German authorities say more than 400 people were killed trying to escape East Germany during the cold war. Mielke, 86, is being tried on six repre-

sentative cases but says ba is frail and unfit for trial. The trial was adjourned for two days when his lawyers accused the presiding judge of bias. Page 2

Bank Austria is looking for international strategic financial partners after the announcement by the federal government that it wants to sell its 22.8 per cent voting stake in the country's largest bank. Page 17

US medical sales rise: Sales of US prescription medicines have rebounded this year in spite of bealthcare reforms, while Japanese and European markets for medicines continued to splutter. Page 5

Lufthansa: The latest stage in the German government's privatisation of the national airline is set to go ahead at the end of this month, said Dresd ner Bank, which is co-ordinating the international and domestic offerings. Page 17

Swiss charged over 'supergun': Five Swiss businessmen have been charged with knowingly supplying components to Iraq for the so-called supergun in contravention of the Swiss weapons export control law. Page 2

Nigerian ruler bolsters position: The collapse of Nigeria's two-month oil industry strike, aimed at forcing an end to military rule has left Gen Sani Abacha's regime in a strong position and the civilian opposition in disarray. Page 4

ABN Amro: The decision by the Netherlands' bank to use its name on a network of investment banking operations around the world is part of an ambitious plan to raise its profile. Page 17

Quebec warned on independence: Quebec business leaders and other federalists warned of dangers to the francophone province's economic prospects if the Parti Quebecois pressed ahead with a quick drive towards independence from Canada after next Monday's provincial election. Page 6

Kyrgyzstan government resigns: The government of the central Asian state of Kyrgyzstan resigned, apparently to strengthen the hand of the pro-reform president, Askar Akayev, against the rvative dominated parliament. Page 5

Australian MP shot dead: John Newman, 49, a Labor member of tha New South Wales state parlia-ment and an outspoken critic of Asian crime gangs, was shot dead outside his home in the largely Vietnamese Sydney suburb of Cabramatta.

VWs for India: European carmaker, Volkswagen of Germany, leading European carmaker, has linked up with Eicher Goodearth, Indian motor vehicle and tractor manufacturer, to produce Volkswagen cars for the Indian market. Page 8

traq plans biggest mosque: Engineers in Baghdad have drawn up plans for what they say will be the world's largest mosque. The structure will cover an area 1,800 metres by 700 metres.

US baseball impasse: As America celebrated its first Labor Day holiday without major league baseball, hopes were fading that the deadlock between players and team owners might be broken in time for at least a shortened season. Page 16

E STOCK MARKET INDICES	E GOLD
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Civil airline consortium to set up subsidiary

Airbus to control development of military aircraft

By Bernard Gray in Famborough

Development and production of the Future Large Aircraft, Europe's proposed military trans-port aircraft, will be managed by Airbus, the civil airliner consortium, which yesterday announced plans for a military equipment subsidiary. The move is designed to

strengthen the FLA group and help market the aircraft to potential customers, including the Royal Air Force, which is considering buying the FLA or the Hercules aircraft produced by Lockheed of the US.

Announcing the move in a full-scale mock-up of the FLA at the Farnborough International Air Show, Mr Dick Evans, chief executive of British Aerospace, said that Airbus had an excellent record of managing aircraft development projects.

The separate military subsid-

iary to be formed to handle the FLA will include the Italian aerospace company, Alenia, as well as the four Airbus partners, Deutsche Aerospace, Aérospatiale, British Aerospace and Casa,

The consortium estimates that there may be a market for 350 FLA in Europe over the next 20 years. The intention is to provide

customers with a fixed-price, fixed-specification programme to reduce the risk of cost over-runs. Exact shareholdings in the military subsidiary will depend on the financial commitments from the companies involved and their respective governments, and also on the number of FLA each country requires. Shareholdings in the main Airbus Industrie con-

Page 8

Airbus upbeat on FLA R-R wins \$20m order

sortium will not be affected by the move.

The share-out of work on the FLA will be determined by simi-lar criteria. British Aerospace hopes to make the wings for the new aircraft, while Italy and Spain are competing for the final assembly line. Mr Evans said the rapid consol-

idation of the US defence indus-try posed challenges for European aerospace companies.
"Bringing FLA within the Airbus consortium is one way of deepening ties between European com-panies," be added.

The FLA is competing with Lockheed's C-130 Hercules to replace the RAF's ageing trans-port fleet. Lockheed has valid export licences for the UK, but it is under investigation in the US over alleged bribery. It will be that much harder for the UK defence secretary, Mr Malcolm Rifkind, to present an overseas winner if it is also the subject of corruption allegations.

Mr Evans said that the FLA would carry more equipment further and faster than the latest generation C-130J Hercules at lower operating costs. He added that the FLA group would be able to make firm proposals to the UK Ministry of Defence in the first quarter of next year, once full evaluation of the project was

"The FLA is right operationally for the RAF," said Mr Evans. "It is also right economically with lower life-cycle costs and right industrially as it will protect 35,000 high-tech aerospace jobs in Europe. This is our only opportunity for 35 years to become a part of a large transport aircraft pro-

In a separate announcement Lockheed said that refurbishing the existing RAF Hercules fleet until the FLA became available in 2002 was not an option.





Abortion should be legalised, Mrs Gro Harlem Brundtland, the Norwegian prime minister, told the United Nations population conference in Cairo yesterday. She implicitly accused the Vatican and Islamic clergy of

proposed text for the UN final document on the ground that it condoned abortioo and extramarital sex. Bruntland cuts to heart of Cairo conference, Page 5; UN population conference hits language barrier,

UK moves to ease deadlock over IRA ceasefire

By John Murray Brown and Tim Coone in Belfast and James Blitz in London

In a new attempt to break the deadlock over the wording of last week's IRA ceasefire declaration, the British government yesterday invited republican leaders to state unequivocally that their intention is to end the violence

for good. Sir Patrick Mayhew, the North-ern Ireland secretary, said yesterday: "We are not insisting on a particular form of words. We just need to have an unequivocal assertion that they intend it should be over for good."

Sir Patrick's remarks appeared to indicate that a response based on republican intentions rather than a more specific phrasing could be sufficient to opeo the

door to talks with Sinn Fein. Referring to the differing inter pretations of the British and Irish governments of the IRA statements to date be said he had no doubts about Dublin's sincerity in accepting the IRA had ended its campaign, but said "we have to be satisfied from what these people say themselves about their own intentions*.

Sir Patrick was due to meet in Belfast last night with Mr Dick Spring, the Irish foreign minister. The meeting aimed to try to agree a common response to the ceasefire and also to discuss progress on a framework document on new constitutional arrangements for the province, due to be tabled at inter-party talks later this year.

Mr Spring was also expected to brief Sir Patrick on his meeting in the US with President Bill Clinton. Downing Street officials yesterday played down sugges-tions that Mr Gerry Adams, the Sinn Fein leader, was about to receive permission from the US authorities to make a wide-ranging tour of American cities.

were examining the possibility of and other republicans, including Mr Martin McGuinness.

A Downing Street spokesman said that the US government had given no formal indication to

Continued on Page 16

ward last week by Mr Wolfgang Schauble, parliamentary leader menf," said Mr Vogel. He said Mr closest advisers are known to Berlusconi was "satisfied with favour a public debate to head off of the CDU-CSU coalition group. misunderstandings and reach the explanation". However, Italian officials

By Lionel Barber in Brussels and James Blitz in London

Chancellor Helmut Kohl of Germany has sought to quell a diplomatic storm over his ruling Christian Democrat party's pro-posals to create a "hard core" of five nations in a multi-speed

European Union.
After the UK joined protests from Denmark and Italy, Mr Kohl distanced himself publicly yesterday from the proposals put for-

Mr Dieter Vogel, chief government spokesman, disclosed that Mr Silvio Berlusconi, the Italian prime minister, had telaphoned Mr Kohl yesterday and that the Chancellor had reassured him, along with other EU leaders, that the CDU-CSU paper was not offi-cial German policy.

"It is not a paper which has been agreed with the govern-

Kohl plays down plan for multi-speed E

expressed surprise that Mr Kohl had failed to step in earlier. Speculation grew in European

capitals that Mr Kohl may have given the paper his unofficial blessing, in order to float a "trial ballcon" ahead of the 1996 intergovarnmental conferenca to review the Maastricht treaty. Several of the Chancellor'a

clear decisions on future EU integration at the 1996 conference. The CDU-CSU paper calls for France, Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg to

press ahead faster with European integration. A day before it was published, Mr Edouard Balladur, French prime minister, suggested a "three-tier" Europe with the Franco-German alliance at its

core; but he did not name names. On Friday, the Italian foreign ministry warned that the CDU-CSU paper could risk the "break-up" of the EU. Mr Klaus Kinkel, German foreign minister and bead of the FDP liberal party, the government coalition partner, condemned the paper. Mr John Major, UK prime minister, intends to deliver a riposte

in a speech on Europe in the Continued on Page 16

Sinn Féin officials said they a visit to the US by Mr Adams

Choice demonstrates changing attitudes to Brussels

Cresson and de Silguy named as French EU commissioners

By David Buchan in Paris

Franca'a new European commissioners are to be Mrs Edith Cresson, a former Socialist premier, and Mr Yves-Thihault de Silguy, the top official in charge of trada and European policy in the office of Mr Edouard

Balladur, the prime minister. The contrasting pair illustrate changing attitudes in Paris to the European executive. France's outgoing Socialist president, Mr François Mitterrand, has nominated an ex-premier. Mr Balla-dur, the Gaullist premier, in nam-ing a bureaucrat, has chosen to underline the new French conservative desire to see commission ers as technocrats under the political thumh of European

Union ministers. The issue of seniority between France's two commissioners has been made less acute by the Maastricht treaty which limits the number of commission vicepresidents to one or two, at the president's choice. In a college of commissioners which presently number 17, but with Nordic and Austrian enlargement, could rise to more than 20, it is not clear that either of the French appointees would make vice-president.



Edith Cresson, chosen by France as an EU Commission

the early 1980s, and spent 1990-93 with the state-owned Usinor-Sacilor steel company. He is known to be interested in either the competition or external trade dossiers presently held by Mr Karel Van Miert, of Belgium, and Sir Leon Brittan, of the UK, respectively.

CONTENTS

Gold Markets

Some other commissioners and governments - will be wary, however, of seeing such portfo-lios pass into French hands. Mr de Silguy orchestrated France's negotiations for the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, Mr de Silguy served in the Brussels office of French commisand some of the toes he trod on sioner François-Xavier Ortoli in in Brussels remain bruised.

bered in France for her unpopu-lar stint as prime minister in 1991-92. However, she remains personally close to Mr Mitterrand, whose desire to grant her wish to go to Brussels posed Mr Balladur a problem of political imbalance with his choice. But he decided that the choice of Mr de Silguy, who has also worked for Mr Jacques Chirac, the leader of the RPR Gaullist party, would be impossible for his presidential rival to oppose.

This autumn, Mr Jacques San-ter, Luxembourg's present prime minister and the commission's president-elect, will preside over the distribution of portfolios among the new commissioners taking office next January.

Michael Lindemann in Bonn writes: Mrs Monika Wulf-Mathies, 52, leader of Germany's OTV public sector union for 12 years, looks set to become one of her country's two European commissioners after she waa proposed by the opposition Social Democratic party. However, her formal nomination will depend on cabinet approval. She would be the first woman to represent Germany on the Commission.

A new Commission formally begins work on January 7 but not before the European parliament has approved all 17 members.

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NEWS: EUROPE

Swedish opinion polls give election campaign hefty jolt

Hugh Carnegy on a walk-over that has suddenly become a race



tion, for weeks apparently littriumphent for the opposi-tion Social Democratic

SWEDISH an air of uncer-**ELECTIONS** tainty which September 18 has revitation the campaign with less than two weeks to go. Opinion polls published since Sunday showing a slide in Social Democrat support and a marked swing to the Left and Environment parties not only jolted politicians. They alarmed financial markets which for the past two months have pushed up interest rates

because of concern about the yawning budget deficit. The prospect of a minority Social Democratic government reliant on a resurgent redgreen camp for a parliamen-tary majority yesterday helped knock more than 2 per cent off the Stockholm stock exchange general index and send fiveyear government bond yields up more than 40 basis points to more than 11 per cent. Such threaten to choke off Sweden's faltering recovery.

and driven down the krona

What upset the markets and the Social Democratic leadership was not so much the fall In support for the party to below 50 per cent - in one poll the reverse was enough to deny it the parliamentary majority most polls have predicted throughout the summer. Even the mighty Social Demo-crats, who have ruled Sweden for most of the past 50 years, have rarely achieved such a position in recent times and Mr Ingvar Carlsson, party leader, has long been braced for a slip.

What he did not anticipate was such a powerful shift to the left, including the projected return to parliament of a resurgent Environment party, which failed to overcome the 4 per cent entry barrier to parliament In 1991. The leftward shift was apparently prompted by the Social Democrats'





The apparent march to victory of Mr Ingvar Carlsson (top) has been put in doubt, but the news is small comfort to Mr Carl Bildt (above), the prime minister

recent espousal, albeit reluctantly, of e programme of public epending cuts to trim the deficit and curb Europe's fastest rising state debt.

Meanwhile, the four parties in the governing right-centre coalition - Prime Minister Carl Bildt's conservative Moderates, the Liberal and Centre parties and the Christian Democrats fell back in the polls to less

than 40 per cent together. This undermined Mr Carls-son's (and the markets') preferred option should he fail to win a majority: to forge either

with the Liberals, or possibly the Centre party, aimed at gathering broad parliamentary support behind a rigorous, long-term fiscal policy. The shock of the poll results

was enough to shake Mr Carlsson out of what had seemed a severe case of election complacency. Last week, he retired to a mountain boliday house for three days to rest and plan for government. He repeatedly refused to meet an increasingly desperate Mr Bildt In a face-to-face television debate. Then, on Sunday, he agreed, and within hours the two men

were on air in e strikingly hostile confrontation which clearly illustrated the ideological eplit between them. Mr Carlsson insisted that three years of "new liberalism" under Mr Bildt had failed and

unemployment (now running at 14 per cent) of the work-

For his part, Mr Bildt attacked the Social Democratic plan to raise income, capital and wealth taxes and said a return to traditional Social Democrat welfare policies would be a disaster for Swe-den. He warned voters not to "buy a pig in e poke" from a

"red-green mess that will undermine Sweden's credibil-The dispiriting reality for Mr Bildt, however, is thet so far the polls show no sign of enthusiasm among voters for continuing his campaign to public sector and put the emphasis of job creation on the private sector through favouraale income, corporate and capi-

Instead, the latest leftward swing has put pressure on the Social Democrats to stiffen their commitment to the welfare state. This at a time when despite some benefit cuts by the present government -recession has pushed up public spending to a record level equivalent to almost 70 per cent of gross domestic product, by far the highest in the Organisation for Economic

Co-operation and Development.

Many in the Social Democratic leadership acknowledge that this imbalance has to be tackled. Hence their preference to work with the Liberals, whose leader Mr Bengt Westerberg supports the welfare state and has a friendly attitude towards the Social Democrats. However, the polls have shown Liberal support slipping as low as 6 per cent, compared with their 9.1 per cent showing in the 1991 general election.

If the party stumbles badly on September 18, Mr Wester-berg has indicated he will step down as party leader, throwing the issue of cooperation or coalition with Mr Carlsson furEUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Polish bank chief warns

The independent powers of Poland's central bank are under threat, Ms Hanna Gronkiewicz Waltz, the bank's president, has warned. Her claims, made in a newspaper interview, come amidst a row with Mr Grzegorz Kolodko, finance minister, who wants the bank to lower its base rates and thus cut both the internal and external debt service burden. The central bank, pointing to an alarming growth in money supply in July, due mainly to the trade surplus and mounting foreign currency reserves, wants to keep rates at their annual 31 per cent level. At the same time, the bank wants to lower the crawling peg mechanism from its monthly 1.6 per cent zloty devaluation to 1.5 per cent, a measure the finance ministry, in

turn, is resisting.
Yesterday, Ms Waltz questioned the government's 16 per cent inflation projection for next year and said this year's 23 per cent target was unrealistic given current 30 per cent inflation. Mr Kolodko has said that an interest rate cut and the switch to a lower devaluation rate should be linked. He has also suggested that the bank should lose its supervisory powers and a separate agency be established. Ms Gronkiewicz Waltz, nominated by President Lech Walesa, yesterday said the government "wanted to establish political control over the banking system". Christopher Bobinski, Warsaw.

Mitsotakis bribe allegations

An investigating committee has asked the Greek parliament to bring criminal charges against Mr Constantine Mitsotakis, the former prime minister, over allegations that he accepted bribes in the 1992 sale of a state cement concern. Officials said the parliamentary committee handed a petition to Mr Apostolos Kaklamanis, parliamentary president, asking that Mr Mitsotakis and two of his former ministers be tried by a special 13-judge criminal court. Mr Kaklamanis must now set a date within the next month for a debate and vote on whether to lift the immunity of Mr Mitsotakis, who was conservative prime minister from 1990 to 1993, and send him for trial. The 300-seat minister from 1890 to 1993, and send him for trial. The sto-scaling parliament, where the governing Socialists have a clear absolute majority, has already voted in a separate case to try Mr Mitsotakis on charges of illegal wiretapping. Mr Mitsotakis is accused of accepting \$22.5m in bribes in the sale of the state-rum Heracles cement company to Italy's Calcestruzzi Cement and Greece's National Bank for \$225m. Reuter, Athens

Russia expects to meet IMF

Russia's deputy prime minister, Mr Alexander Shokhin, said yesterday he expected the International Monetary Fund and Russia to hold talks by the end of October paving the way for a \$4bn standby loan, Moscow would then be able to resume talks with the Paris Club of western government creditors. Mr Shokhin, Russia'e chief debt negotiator, said an IMF delega shortini, russia e time test negotiator, said at libri delega-tion would come to Moscow this week to meet members of the government. Another delegation would come after the IMF annual meeting due to take place October 3-4 in Madrid. Russia, which took over responsibility for servicing the debts of the former Soviet Union when it fell apart in late 1991, owes western creditors about \$80bn. The IMF has already len Russia \$3bn to help buttress the economy. Further loans will depend on Moscow's willingness to press ahead with its economic reforms. Reuter, Moscow.

Brussels probes VW deal

The European Commission said yesterday it would investigate a plan by Volkswagen to acquire Sachsische Automobilbau (SAB), a former East German state-owned car factory, from the Treuhand privatisation agency. Brussels said the German carmaker's bid for 87.5 per cent of SAB's shares could fall cleared the way for VW to receive around DM1.2bn in subsi-dies toward its investment in SAB. The Commission has four weeks to decide whether the link-up could harm competition.

If it finds "serious doubts" about the transaction, it must launch a deeper probe. AP, Brussels.

Hungary-Romania pact talks

The Hungarian and Romanian foreign ministers said yester-day they would restart negotiations for a much-delayed friend-ship treaty between their states. The Romanian foreign minister, Mr Teodor Melescanu, who yesterday became the most senior Romanian government figure to visit Hungary officially since the end of communism in 1989, said he hoped the treaty would be completed by May 1995. Previous negotiations broke down in August 1993 on border and ethnic minority issues. Mr Laszlo Kovacs, the Hungarian foreign minister, said normalising relations with Romania was a priority of Hungary's new government and thet Budapest was prepared to state in the treaty it had no territorial claims on Romania - Bucharest's key condition for signing. In return, he hoped Romania would grant its ethnic minorities buman rights according to European norms. Romania's treatment of its 1.6m-strong ethnic Hungarian minority has been a frequent source of tension between the two countries. Virginia Marsh, Budapest.

Mielke trial adjourned again

Mr Erich Mielke, 86, one-time boss of former East Germany's Stasi secret police, yesterday once again side-stepped the German indicial system after his defence accused the presiding judge of bias. The trial in Berlin was adjourned after 25 minutes when lawyers for Mr Mielke accused the judge, of bias because he had visited the former Stasi boss in prison last week. Mr Mielke's defence has eaid it will try to have the case week. Mr Mielke'e defence has said it will try to have the case week. Mr Mielke'e defence has said it will try to have the case dropped on the grounds that the defendant is too old. Mr Mielke first went on trial with Mr Erich Honecker, the former East German leader, in November 1991 hut was later sentenced to six years imprisonment for the murder of two Berlin policemen in 1931. To simplify the trial, Mr Mielke is now accused of murdering a nominal six people who tried to cross the Berlin Wall. Michael Lindemann, Bonn.

Man trongs

No German lottery winner

Germany's record lottery jackpot failed to find a winner for the tenth week, rising to DM42m (£17.4m) ahead of the next draw on Saturday. Lottery officials said yesterday no winning card had been turned in for the latest weekly draw, which would have netted a top prize of over DM35m. Ten players each won DM1.9m for getting six of 49 numbers right, but winning the jeckpot requires seven numbers. Germans have succumbed to lottery fever as the jackpot has mounted and bought more than 30m cards last week, with some help from eager players who come over from neighbouring countries. Reuter, Berlin.

ECONOMIC WATCH

German wholesale setback

German wholesalers saw turnover in July fall to DM78bn (£32bn), a real 4 per cent lower than during the same period last year, according to figures released by the federal statistics office, belying other statistics which suggest that Germany's recovery is gathering pace. In nominal terms, including seasonal factors, the sales figure fell by 1 per cent. Wholesale turnover in the first seven months of this year totalled DM567bn, nominally 1 per cent higher than the very low levels last year when the country was feeling the full force of its worst post-war recession, and flat in real terms. Analysts have suggested that the poor wholesale figures reflect higher demand for investment goods and exports as the economy recovers. High unemployment and a zero wage round have dampened consumer demand so far this year. Michael Linde-

mann, Bonn

■ Spain's official currency reserves rose by \$89.50m in August from July, according to provisional figures released by the Bank of Spain yesterday. The official reserves stood at \$44.85bn as of August 31, the central bank said.

Five Swiss on 'supergun' charge

By Ian Rodger in Vienna

Five Swiss businessmen have been charged with knowingly supplying com-ponents to Iraq for the so-called supergun in contravention of the Swiss weapons

export control law.

The supergun, which was apparently designed to fire a tonne of anthrax on Israel, has already become a cause célèbre in the UK. A trial of British businessmen for supplying components for the super-gun and other Iraqi military projects col-lapsed spectacularly in November, 1992 when it emerged that ministers had approved the activity and suppressed evidence. The Swiss charged are four employees of Von Roll, a large metals

group, and a director of the trading com-pany, Uldry. A federal prosecutor has sub-mitted the case to the federal court in Lausanne, which now has to decide whether or not to proceed with lt.

Von Roll said in a statement yesterday that it stood fully behind its employees. After a thorough internal investigation, it was convinced that none of its employees sent any materials to Iraq which would have required export approvals. The company said it had received a number of orders between 1988 and 1990 from the Iraqi Ministry of Industry.

They involved the supply of various machine parts, including cylinders, which according to the client's declaration were intended for forging presses. Only belatedly did it become clear that the client's real purpose was not as had been declared.

"Apparently, the Iraqi client intended to use the components for the construc-tion of a so-called supergun, a cannon whose size and weight was several times greater than any ever seen. Whereas the greatest barrel length seen in the last 20 years was 37 metres with e calibre of 150 millimetres, the supergun had a barrel length of 157 metres and a calibre of

That the machine parts could be used for a weapon had already been ruled out because of their size. Our employees could not have foreseen the possibility of these parts having e military use," it said.

> secretary, the effective leadership post, if members wanted but pledged to root out his ene-

mies if he stayed in the job.

with Marin and Rocchetta",

have the right of appeal.

Italy's Northern League in purge

Italy's Northern League party yesterday expelled three prominent critics of its tough-talking leader, Mr Umberto Bossi. in a purge of dissenters, Renter reports from Milan.

A party statement said the expulsion of Mr Franco Rocchetta, Ms Marilena Marin and Mr Vittorio Aliprandi, all members of parliament from the Veneto region of north-east Italy, had been decided unani-mously by the movement's rul-ing federal council.

Mr Rocchetta, a junior foreign minister in Italy's coali-tion government who holds the largely honorary rank of

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League president, has accused Mr Bossi of running e dictatorship. He told Italian reporters in Berlin, where he was ettending a European conference. that the federal council was "e prison in which every voice of dissent is smothered".

in an apparent reference to Mr Bossi, he said it was "peculiar that of the more than 20 members of the council only one understands anything about politics...like a second Mao". Mr Rocchetta led internal criticism of Mr Bossi's rumhustious brand of politics last week after the League leader hit the headlines with bizarre

prevented an armed revolt by northern Italians incensed at corruption in Rome in the mid-

Mr Bossl followed this up with uncorroborated claims that the prime minister, Mr Silvio Beriusconi, was plotting to hold snap elections to rid his fragile four-month-old coalition

Last week Mr Bossi offered to

A League statement head-imed "Big Purge in the North-ern League" said Mr Rocchetta and Ms Marin had been expelled for trying to damage the movement. It accused them of the League, which provides its parliamentary majority. Mr Bossi has engaged in a near non-stop slanging match of plotting to form a single party with Mr Berlusconi'e Forza Italia "in order to delay federalism". Mr Aliprandi was expelled for "being in cahoots

with Mr Berlusconi, whom he accuses of trying to brake the League's federalist ambitions.

Nuclear industry urged to improve reputation

Mr Hans Blix, director general of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), said yesterday the end of the cold war should make nuclear power more acceptable but the industry was still tainted by scare reports of plutonium trafficking and safety breaches,

technology.

Mr Blix said alarm over plu-

Renter reports from Vienna. Mr Blix said more countries would adopt nuclear power to generate electricity only if the industry continued to demonof nuclear power. strate its safety and environmental advantages.

Mr Blix said in a speech opening a four-day conference on the future of nuclear power said it is regrettable that the issues which now dominate the media "tend to create an atmo-

sphere in which it is difficult to have a balanced public disdence on nuclear power could cussion of the nuclear power option". Delegates among the double by 2010 but any further boost in output would depend on safety and cost. Russia has 200 experts from 37 countries 29 nuclear reactors, producing 12.5 per cent of its electricity stressed the need for global co-operation on safety and new supply. Four more are under

tonium trafficking and the nuclear programmes of such states as Iraq and North Korea had overshadowed the benefits

"Disturbing as some of these developments are, they do not negate the overriding trend towards ever greater international co-operation to promote the peaceful use of nuclear

energy," he said. Russian nuclear experts in

told the conference that new plant designs were based on modern safety regulations and old units were now subject to stringent annual security checks. "International collaboration and co-operation have become an integral part and condition for activities in the field of nuclear power in Rus-

Mr Viktor Sidorenko of Rus-

sia's Atomic Energy Ministry

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NEWS: EUROPE

Yeltsin provokes anger of both left and right

By John Thomhill in Moscow

Mr Boris Yeltsin, Russia's president, who returned to hol-idaying in Sochi after visiting Germany and welcoming the Chinese leadership to Moscow might well be tempted to extend his stay after coming under fire from both ends of Political spectrum.

In Moscow yesterday, Mr Boris Mironov, a junior minister who headed the state press committee before being sacked for expressing extreme nationalist views, launched a stinging attack against the president, accusing him of failing to defend Russia's interests. He said Mr Yeltsin had "viciously rooted out" Russian patriotism and no longer deserved the

people. "Russia was and remains a great power whose revival and return to its former position in the world is feared by othe countries who have declared themselves to be the leading seven," he said. Mr Mironov said Mr Yeltsin had rejected a programme of national revival needed to remedy Russia's "spiritual crisis".

Mr Mironov was sacked on Friday after declaring "if Russian nationalism is fascism. then I am a fascist" and suggesting that greater restric-tions should be imposed on the

The liheral press reacted with outrage with one newspaper comparing Mr Mironov's remarks to those of the Nazi propaganda chief, Josef Goebbels. A government spokesman explained Mr Mironov's removal had shown how the authorities reacted to the pop-

ular mood. But Mr Mironov defended himself at his former place of work yesterday despite attempts by his superiors to cancel the meeting. He rejected charges of anti-Semitism and accused the so-called democratic papers, with the help of the president, of whipping up a "hysterical campaign" against

· 111

rely on the uncritical support of the liberal media.

A front-page article in Izvestia over the weekend criticised Mr Yeltsin for his behaviour in Germany when television pictures showed him stumbling after drinking at a state luncheon and then insisting on conducting an orchestra.

The newspaper, which has until now been a staunch defender of Mr Yeltsin's presidency, said Russians had watched the withdrawal of their troops from Germany with pride in what had been achieved in 1945.

"But there were also completely different, minutes in which millions of our compatriots experienced completely different feelings of awkwardness, if not of shame," it said. The newspaper compared Mr Yeltsin's behaviour with that of former Soviet leader Nikita Khrushchev, when he banged his shoe on the table at a United Nations meeting.

Plan for western-style research bodies and schools to be established soon Russia boosts economics teaching

By John Lloyd in Moscow

The Russian government yesterday shattered the inert world of post-Soviet academic economics by announcing that it would establish a series of new institutions teaching market economics.

Even more radically, it announced that the new economic research institutas would not contain "several hundreds of people" as in Soviet days, but would be lean, stripped-down think tanks with a small core of specialists and a circle of associated economists - "of the western type".

The announcement appears to signal the end of a prolonged period in which eco-nomic teaching has languished in a trough between full-blown Markist-Leninist command economics and a market-driven approach.

Announcing the move, Mr Alexandar Shokhin, deputy prime minister and himself a former acadamic, said that "unfortunately even the financial crisis in the academy in Russia did not succeed In destroying the old-fashioned academic approach - so that what you have in the world of institutes are monsters with

the Academy of Sciences to

break with this old system". Howaver, as Mr Shokhin said, the Academy has so far failed to respond - forcing the Economics Ministry in concert

which attract finance according to a head count. We call on world" - stressing that he saw the new institutes, and their regional affiliates, as forcing houses for central and local government officials with the loss of an established aversion to the market. Mr Vladimir

What you have in the world of institutes are monsters with several hundred researchers which attract finance according to a head count. We call on the Academy of Sciences to break with this old system'

with the committee on higher education to reshape economic teaching round two main insti-School, established two years ago, and a separate but linked Academy of Contemporary

The School is already largely dedicated to teaching teachers of economics and will extend this work; the academy is designed to be self-financing, offering paid courses to business people and others on the stock market, macro- and micro-economics and accoun-

Mr Shokhin said that Rossia must offer the same level of education in economics as

Kirelov, the minister for higher education, said that "it is important people know what is happening in the Russian

economy".

The academic godfather of the school is the remarkable Professor Yevgeny Yasin - a man whose name has been linked to economic reform ever since Mr Mikhail Gorbachev tried and failed to hreatha some reformist life into a decaying communism in the late 1980s, but who has never been so identified with any one programme or faction as to oin the other casualties littering tha road to reform. Mr Shokhin, himself the ouly senior survivor from the first

that he and Prof Yasin had helped form a club of reform economists working in the government - "but since many of these who had been part of it have since ceased to play leading roles, it has been wound

Russian cabinet of 1991, noted

Mr Yasin is likely to take the position of president of the new academy - though the energy and initiative for the project comes from Mr Yaroslav Kuzminov, provost of the Higher Economics School - who has doggedly pushed for reform of the teaching of economics for two years and yesterday appeared to see it bear

Mr Yasin said that "a lot of what is written about reform here and its effects by journalists and publicists is an emotional reaction and one not really informed by knowledge of how a modern economy

What we have discovered in the last few years is that an economist can be very well educated in the economics of Marxism-Leninism and be not at all educated as aneconom-

He said that there was a need for specialists to work in dealing with the economy. "This initiative that we academics and professors are starting is not for us and our generation - it is for the students of today and tomorrow".

The programme is heing assisted by an Ecu5m (£3.9m) from the European Union and will be linked with the Erasmus University in Amsterdam the University of Paris 1, together with Milan. Oxford and Cambridge univer-

Part of the EU grant has gone to purchase copies of the textbook "Economics" hy David Begg, Rndi Dornbusch and Stanley Fischar - de-scribed hy Mr Michael Emer-son, the EU ambassador in Moscow and himself a distinguished economist, as "the best of its kind".

Mr Dornbusch has been a sometime adviser to both the Russian and the Ukrainian governments - while Mr first deputy managing director at the International Monetary Fund, where one of his key tasks will be reviewing the Fund's work on Russia.

He will no doubt be gratified that soon, the new economists

General awaits call of destiny

Gen Alexander Lebed is a man who makes the Kremlin nervous, writes Chrystia Freeland



In a Russis which is desperately show of here EUROPEAN Lebed's popu-

PROFILE larity is on the rise. Commander of the 14th army in the Trans Duestr enclave, the tall, broad-shouldered, blue-eyed officer appeals to Russians looking for an alternative to the discredited communist bosses of their past and the uncertain, sometimes hlundering democratic leaders of the present.

At Gen Lebed's headquarters in Tiraspol, the impoverished capital city of the Trans Drestr Republic which broke away from Moldova three years ago, hero-worship is strong. As they sweep invisible dust off the uniformed young soldiers of the 14th army cannot find enough superlatives to describe their "comrade leader": he is "as intelligent as Albert Einstein and as strong as Arnold Schwarzenegger", "a second Suvorov, a second Kutuzov" (two of Tsarist Russia's greatest military leaders).

"in all ways a remarkable

The past few weeks have demonstrated that Gen Lebed's writ runs beyond Tiraspol. The Kremlin has felt uneasy about Russia's most popular officer since this spring, when Gen Lebed told a Russian newspa-per that his country needed a man like Pinochet, the Chilean military dictator, and described the Russian presi-dent, Mr Boris Yeltsin, as "a minus". However, when Russia's top brass - which is losing its grip over regional commanders throughout the former Soviet Union - took on

the ontspoken general in

oust him, Gen Lehed won. Adoring Russians responded last week hy electing Gen Lehed to the "Olympus" of Russia's 100 most popular politicians, a list compiled monthly by the pollsters at Nezavisimaya Gazeta, one of Moscow's top daily

> Ranked as the nation's 13th most popular leader, Gen Lebed drew more support than better known hard-liners such as Mr Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the neo-fascist politician, and out-scored Mr Yegor Gaidar. the standard bearer of market

But while, in the public eye, Gen Lebed appears to be rap-idly growing into a leader of national stature, he is careful not to express open political

"In these times of troubles, I cannot rule out anything," is Gen Lebed's careful answer to the question of whether he will one day be the leader of all Russia. But I will do anything my country requires. I have served my country in foreign wars and civil wars. Whatever my country needs, I am not

On the topic of what it is that his country needs, Gen Lebed is more forthcoming. What's wrong with a military dictator?" the general asks, recrossing long legs clad in camouflage fatigues which look freshly pressed even late in the evening and enormous hlack boots gleaming with polish. "In all of its history, Russia has prospered under the strictest control. Consider Ivan the Terrible, Peter the Great, Catherine the Great or Stalin." Gen Lebed's critique of Russlan democracy is delivered

with the calm assurance of a

battle-tested officer and the



General Alexander Lebed, commander of Russia's 14th army

What our country is trying to do now is completely impossihle," Gen Lebed explains, offering imported Danish hiscuits and rising to prepare coffee. His intense gaze helps to explain his soldiers' slavish devotion, but does not detract from the toughness of his message. "Our leaders have said, for centuries our state has

this minute we will be a democratic state'. This is just not possible. After all, we are still Soviet people."

Gen Lebed is also convinced

- and many sophisticated political observers would say he is right - that the democratic order Russian leadars hava struggled to huild at such great cost is a matter of absolute indifference to most Russians: been totalitarian but starting

"Most Russians don't care whether they are ruled by fascists, or communists or even Martians as long as they are able to huy six kinds of san-sage in the stores and lots of cheap vodka."

Although Gen Lebed shares some of the hard-liners' preoccupation with Russia's lost power - he speaks sadly of Russia, with "our proud his-tory", now reduced to blindly following recipes "dreamed up in Arkansas" - he is no neo-im-

perialist. He says he refused an offer to become the minister of defence in the Central Asian republic of Tajikistan because why should I help one group

of Tajiks kill another?" This sober realisation that Russia's greatness cannot he red through force (arms in foreign countries is only one way in which Gen Lehed diffars from Russia's civilian hard-liners, whom he dismisses as "dangerous popu-

As a decorated Afghan veteran he emhodies a military order leaders like Mr Zhirinovsky can only describe and as a central figure in the defeat of the 1991 hard-line coup, democratic politicians cannot accuse Geo Lebed of undue sympathy for the old, vanquished regime. Bnt, for all his insistence that order and discipline are the keys to Russia's renewal and his coy disavowal of any overt political role, Gen Lebed

ture to which he is subordinate. "I have never served Tsars, or Commissars or Presidents," Gen Lebed says. "They are mortal mee and they come and go. I serve only the Russian state, and the Russian people,

has a rather idiosyncratic

notion of the command struc-

Russian troops on full alert over Caucasus fighting

By Our Foreign Staff and agencies

Forces loyal to Mr Dzhokhar Dudayev, president of the break-away Chechen republic, yesterday seized a rebel strong-hold. Mr Dudayev's vic-tory comes in the wake of stepped-up ssian efforts to unseat the separatist leader hy hacking pro-Russian opposition forces.

The escalation in the fighting in

Chechnya prompted General Pavel Grachev, the Russian defence minister, to put Russian military forces in neighbouring regions on "full combat alert" in an effort to prevent the Chechen conflict from spreading to other parts of the volatile Caucasus. According to the Russian news agency Interfax, Mr Grachev also said that military check-points would be established on roads leading to Chechnya and Russia would tighten its control over Chechen air-space to prevent Chechen aircraft from harassing targets in Russia.

But despite the tightening of the Russian military net around the borders of the break-away republic, Mr Dudayev's seizure of the town of Argun early yesterday morning represents an important internal victory. Twenty kilometres east of Groz-

nov, a 26-year-old rebel warlord who controlled one of the two leading factions opposed to Mr Dudayev and who has vowed a blood-fend against

Mr Dudayev's victory, in a battle which Russian reports said claimed dozens of lives, underscores the dan-

nyi, the Chechen capital, Argun was the strong-hold of Mr Ruslan Labaza-away Caucasus republic. Chechnya's away Caucasus republic. Chechnya's assertion of independence three years ago has set a precedent which Russia fears other regions might be tempted to follow. Mr Dudayev's defiance of Moscow has also been perceived as a humiliation to which President Roris Yeltsin, keen not be be outflanked hy right-wing politicians, has felt

Greeks take the route to central Asia

Entrepreneurs are seizing their chance to follow the trail of Alexander the Great, writes Kerin Hope

ne short business trip was all it took to persuade Mr Pericles Tsompos, an Athenian importer of hides, that Uzbekistan was a place where Greek entrepreneurs could flourish. Mr Tsompos paid \$200,000 (£129,000) to dismantle the contents of a hankrupt Greek match factory and transport It by train to Tashkent, where he set up a joint venture with the Uzbek Timber and Construclion Ministry to start produc-

ing matches. The \$6m investment, in which Tsompos Holdings and other Greek partners hold a 37 per cent stake, was designed to profit from the collapse of the centrally planned economy in the former Soviet Union. "Every box of matches sold in Uzbekistan used to be imported from Moscow, so this was clearly an opportunity not to be missed," says Mr Tsompos. The risk involved in invest-

ing in the ex-Soviet republics does not seem to deter the Greeks. Some Greek businessmen maintain this is because they are used to working in a politically volatile environment at home, often without the help of formal asset evaluations, bank financing or even export guarantees. Mr Tsompos has also opened a hard currency shop in Tashkent's museum of modern art, in partnership with the Culture Ministry. It serves as a showcase for manufacturers of Greek consumer goods, bringing in orders from Uzbek importing

Tsompos Holdings' latest sors of marble and astrakhan. venture was to become the Before long, more secondhand Greek representative of Uzbekistan Airways, the state carrier formed when the Aeroflot fleet was divided up among the former Soviet republics. The Athens-Tashkent flight every two weeks carries both men and cargo.

r Tsompos now plans to offer package tours to Samarkand r Tsompos now plans and Bokhara in co-oparation with the Uzbek state tourist organisation, "to cater for people wanting to follow the trail of Alexander the Great through central Asia".

Other Greek entrepreneurs have started to follow Mr Tsompos, forming joint ventures with state-owned proces- export promotion board.

machinery should start arriving from Greece, as it is time to give Uzbekistan's neglected fruit and vegetable processing industry a boost. For Greeks who want to do

business in central Asia, it helps that Alexander Makedonska is almost as familiar a name as Tamerlane the Great. Another factor is an influential, though diminishing, Greek community in Tashkent, originally refugees who fled when the communists were defeated in Greece's civil war in the 1940s. "There's no doubt that being part of the local heritage helps to open doors for Greek businessmen," says Mr Yannis Tzen head of OPE Greece's

To establish a longer-term presence in the ex-Soviet market. OPE has opened a business centre in Odessa. It occuples the huilding where 200 years ago the Filiki Etairia, a secret society backed by prominent Greek merchants, plotted the liberation of Greece from Ottoman rule.

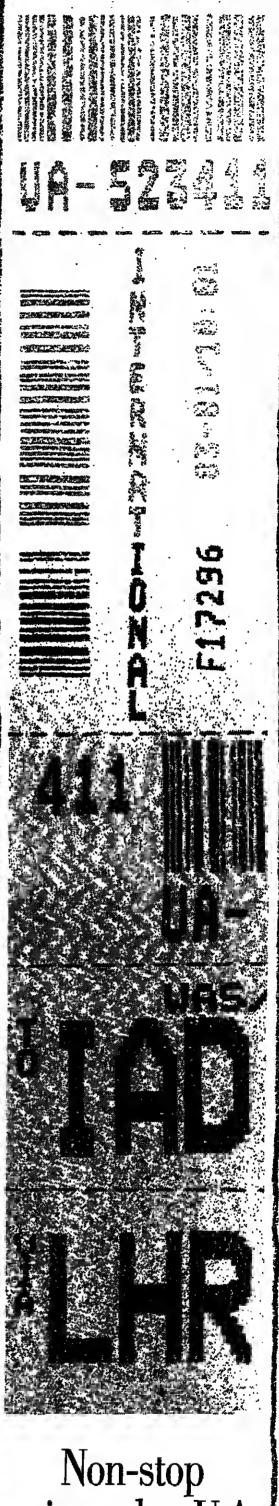
Creek exports to the former

Soviet Union amounted to \$230m last year, against \$124m in 1992, while imports rose from \$427m to \$513m. According to the Greek Exporters' Association, food and consumer goods account for most of the rising trend in exports. Greek trada with Ukraine was valued at \$60m in 1993. handled mostly through Odessa, where Greek shipowners and traders appear set

on reviving the status they held under Catherine the Great. Investment is starting to follow, again based on exports of secondhand machinery to start np a joint venture. in one such partnership, Mr Athanasios Daskarolis, owner of Deka, a meat-processor which recently upgraded its plant in southern Greece, has joined forces with Tirs, a Ukrainian trading company, to produce salami near Odessa. Mr Daskarolis believes it will be three to five years before his 40 per cent stake in Deka-Tirs, the joint venture, starts to produce "a real return. But it's a good market to get a foothold in while investors from

elsewhere in Europe are still

feeling nervous about the for-



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NEWS: INTERNATIONAL

Singapore caught in media dilemma

Kieran Cooke on reconciling censorship with the global information network

ut-of-work veterans of Washington's ill-fated "Star Wars" pro-gramme should look no further. Singapore needs you.

Singapore wants to turn itself into a global media hub. The problem is that Singapore's leaders remain deeply suspicious of outside influ-

"We have to stay special and unique," said Mr George Yeo, Singapore's minister for information and the arts, recently. "To achieve this, we need a kind of semi-permeable membrane to preserve our own bub-

While Singapore does not plan literally to wrap itself in a cocoon, Mr Yeo's remarks are very much a reflection of the mma the government feels

it is facing.
On one hand, Singapore's planners see the economic necessity of being plugged into the global information network. Singapore has the techinformation entrepôt of the dynamic south-east Asia region. Its 2.7m people are already among the world's

most computer-proficient. "The future belongs to countries whose people make the most productive use of information, knowledge and technology," says Mr Gob Chok Tong, Singapore's prime minister. "These are now the key factors for economic success. not natural resources."

But, on the other hand, the government is deeply concerned about losing cootrol over information flows within Singapore. Satellite ownership is not allowed for the general public. The local media faithfully reflect government policy. The importation of foreign newspapers and magazines, ranging from the Far Eastern Economic Review to Cosmopolitan, is carefully controlled. Even newspapers from neigh-



allowed to circulate in Singa-

Singapore's leaders have shown no hesitation in taking court action, usually involving substantial damage suits. against foreign media which. they feel, have impugned their

But as technology changes, censorship becomes ever more difficult. Sarvices such as internet, the global information network, can be used not only to access research materials. They can also be used to transit nawspapers and pornography.

The government admits that where technology is concerned, "Censorship is becoming quite impossible to enforce at the individual level," says Mr Yeo. Once digitised, an objectionable book, magazine or video can be sent through the telecommunications network.

"We can inspect magazines, books, tapes and discs but we cannot possibly screen every bit or byte that comes down Instead, says Mr Yeo, Singapore needs what he calls an immune system capable of fighting off infection from

A code of what are seen as Asian values, emphasising the family and the primary role of the male, discipline and above all, the needs of society above those of the individual, is the pill the government wants Singaporeans dutifully to swallow to counteract foreign viruses.

"Asian values" was the main theme of a national day address at the end of last month by Prime Minister Goh Chok Tong. The maintenance of such values is seen as vital for Singapore's continued economic success. "You may think decline is unimaginable," said Mr Goh. "But societies can go wrong very quickly."
While the Singapore govern-

ment remains deeply sensitive to outside criticism, Mr Goh had no hesitation in painting a hleak picture for his audience of what he sees as moral decay and lawlessness in the

US He warned Singaporeans not to fall prey to corrosive outside divorce, or children being allowed to call their fathers by their first names. "We must not unthinkingly drift into attitudes and manners which undermine the traditional

politeness and deference Asian

children have for their parents

and elders. Mr Gob admitted that drug addiction and juvenile delinquency in Singapore had risen. So had divorce, and there were single-parent families. Unmarried motherhood could not be considered a respectable part of Singapore society, Mr Goh declared. In future, unmarried mothers would not be allowed to buy government flats direct

but only on the more expen-sive resale market. what all the fuss is about. Singapore shows few signs of descending into anarchy and moral mayhem. Its economy grew 9.9 per cent last year

Singaporeans enjoy per cap-ita incomes higher than in New Zealand and only slightly behind Australia and Britain More than half the population can afford to travel abroad each year where they benefit from the strength of the Singareans are called 'birds'," said Mr Goh. "When they are in the shops, they go: 'Cheap

Analysts say that political pressures are part of the reason for Mr Goh's tough stand. On one side, as prime minister for the last four years, he has to contend with the formidable presence of Mr Lee Kuan Yew, patriarch of modern Singapore. On the other side is Mr Lee's son, Mr Lee Hsien Loong, who has made no secret of his will-

When he came to office, the mild-mannered Mr Gob promised a more open, consultative form of government. But that seems to have given way to a more bard-headed approach. Mr Goh needs to show his cabinet colleagues that he has a firm grip, particularly with a general election likely to be called in the first half of next

Mr Gob's comments could win votes among the more traditionally-minded, Chinese-ed-

ucated population.
But some Singaporeans find the government's attitude hard to stomach. "It's the old story demic. "The government still has a siege mentality. It wants to open up to media and other outside infloences insofar as

they will benefit the economy. But it still wants to control everything, from what we see at the theatre to what we read. We are the children, it is the father figure. Talking about Asian values is another way of saying. We know what is good for you. Obey us'.

|End of oil strike enhances Abacha's position

Brund 1:1:1

The collapse of Nigeria's two-month oil industry strike aimed at forcing an end to mili-tary rule has left Gen Sani Abacha's regime in a strong Abacina's regime in a strong position and the civilian opposition in disarray. It has also left the political and economic problems underlying the recent crisis unsolved.

When pro-democracy groups came together in June to chal-lenge the authority of Gen Abacha, and secure the release of Chief Moshood Ahiola, widely regarded as the winner of last year's annulled presi-dential election, his regime had yet to be tested.

Now Nigerians can be in lit-tle doubt that their head of state responds to opposition with force and is offering a handover to civilian rule on his terms and in his own

Nupeng, the blue collar oil workers union, and Pengassan, the senior staff association, saw themselves as the van guard of a movement to restore civilian rule, but soon found themselves out on a

Damaging though it was, the oil strike was a long-term weapoo in a campaign which had to be won quickly. Nigerian workers lack savings to sustain a long strike and there was a lack of political leadership to direct a protest capable of deposing a regime.

The strike paralysed fuel distribution and the refineries and hrought the commercial capital Lagos almost to a halt. In the oil fields in the east, output of crude oil, Nigeria's only hig export, dropped within a fortnight hy 20 per

But essential services such as water and electricity survived the crisis. Support for the strike was slow in coming from the Nigeria Labour Congress (NLC), which represents all the main unions. The general strike they called in July

lasted less than two days.
"I feel let down by the NLC leaders. They made a lot of ing," said Mr Milton Dahihi, general secretary of Pengassan in Lagos yesterday after agreeing a communique with some of his branch leaders authori-

sing a return to work today.

Mr Dabibi admitted that the mass of the unions' members had had enough of the strike and that the government's tactics, which he described as "brute force", had disrupted the leadership, with four branch leaders in the stateowned refineries and fuel distribution network under arrest for trying to carry oo the

The army benefited as it took over distribution of scarce supplies of fuel, but in the big cities ordinary people suffered from the lack of transport and the closure of factories and

Divisions within the military over whether to appease or suppress the threat delayed the government's response until mid-August when Gen Abacha barred the national executives of Nupeng, Pengassan and the NLC from their posts, closed down the leading independent daily newspaper and arrested Nupeng's general secretary Mr Frank Kokori and several leaders of the National Democratic Coalition (Nadeco), which was the focus of civilian opposition

A wave of attacks on the homes of prominent govern-ment critics in Lagos have been blamed hy lawyers on the government. Although the allegations are unproven, the attacks increased the climate

The government now has its own administrators in the unions and a partial lifting of the ban on political activity has allowed the largely anti-Abiola delegates at the constitutional conference in Abuja to start creating the nucleus of political parties ready for next year's polis. A purge at the highest levels of the armed forces and the public sector has placed Abacha loyalists in

needing hospital treatment according to doctors and Nadeco has proved to be a source of rhetoric but little action. By calling the opposition's hluff, the government will feel more secure than at any time since Mr Abiola relaunched his claims to the

South African motor industry strike ends offering 10.5 per cent. The strike is estimated to have cost between R2bn tariffs down to their Gatt-required tionship and Cosatu is now keen to level of 30 per cent by 2003. The conclusion of the strike comes just ahead of a critical four-day (£360m)-R3bn in lost production.

By Mark Suzman in Johannesburg

The five-week long strike that has paralysed the Sonth African motor · industry ended yesterday as workers agreed to return to factories tomorwage dispote has been reached, and union leaders say discussions will continue oo the issne. The National Union of Metalworkers

of South Africa, which organised the 25,000 strikers, said the decision to end the stoppage came after consultation with the union's hranches over the weekend. Workers have been demanding 11 per cent across-the-board wage increases while employers have been

The decision follows an announce-ment last Friday by Mr Trevor Manuel, trade and industry minister, that he surcharge on motor vehicles as well as cutting tariffs on motor imports from 115 to 80 per cent.

Numsa reacted furiously to the moves, accusing the government of deliberately weakening its bargaining position with employers. But Mr Manuel defended the cuts as being in line with recommendations made by an industry task group that had included union representatives, to help bring national conference for the 1.3m member Congress of South African Trade top of the agenda will be an attempt to re-define the federation's role in the

post-apartheid era. President Nelsoo Mandela's African National Congress and Cosatu are for-mal political allies and worked closely together in the run-up to the April elections. Since then, widespread industrial unrest, as well as the government's tongb stance on tariff

reduction, has started to sour the rela-

reaffirm its links with the party.

Nevertheless, the government is wor-ried that the recent strike wave bas been deterring much-needed foreign investment as well as hampering eco-nomic growth and has called for restraint from the unions. Cosatu's general secretary, Mr Sam Shilowa, has said publicly that ha feels legitimate industrial action has no effect on international investor sentiment.

Mr Shilowa is reported to have come under criticism from federation members for lacking the strategic vision to carve a new role for Cosatu in the post-Apartheid era, and his leadership may be challenged at the conference.

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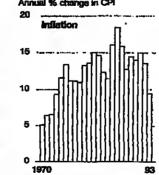
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Or. Karl Lueger-Ring 12, A-1011 Vienna Tol.: +43/1/531 84-0, Fax: +43/1/532 92-60 sure of the future, Mark Suzman writes

South Africa



economy are structural and not susceptible to short-term monetary or fiscal panaceas. A legacy of economic problems from the previous government (at least before Mr Keys was appointed two years ago) has left the new administration with a very limited set of policy options. During the 1980s, growth stagnated hut government

this is through real cuts in government spending and a will-ingness to jettison controversial policies such as tha maintenance of high tariffs for

1990=100

a largely uncompetitive manufacturing industry. In delivering his annual report last month, Mr Chris Stals, Reserve Bank Governor, pulled no punches to driving bome this point. He empha-

The biggest problems faced by the economy are structural and not susceptible to short-term monetary or fiscal panaceas

spending rose relentlessly. in consequence, the budget deficit rose from next to nothing to more than 8 per cent of Gross Domestic Product in 1992. Although that figure has now been brought below 7 per cent, and is budgeted at 6.6 per cent for 1994-5, government spending still takes up an exorbitant 21 per cent of GDP, well above international norms. Given the high personal tax

levels already in place, tha

only viable way of reducing

sised that unless deep-seated problems such as excessive protectionism, high labour costs, widespread labour unrest and persistently high inflationary expectations were tackled immediately, the longer-tarm growth potential of the economy would be seriously damaged

Formidable though these obstacles might be, the outlook is not one of unrelieved gloom. Inflation may be on the rise

per cent is well down on the 15-16 per cent reached only a few years ago; overall inflation for the year is expected to remain in single digits.

Government spending

While the wave of labour unrest may be damaging, total strike action remains below levels seen as recently as 1991. Many analysts believe this year's disputes are artificially exacerbated by the heightene expectations resulting from the election and the inexperience of a new wave of labour lesders. Next year's wage talks are expected to be markedly cal-

Even more encouragingly, the govarnment is publicly committed to a strategy of pursuing export-led growth and reducing protection for industry in line with the new Gatt

In recent weeks, Mr Trevor Manuel trade and industry minister, has warned manufac turers the government intends to reduce protection even below Gatt-required levels in some over-protected industries such as textiles and the motor industry.

Fixed investment and private savings have both turned around after years of decline and are rising, while business

confidence is at a five-year high Exports, in both commodities and manufactured goods, have been expanding steadily. Foreign reserves remain at pitifully low levels, barely able to cover five weeks' imports, hut indications are that the huge capital outflows which bled South Africa over the past few years have now largely

With total foreign currencydenominated deht at only \$16.7bn (£11.1bn) and interest payments accounting for just 7 per cent of exports in 1993, South Africa has some scope for new borrowing.

While foreign investment has so far heen largely restricted to shorter-tarm investments in the bond and equity markets, deterred in part hy the maintenance of the country's two-tier currency, many foreigners remain remarkably sanguine about the country's prospects.

"I've been very impressed with the eophistication of the infrastructure and the quality of the people," notes Mr Steve Walsh, chief executive officer of the US-based group Pillsbury International, which has just embarked on a R152m joint venture with the South African food-processor Food-

"I think this country has lot of potential," he says. The problems are immense, and the country is far from being able to achieve the Asian "tiger"-type growth rates it so desperately desires, but the fact remains that South Africa's overall economic outlook is better than for

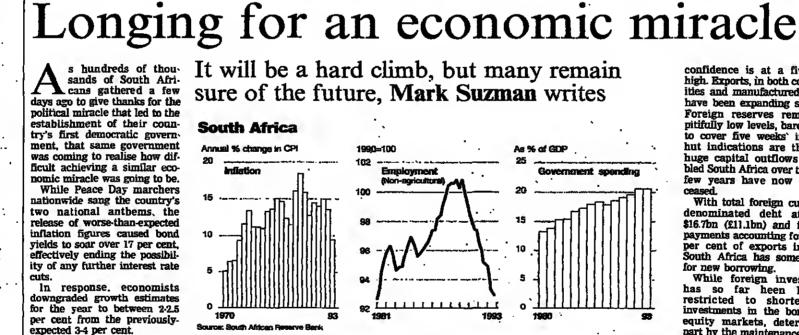
As a report oo the country to be released this week hy the Union Bank of Switzerland concludes: "South Africa has the main ingredients required to place the country firmly oo the high road to development." It will be a long hard climb, but South Africans will be hoping that soon, national celebrations of the country's economic success will be held to complement this year's political ones.

in the south-west. of fear.

key posts. Mr Abiola is still in jall,

presidency.
But the grievances felt by the Yoruha tribe in the south-west and the minorities in the oil-producing areas towards an increasingly rigid

and northern dominated military regime are as deep as



All this puts further pressure

on President Nelson Mandela and his African National Con-

gress-led goverment. With

nearly half the potential work-

force unemployed and 7m peo-ple out of 40m without proper

homes, they desperately want to provide tangible evidence of

the fall of apartheid to their

constitueots in the form of jobs

and housing. But they are con-strained by the need to main-

tain economic credibility in the

eves of the global financial

community so as to attract new foreigo loans and invest-

In his June budget, Mr Derek

Keys, outgoing finance minis-

ter, restricted the allocation to

the government's centrepiece

Reconstruction and Develop-

ment Programme to only

R2.5bn (£696m), to keep to his

commitment of lowering the

budget deficit. Despite this, as

signalled by last week's col-lapse in bonds, the markets

still believe a degree of over-

spending is inevitable, given the wide range of demands on

state resources, particularly as the new network of local and

regional governments is estab-lished during the year.

faced by the South African

But, damaging though this

ment to the country.

Brundtland cuts to heart of Cairo conference



elopment during its opening yesterday with a plain-speakyesterday with a plain-speak-ing defence of its centrepiece text's position on abortion.

Mrs Brundtland's speech, which accused some religious critics of hypocrisy, drew loud applause and a final standing ovation during an opening session marked otherwise by conciliatory and grandiose opening addresses.
"I hava tried in vain to

understand how the term reproductive healthcare' can possibly be read as promoting abortion as a means of family planning.
"Rarely if ever have so many

to imply a meaning that was never there in the first place." Mrs Brundtland declared. "Morality becomes hypocrisy if it means mothers suffering or dying in connection with unwanted pregnancies and ille-

gal abortions and unwanted



Women of Pakistan's Jamaat-e-Islami protest in Islamabad yesterday against Prime Minister Blutto's part in the Cairo conference AP

children," sha added.

Ms Benazir Bhutto, Pakistan's prime minister (the opening's other star female speaker in a conference which has

women's rights as a central theme) made a spirited defence
of Islamic and family values.
While claiming the conference's draft text contained
world must not see the event
as "a universal social charter
seeking to impose adultery,
abortion [and] sex education".

Egypt's President Hosni Mubarak, the conference host, Mr Boutros Boutros Ghali, UN secretary-general, and Mr called the gathering "one of the most important conferences ever held"

Most other speakers reiterated with little change of emphasis the central thrust of the gathering, which is to provide a consensual global pro-gramme to stabilise world population based on a "bolistic" developmental approach with the education and empowerment of women at its

Speakers and delegates made energetic efforts to stress the high degree of agreement amoog the event's 170 participants on the conference document, detailed negotiations on which began yesterday and will continue until the conference closes on September 13. Mr Gore said what was "truly remarkable" about the

meeting was "not only the unprecedented degree of consensus about the nature of the problem, but the degree of consensus about the nature of the

By the end of yesterday, del egates were congratulating themselves on having made progress in trying to heal rifts over the document's language. EU states agreed internally to back a proposed amendment not promote abortion as a means of family planning.

A 'Personal Status Code' has given women rights not enjoyed elsewhere in the Arab world

Emancipation helps Tunisia to steady growth

Amid all the controversy surrounding the United **Nations Population Conference** in Cairo, the example of one small Moslem country, Tunisia, traditionally tolerant and open to western influence, suggests the emancipation of women has been a significant factor in reducing population growth from 3.2 per cent a generation ago to 1.9 today.

Vastly improved standards of education and health care are other ingredients which explain Tunisla's steady economic performance in recent years. Real growth bas averaged 5 per cent a year since 1989 and inflation is running at a little over 3 per cent. Over two-thirds of all households own or are buying a house or apartment.

The successful implementation of a structural readjustment programme has, since 1987, won plaudits from both the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, and contributed to the resilience of the economy in overcoming the impact of the Gulf War and, last winter, a severe drought. The tourist sector is

president Habib Bourguiba in 1956, the year Tunisia gained which abolished polygamy and established all the laws govern-ing family planning, divorce and the education of women which have given Tunisian women rights not enjoyed elsewhere in the Arab world.

In 1963, free prescriptions of the pill and free confidential advice on contraception were made available to women, 10 years before France. The proattracting 2.5m Europeans this year and contributing an estimated \$1.2bn (£800m) to exports of goods and services.

Most striking is the coherence of the "Personal Status Code", promulgated by former though the figure is higher

among women in poorer areas. Women are increasingly visi-ble in teaching, medicine and architecture, in factories as workers, engineers and owners. The world of politics remains very much a man's world, although the professional skills and sureness of touch which Mrs Neziha Mezhoud, minister in charge of family issues, and a growing num-ber of other highly-articulate women bring to their jobs, suggests it is only a matter of years before senior cabinet

posts will go to women. Though leaders of the oppo-sition Islamic al Nahda (Renaissance) party have said they would accept many of Mr Bourguiba's policies, women are mindful of the often violent record of some supporters of the party, notably the throwing of acid in the faces of university students on the campus in Tunis. Many Tunisian women are convinced radical Islam is not sympathetic to the

The laws on divorce and alimony are remarkably close to their European counterparts. Indirectly, they allow women a far greater share of inheritance than the Koran allows. To bolster these moves, the hooks of people such as Hassan el Banna, the founder of modern fundamentalism, have been

withdrawn from schools and

"because of political games in parliament" which "disturb social life and create tensions.

The parliament has been

unable to take decisions and

thus interrupted its own work.

The government considers It

its duty to say that it supports

idea of equality between the sexes or to their presence in

to the inferior status of women erased from all school books.

Women today have 25 per cent of all jobs in Tunisia, 35 per cent of all jobs in industry, 22 per cent in the growing services sector and 40 per cent in agriculture, where they man-age 10 per cent of all farms. Ten per cent of all new compa-

nies are created by women. The cycle of emancipation, education, public presence, most notably in the workplace, success in the professions and industry helps to explain why a country of such slender natural resources has progressed so much faster, not least economically, than many of its peers in the Middle East and Africa.

Uzbek prices triple

Bread and floor prices were tripled yesterday in Uzbekistan, in an apparent attempt to accommodate International Monetary Fund recommendations and finally obtain currency support.

President Islam Karimov also issued a decree awarding direct payments to "virtually every adult to compensate for the price rise"

Taken with other recent policy changes in Uzbekistan, the announcement implies Mr Karimov is more willing to risk shifting from the safer political ground to which he has adhered since the 1991 Soviet

The price rises follow a halting of subsidies to state enter-prises and a move to a floating exchange rate. An IMF mission is due in Tashkent starting Sept 16, to evaluate the eco-nomic impact of the introduction of Uzbekistan's currency, the som, on July 1 last.

Until now, the IMF has refused to provide support for the Uzbekistan som, which since its introduction has weakened from seven to 18 to the dollar. The IMF has insisted the government adopt structural changes, chiefly freeing interest and currency

exchange rates. Mr Karimov may have trouble persuading the IMF to reverse its position. Economists say he has kept indirect subsidies to state banks, and retained the ability of targeted enterprise to buy cheap dollars for imports or equipment.

Government of Kyrgyzstan resigns

By Steve LeVine in Tashkent and John Lloyd in Moscow

The government of the central Asian state of Kyrgyzstan resigned yesterday, apparently to strengthen the hand of the pro-reform president, Mr Askar Akayev, against the conservative-dominated parliament. Mr Akayev has ordered new elections to the parliament before the end of the year.

The sudden open confrontation between the reformist and conservative forces in the smallest of the former Soviet central Asian republics pits communist deputies, many of them representing the large Russian diaspora, against a minority in parliament who support the reformist strategy which Mr Akayev has struggled to push through.



The country, one of the poorest in the region, introduced its own currency backed by a loan from the International Monetary Fund last year, and has reduced its inflation rate to 3.8 per cent a month in July. However, faster progress with reforms and a start to an

ambitious, but stillborn, priva-

Musculo-Si

Blood Agents

tisation programme has been stymied by a majority in parliament opposing economic reform which will threaten the further existence of the rickety industrial sector reliant on continued state subsidies.

The cabinet issued a resignation statement saying that gov-ernment had become paralysed

the president's policies". Parliament was due to convene for a final session of the year on September 27, when a new barrage of anti-government moves and resolutions would have been unleashed. Mr Akayev's announcement

shifts forward the election date from February/March of next year to some time in the next five months. "There is no way now for the opposition to organise before an accelerated election," said one western analyst said in Bishkek, the

Mr Akayev stands in contrast to most central Asian leaders: he is not a former first secretary of the communist party, and has fully embraced msrket reform, though he lacks a strong industrial base and leads a country where natural energy and precious minerals are in short supply.

The som, the Kyrgyz currency, has stabilised and the IMF has granted a three-year loan of \$104m (£69m), the only one of its kind in central Asia Attacks on the president point up the fact that, of the five central Asian states of Kazakh stan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan only Kyrgyzstan permits an active opposition, a source of pride to President Akayev, but one which has thrown him on the defensive.

US leads growth in world medicines sales

By Paul Abrahams

medicines have rebounded this year in spite of healthcare reforms, while Japanese and European markets for medicines continued to splutter. The US pharmacy drugs market has recovered strongly, ris-ing 7 per cent during the first six months, compared with growth of only 3 per cent dur-ing the same period last year. Sales increased from \$22.7bn (£14.6bn) to \$24.3bn, according to IMS International, specialist

Sales of US prescription

market research company.

Pharmacy sales in Japan rose from \$9.4bn to \$10.4bn, but rose only 1 per cent in yen terms. The sector has been hit

WORLD PHARMACY DRUG PURCHASES, JANUARY-JUNE 1994 (in US\$m) Cardiovascular 1.619 1.543 380 312 2,005 525 1,343 793 1,005 852 2,243 10,385 4,238 1,136 1,010 Alimentary/Metab 683 403 681 947 249 1,363 8,405 4,355 2,512 2,713 Central Nervous Syste Respiratory

1,006 5,958

704 3,723

510 2,545

by government inspired price

figures, however, were discuts introduced in April. torted by currency devalua-In Europe's seven largest markets, drugs sales slipped tions and fluctuations. In local currency terms, sales increased from \$23bn during the first six 2 per cent compared with a months last year to \$22.2bn in growth rate of 10 per cent dur-

per cent in the 1993 period. The German market continued to recover from last year's steep falls. Sales rose 6 per cent compared with an 11 per cent fall during the same six ing the first half of 1992 and I months last year. All therapeu-

tic categories registered growth, apart from asthma products, which fell 1 per cent. All other European markets registered decelerating growth or even falls in sales. The Italian market fell 7 per cent, following last year's drop of 2 per cent. The French market was static after growth last year of

7 per cent.
The UK remained Europe's fastest growing market, up 8 per cent, though this was less than last year's 13 per cent growth. The Spanish market also decelerated, growing at 3 per cent compared with 11 per cent. Sales in the Netherlands rose 5 per cent, (13 per cent) and those in Belgium 4

Commerzbank in Tokyo gets bill for extra taxes

By Emiko Terazono in Tokyo

Japanese tax authorities have sent the Tokyo branch of Commerzbank, Germany's third biggest commarcial bank, an additional tax bill of Y40m

The National Tax Agency claims the bank failed to report income of Y100m in 1991 and 1992. The bank is the first financial institution to be involved in the tax agency's crackdown on Japanese affiliates and branches of foreign

companies, which have been allegedly trying to avoid paying local taxes by transferring profits from Japan.

in July, the tax agency stepped up efforts to tackle the problem. Last month, the Japanese subsidiary of Asea Brown Boveri was ordered to pay Y1.1bn in additional taxes. Ciba-Geigy, Roche, Hoechst and Coca-Cola, the US beverage company, are also among companies sent penalty tax

derstanding arose over when It should have booked costs for its computer investment. A company official said about 60 per cent of the Y100m in underreported income derived from computer costs; the rest was from financial trading, includ-

ing derivatives. Japanese tax authorities have started targeting profits mada on derivatives trading, an area where foreign banks and brokers have axpertise. and the main source of income

Hinduja brothers press for names to be cleared

Speed urged in Bofors case

By Shiraz Sidhva in New Delhi

Mr Sricband Hinduja, chairman of the London-based Hinduja trading group, yesterday called on the Indian government to move quickly to complete its investigations into

the 1987 Bofors scandal. In a statement issued in New Delhi Mr Hinduja sald he and his brothers (Gopichand and Prakash), accused in tha Rs14.5bn (£300m) Bofors gun payoff, were keen to clear their name. "We have done no wrong and that is why we have

more than Rs110bn in core sectors in India," Mr Hinduja said. He urged the Indian government to make specific requests for documents from the Swiss authorities shout the alleged payments from Bofors, the Swedish gun maker, relating specifically to the Indian gun

deal in 1987, and not "any pay-

ments from Bofors". "It is for this reason we have been compelled to be appelants in Switzerland to ensure that payments relating to such commercial transactions with the

committed an investment of said group and unrelated to the gun deal does not get mixed up with the documents of the gun contract to be sent to India.'

The Indian government's Central Bureau of Investiga tion had made public the names of seven persons including the Hinduja brothers, and Mr Win Chadha former Bofors agent in India. and Italian businessman Ottavio Quattrocchi, whose plea for secrecy about their involvement in the scandal was rejected by the Swiss Supreme

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The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on

Venture and Development Capital

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NEWS: THE AMERICAS

Business leaders anxious as Canadian province approaches crucial election

uebec warned over results of secession

A growing chorus of Quebec business leaders and other federalists has warned of dangers to the francophone province's economic prospects if the Parti Québécois presses ahead with its agenda for s quick drive towards independence from Canada after the provincial election next Monday.

The warnings reflect the PQ's virtuslly unassailable lead in public opinion polls over the ruling Liberal party.

the PQ is set to win about twothirds of the 125 seats in the provincial assembly.

With a PQ win next week all

but assured, both separatist and federalist forces have begun to look to the next stage of the struggle, which will determine whether, when and to what extent Quebec severs its ties with the rest of Canada. The PQ's election platform pledges that the assembly will pass a "solemn declaration" immediately after the election,

so as to affirm Quebec's desire to become an independent conntry.

The party has also promised to hold a sovereignty referendum within a year of taking office. In the meantime, it has threatened to shun negotiations between the federal government and the other nine provinces on issues of overlapping jurisdiction, such as welfare and healthcare reforms.

A group of 10 prominent Quebec federalists, led by Mr Michel Bélanger, former chairNational Bank of Canada, warned that the "solemn declaration" would sow confusion among domestic and foreign

Mr Jean Campeau, former head of the Caisse de Dépôt public-sector pension fund and one of the PQ's faw supporters in the top echelons of Montreal business, insisted the declara-tion would only be "a symbolic event", meant to "inform the dum to decide whether Quebec should be sovereign." With only a few exceptions,

the business community and federal politicians have kept a investors about Quebec's low profile during the election campaign. Most have confined their involvement to behindthe scenes advice to Mr Daniel Johnson, premier and Liberal leader. However, they are likely to become more outspoken about the costs of independence, if and when the referen-Quebec people of the govern-

Federalists have taken heart from polls which show that, despite the PQ support, a solid even a growing - majority of Quebeckers is opposed to out-

right independence. The PQ has been able to cap-Italise on high unemploymen and cuts in public services, by auring voters that the main issue in the election is good government rather than inde-

Many voters appear keen for a change after nine years of Liberal rule.

I some Pa

September 1

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High-flyer takes over at WTO boost for Salinas Brazil finance ministry

Mr Ciro Gomes, Brazil's new finance minister, is a highflying politician with very close links to Mr Fernando Henrique Cardoso, government candidate and front-runner for the presidential election in

The new minister is best known for his efficient and honest government of Ceará, a small state in the Brazilian north-east, a region more often associated with bad government and corruption. Now 37, he represents a new crop of Brazilian politicians who remain populist and aware of the importance of the media, hut who are less nationalist than past generations.

Mr Gomes was born in São Paulo but grew up in Ceará, where several family members have held political office. He practised law before switching to politics.

In 1988, he was slected mayor of Fortaleza, the Ceará capital, and emerged as a principal follower of Mr Tasso Jsreisssti. The latter was elected state governor in 1987, modernised its government and balanced its budget.
Mr Gomes succeeded as gov-

ernor in 1990, and continued his policies of controlling public spending and improving government efficiency. This has led to a wave of foreign investment in Ceará and its economic growth has outstrip-ped that of all Brazil by a factor of five in the last seven years. However, opponents argus that it has taken too long for the benefits of growth to reach the poor.

The new minister has also won plaudits, and criticism, for his skilful handling of the Brazilian and international media. He is a well-known figure in Brazil, despite the relative obscurity of his state.

His media presence will help him continue the work of his predecessor at the finance ministry, Mr Rubens Ricupero. whose work of explaining Brazil'a new Real currency to the public, as well as fighting industrial groups wanting to raise prices. He is likely to be weakened, however, by his links to Mr Cardoso. Other candidates are unhappy that one of the presidential front-runner's closest allies has been appointed finance minister so close to the elections.

Mr Jereissati is well ahead in opinion polls to secure a second term as governor of Ceará. Both men are key members of the same political party as Mr Cardoso, the social

from Ricupero's gaffe The latest Brazilian political scandal has strongly increased

the chances that President Carlos Salinas de Gortari of Mexico will become head of the new World Trade Organisation, diplomats and analysts said yesterday, Reuter reports from Geneva. Mr Rubens Ricupero, who

resigned as Brazil's economy minister at the weekend, was widely seen as the main rival to Mr Salmas for leadership of the WTO, due to come into being next year under the world trade accord signed in "I cannot see Ricnpero

remaining seriously in the race after this affair," said one trade envoy, whose country had favoured the Brazilian, a widely-respected former ambassador to the General Agreement on Tariffs and



An experienced Gattwatcher said Mr Ricapero's admission that he hid bad financial figures so as to help the Brazilian presidential elecHenrique Cardoso, "must spoil his chances for the WTO". Mr Salinas, who already has the implicit backing of the US and many Latin American governments to become the first head of a world trade body from a developing country, was alresdy viewed as the front-runner for the post.

Many trade officials and dipomats say that his record as s president who put aside protectionist policies and liberal-ised the Mexican economy would provide added political weight to the fledgling WTO.

The European Union is expected to eodorse the candidature of Mr Renato Ruggiero, an Italian former trade minis ter, although there is little sign that he has much support among other countries in the 125-member Gatt.

Talks on peace in Mexico to start this week

Talks aimed at reopening peace negotiations between the Mexican government and armed rehels in the southeastern state of Chiapas will start this week, after a week-Ted Bardacke in Mexico City.

Bishop Samuel Ruiz, a local mediator in the crisis, announced a series of "urgent meetings" after about 20,000 indigenous peasants had blocked all roads in and out of Chiapas at the weekend and demonstrated in at least 40 towns. Officials warned of a possible resumption of hostilities in the state, where Zapatista left-wing guerrillas began

an uprising on January 1.

Demonstrators are now seeking to prevent Mr Eduardo Robledo of the ruling Institutional Revolutionary Party from taking office as governor, after his election on August 31. They allege fraud and are demanding that Mr Amado Avendanc of the opposition Party of Democratic Revolu-tion, who was openly sup-ported by the rebels, be declared victor.

Bishop Ruiz said that a "clarification" of electoral irregularities, as well as a new round of peace talks, was the key to any permanent settlement in the state. Mr Robledo "is going to the bishop told the newspaper

Mr Robledo was a top alde to Mr Absalón Castellanos, the formsr governor of Chiapas who was kidnapped by the reb-els at the beginning of fighting in January, then released after a ceesefire. Mr Javier Moreno, the acting

governor, said thers were ominous signs which announce possible confronta-

He is facing disquiet, not only from the protesters but also from land-owners who have accused the state government of turning a blind eye to land occupations by rebels and their civilian supporters. "I hope that statements

which contain a high degree of radicalism do not turn into reality," Mr Moreno said. Hs dsnied the existence of any new armed groups in the state.

Barbados votes in early election

Barbadians go to the polls today in an early election for a new government for the Carlbhean island.Latest opinion polls put Mr Owen Arthur's main opposition Barhados Labour party in the lead.

The election, being held 15 months before it is constitutionally due, was called by Mr Erskine Sandiford, the outgolost a no-confidence vote in parliament when rebellious cabinet members, critical of his leadership, voted with the

date in the election, has been replaced as leader of the Democratic Lahour party hy Mr David Thompson, a 32-year-old lawyer who is the island's finance minister.

The opinion polls give the BLP 32 per cent of popular support, with 21 per cent going to the incumbent DLP and 9 per cent to the minority opposition National Democratic party, which is led by Mr Richie Havnes. The however, that the outcome of the election could be determined by the 38 per cent of voters who were undecided up to last weekend.

cent unemployment rate, main-taining the stability of the currency and expanding the business sector are the issues which have dominated the

The DLP has promised measures to cut unemployment by 5 percentage points over the next 18 months, followed by 4 points the following year, and 3 the next. The jobs are expected to come from proposed tax in hotels; construction and expansion of the information

processing sector. The development of small incentives has been proposed hy the opposition BLP as one means of reducing unemployment

It says that if elected, it will transform the island's economy, which is presently based on tourism and cane sugar production, into one based on a range of services for foreign markets.

The three parties contesting the election have said they will resist pressure from internadevalue the Barbados dollar. The currency, whose parity is fixed by the government, has been under pressure intermitbusinesses through a range of tently over the past four years.

Caribbean countries earn US favour

By Canute James in Kingston

Caribbean countries willing to provide "safe havens" for refugees from Cuba and Haiti will be treated "favourably" by the US, hut no Caribbean government is being pressed into accepting the refugees, according to a US envoy to the region.

"It is obviously true that any country which helps by taking the boat people that our ships are picking up at sea is doing us a favour, and it's obviously true that any country that helps us out in that regard and helps these poor people ... would be doing a humanitarian service," said Mr George Jones, US ambassador to Guyana.

"Would that be favourably looked upon in Washington? Of course it would be."

Several opposition parties in the region have suggested that governments are being pressed by Washington into accepting boatpeople, and into providing troops as part of a planned US and allied invasion of Haiti. Mr Jones described these sugges-

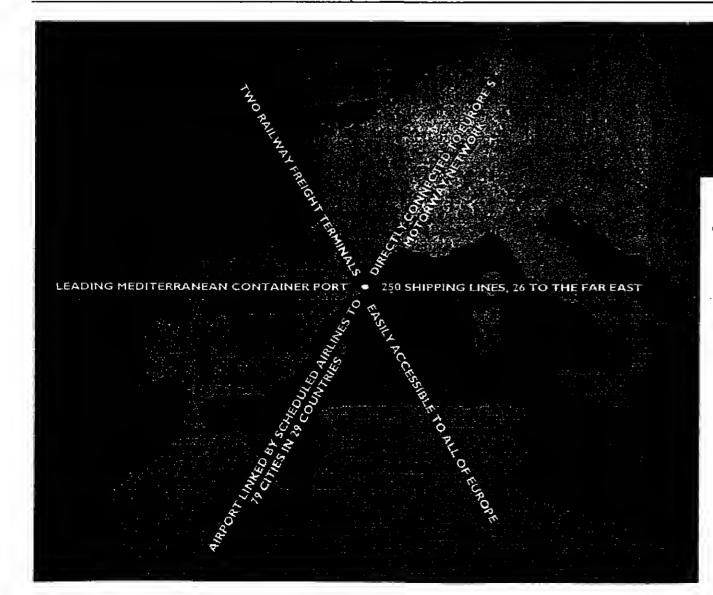
tions as "absolutely" untrue.

Several countries have agreed to accept varying numbers of Haitians, and have been asked by the US government to accept Cuban refugees. Dominica, St Lucia, Surinam, and the Turks and Caicos Islands, a British pos to accept thousands.

Several Caribbean countries also agreed last week to provide about 300 soldiers for a non-combat role in a likely US-led invasion of Haiti to remove that country's mili-tary rulers and reinstate the exiled president, Father Jean Betrand Aristide.

Mr Raiph Maraj, Trinidad and Tobago's foreign minister, said there has been "no arm-twisting at all". Dame Engenia Charles, prime minister of Dominica, said that, while her government was willing to grant "safe haven" to Haitian refugees, it thad not agreed to accept any Cubans.

The sdministration in the Cayman Islands, a British dependency, says it is in danger of being overwhelmed by refugees.



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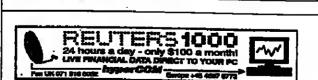




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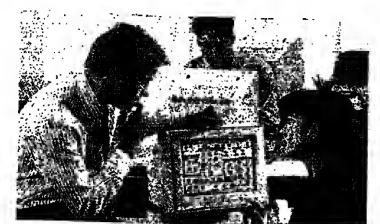




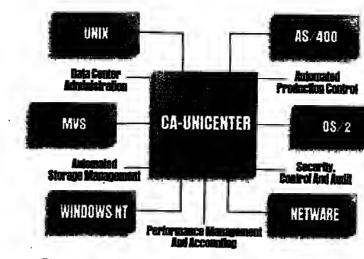
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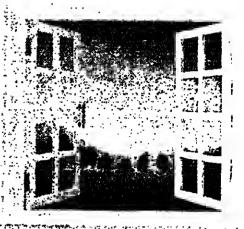




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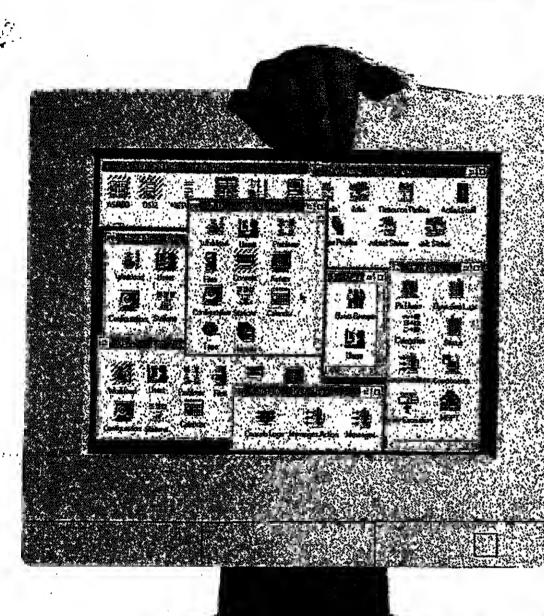
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Airbus welcomes chance for wider role

he decision to form a military subsidiary for the European Airbus commercial aircraft consortium could speed up the trans-formation of Airbus into the Boeing of Europe.

The move, announced ye day at the Farnborough Air Show, is designed to integrate the European future large military transport aircraft programme (FLA) into the successful Airhus commercial aircraft manufacturing and development system.

This integration would boost the FLA's chances in its competition against Lockheed of the US and its new generation Hercules transport aircraft.

A decision is also expected to

have broader implications for the restructuring and consolidation of the European aerospace industry.

Airbus would gain access to the military market to match its bigger rival Boeing, whose defence operations account for

% of total \$ value Boeing Lockhe 80-- MDC Airbus

annual turnover. "There is no better framework for the new military transport aircraft in Europe than Airbus," said Mr Louis Gallois, chairman of Aérospatiale, the French company with a 37.9 per cent stake in Airbus.

The creation of the military subsidiary for Airbus repre-

form the framework for expanding Airbus activities craft sectors. Moreover, it is positive news for new collaborative ventures with other toternational partners to programmes ranging from smaller turbo-prop and regional air-craft to the development of a

sented a "tremendous chance

and challenge" for Airbus, he

added. Although Airbus has

secured 30 per cent of the world's civil aircraft market, it

is coming under increasing

pressure from Boeing, which

yesterday announced further

moves to improve productivity

The new Airbus military subsidiary would enable other European companies currently not part of the Airbus consor-tium to participate in the European aircraft group. At present, Airbus partners include Aérospatiale of France, Deut-sche Aerospace, British Aero-

new generation of 600 to 800 seat Jumbo jets.

Airbus is to become every day

more competitive versus Boeing," said Mr Gallois. The inte-

gration of the FLA project

within the Airbus structure

was one important step.

Apart from broadening Air-

bus activities into the military

sector, the proposal could also

The new military subsidiary would also involve the participation of Alenia of Italy and the other associate partners in the FLA military transport project, including Belgian, Por-tuguese and Turkish aerospace companies which are not Airbus shareholders.

Although Airbus partners are still in discussion with Boeing over collaborating on the possible joint development of a new super Jumbo. Airbus is this month also due to start marketing its own A3XX 600 to 800 seater Jumbo aircraft projects. This programme could involve a number of partners outside the consortium, and senior Airbus officials suggested thess could be grouped into a separate Airbus subsidiary, similar to the mili-

tary subsidiary Airbus is pro-posing for the FLA. At the same time, other subsidiaries could be set up to integrate ths European regional turbo-prop and jet

manufacturers to a market suffering from excess capacity and many competing projects. Mr Jean Pierson, the Airbus chief executive, also confirmed yesterday that the Airbus partners were setting up a separate Airbus financial company to support the company's sales and marketing drive as well as proposing to create a new air-craft asset management group to monitor the worldwide Air-

aircraft "The development of an active market for used aircraft will play an increasingly important role for Airbus," he

hus fleet and remarket used

While considerable political and institutional obstacles remain to the conversion of the existing Airbus structure into a public limited company, the establishment of a military subsidiary and, eventually, other subsidiaries, could open the way for a transformation of the Airbus system to reflect its main US rival, Boeing.

Rolls-Royce wins \$20m order from Hungary

Rolls-Royce has won a \$20m. order from the Hungarian airline Maley for Tay engines to power four Fokker 70 passen-

Fokker has announced that three of the aircraft are being leased from American International Group's International Lease Finance Corporation and the fourth is being bought from Fokker.

Fokker said the order, for delivery between autumn 1995 and spring 1996, brings total orders for the new twinengined aircraft to 33.

Fokker chairman Mr Ben van Schaik said at the show more orders were on the way for the plane, which is due to be delivered to its first custom ers this October.

 Anglo-German aero-engine maker BMW Rolls-Royce has awarded a contract to RoSEC, a joint venture between tries, to design and manufac-ture the digital engine control system for the BR715 engine. It said the deal could eventually be worth \$75m.

BMW Rolls-Royce is 50 per cent owned by Bayerische Motoren-Werke. Aerospatiale sales for the first half of 1994 have fallen 3

per cent compared with the same period in 1993, chairman Mr Louis Gallois said. Mr Gallois said first half

orders were weak, particularly C-5 Galaxy transport aircraft. to continue efforts to cut costs.

EC and SADC unveil plans for closer links Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Zimbabwe, Mozambt-

The European Union and the Southern African Development Community (SADC), which groups the region's 11 countries, will today unveil a programme aimed at increasing closer economic co-operation between the organisations. "The time is ripe for the

co-operation between both our regions to move on to a new stage," said Mr Klaus Kinkel, the German foreign minister. He was speaking on behalf of EU foreign ministers in Berlin at the opening of the first high-level ministerial meeting

with SADC.
EU and SADC officials said
they would identify a number
of projects, ranging from telemunications and transport to infrastructure and energy, which would be supported by

However, SADC officials stressed they were not in Ber-lin to ask for assistance.

"This is not a donor's couference. It is not a donor's concer-ence. It is not a pledging con-ference," said Mr Kaire Mouende, the SADC executive secretary. "It is about SADC trying to base its relations with the EU on trade, genuine co-operation, and investment. Ws want to create institutional mechanisms for a partnership hetween the two regions."

SADC is the successor to the Southern African Development Co-ordination Conference, which was set up in 1980 to reduce its members' trade with South Africa. It was renamed SADC in 1992 and the organisation shifted its policies from opposition to South Africa to The member states are

trading relations. EU officials yesterday said a more integrated and co-ordi-

removed.

nated SADC economic structure would help improve trade and investment links with the The EU already buys more

que, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Namibia and Zam-

Mr Mbuende said inter-re-

gional trade amounts to no

more than 6 per cent of total trade. To increase this volume, be hoped the SADC would

agree to a trade promotional

protocol by January 1995. This

would facilitate greater mobil-ity of capital and investments

Most of the SADC economies

maintain complex trads and tariff regulations which will

take a long time to dismantle. In addition, the relative size of

South Africa - It contributes

over 75 per cent to a regional GDP of around \$125bn (£80.6bn)

- makes other countries ner

vous of being flooded with

cheaper South African goods

should all restrictious be

Mr Mbuende said SADC has

to start thinking about har-

monising its regional travel,

visa, banking, currency and

in the region.

than a quarter of SADC's

Over the past 20 years, Brussels has extended Ecu4.6bn (\$5.61bn) in financial and technical aid.

More than Eculion has already been earmarked this year for a special programme set up to dismantle the remaining vestiges of aparthsid in South Africa.

Batam chosen for air maintenance centre

By Kleran Cooke in Kuala Lumpur

Companies from Singapore and Indonesia are setting up an aircraft maintenance centre on the Indonesian island of

Singapore Aerospace, a listed company which has traditionally focused on military maintenance and overhaul, and Nusantara Aircraft Industry (IPTN), Indonesia's stateowned aircraft manufacturing company, will each hold 25 per cent in the project. A company controlled by Mr Liem Sice Liong, Indonesia's richest busi-nessman, is also involved in the venture.

Batam island, which in recent years has been developed into one of Indonesia's key industrial zones, is about 20 km south of Singapore. The project's backers say the initial cost of the Batam facility will be \$10m.

The facility will concentrate on Indonesia's fast expanding aerospace sector, but is likely to undertake other regional work in the future.

Singapore's aerospace indus try, faced with rising wage costs and constraints on land use, has been expanding overseas. Last year Singapore Engineering, the wholly owned sub-sidiary of Singapore Airlines, announced it was taking a 10 per cent stake in a \$63m aircraft maintenance and repair facility being set up in Xiamen

111

Last month Singapore Aerospace and other Singapore companies said they would be taking a 46 per cent share in another aircraft repair centre at Shenzhen in southern

in China.

Boeing launches big 737 version on back of orders

Boeing, the world's largest manufacturer of civil aircraft, yesterday launched a new version of its 737 twin-engine narrow body airliner family after securing commitments from

four airlines, writes Paul Betts. The 737-800, launched at the Farnborough Air Show, is the largest member of the new generation of Boeing 737 aircraft. Mr Ron Woodard, president of Boeing's commercial aircraft operations, said four undisclosed customers had committed themselves to order more than 40 of the airliners.

The new 737-800s will seat 164 to 189 passengers and complement the new 737-700, which seats around 144 passengers. South West Airlines of the US and Maersk Air of Denmark have already placed launch

Mr Woodard said commitments for the 737-800 and ment on available routine 737-700 were worth around

planning to launch a new smaller version of the 737, seating more than 100 passengers, as soon as it has secured sufficient initial commitment from airline customers.

The group is also studying the development of a smaller 80 to 100 seat regional jet in collaboration with an Asian partner. The company is in active discussions with China in a new site in Beijing. and Japan over this project. Boeing indicated it is prepared to be a minority partner in a partners, while maintaining receipt of orders.

NEWS IN BRIEF

EU starts

probe into

microdisk

charges that imports of micro

low prices in the European

Brussels. The inquiry followed

a complaint by the Committee

of European Diskette Manufac-

turers that prices at which 3.5in microdisks were sold In the US and Mexico did not per-

mit recovery of costs plus a

HK chooses bidders

Hong Kong has selected 16 con-

sortia from 15 countries to bid

for two large contracts, esti-mated to be worth around

HK\$8bn (\$1bn), for its new air-

port, Reuter reports from Hong Kong. One contract is for

construction of the passenger

terminal and the other for passenger terminal building ser-

vices, including mechanical, electrical and hydraulic

S Korea car exports

South Korea exported 50,171

44,701 a year earlier, according

to the Korea Automobile Man-

ufacturers' Association, agen-

ICI will invest \$300m to set up

a pure terephthalic acid (PTA)

plant in Taiwan in what will

be one of largest foreign invest-

ment projects on the island, Reuter reports from Taipei

cies report from Seoul.

ICI Taiwan plant

vehicles last month, up from

aspects.

reasonable profit margin.

prices

overall leadership on the technology of the aircraft, which was likely to draw heavily on

the 737 airline family. Boeing also announced four firm orders for Boeing 767-300ER jstliners - valued at \$384m - that will be leased to KLM Royal Dutch Airlines by International Lease Finance Corporation.

KLM Royal Dutch Airlines is rationalising its aircraft fleet by replacing ten European Airbus A310 wide-body airliners with US Boeing 767-300 aircraft. It will lease seven Boeing 767 aircraft. The decision is a disappoint-

ment for Airbus, and reflects a trend among international airlines to rationalise their fleets to reduce costs and improve Boeing also announced it

was starting next-day shipspare parts orders, in a move it said would potentially save By Bernard Gray Boeing also confirmed it is customers millions of dollars. Mr Woodard said more than

400,000 different parts would be available "ready for shipment the next day", or 30 times fas-ter than the industry standard, through its Spare Parts Distribution Center in Seattle. Next-day shipment will be

centres in Altanta, Brussels, Singapore. London and, soon. Aircraft on ground orders, the most urgent category of spares, are now ready for shipregional jet project with Asian ment within two hours of the

phased in at other spare parts



Westland to bid for UK contract

Westland, the UK helicopter maker, has formed a team to bid for the £2bn (\$3.1bn) contract for 91 attack helicopters for the British Army. The group, called Team

Apache, brings together McDonnell Douglas, Martin Marietta and Westinghouse of the US with Westland and Shorts of Belfast to offer the Longbow Apache helicopter for the Ministry of Defence competition.

Mr Alan Jones, Westland's chief executive, said that if the

of work would come directly to UK companies working on the programme, with a further £1bn of contracts placed for

Over 100 UK companies have already committed themselves to bids for the 300 work packages available of the Apache, including Rolls-Royce, Lucas, Racal Electronics, Smiths Industries, Hunting Engineer-

ing and Royal Ordnance.
The competition is between
the Apache, the Bell Cobra Venom in co-operation with GEC, the BAe-Eurocopter Tiger and the Denel-Marshalls Rooiv-Apache won the contract £1bn alk from South Africa. The

risk choice. The Apache was on show at Farnborough, having been for helicopters and civil airflown in from the US in a giant craft, and Aerospatiale needed

The second particle particles and the second particles are the second particles and the second particles are the second particles and the second particles are the second p

Anache is thought to be the

Final bids must be in early

in the autumn, with a final

decision expected to be made

next spring.
"Westland Apache can be

delivered to meet the British

Army's preferred in-service date of 1998," said Mr Jones. He also stressed that with the

Apache in service with the US

army and other forces world-

wide, the helicopter was a low-

favourite with the army.

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS: PRODUCTION AND EMPLOYMENT

Yearly data for retail sales volume and industrial production plus all data for the vacancy rate indicator are in index form with 1965-100. Quarterly and monthly data for retail sales and industrial production show the percentage change over the corresponding period in the previous year, and are positive unless otherwise stated. The unemployment rate is shown as a percentage of the total labour force. Figures for the composite leading indicator are end-period values.

		TED ST	ATES			E JAP	N.				E GE	RMANY			
	(Calcul sales Volume	indpointel production	Unsup- leymant rate	Versitly rain indicator	Composite heding indicator	Retail value values	industrial production	Unimp- legement rate	Vacancy cate lodicator	Compecto leading indicator	Reta sale volum	Industrial	Unamp- layerant rate	Ventory rate Indicator	Compen- leader
1985	100.0		7.1	100.0	102.4	100.0	100.0	26	100.0	97.0	100.	0 100.0	7.1	100.0	105
1986	105.5	100.9	6.9	98.0		106.5	99.7	2.8	94.3	105.9	103,		6.4	136.4	105
1987	108.4	106.0	6.1	105.5	108.2	113.8	103.1	28	108.3	115.2	107.		6.2	148.4	108
1988	112.6	110.7	5.4	106.1	112.1	122.6	113.1	. 2.5	135.9	122.1	110.		6.2	164.8	112
1959	115.6	112,4	5.2	99.3	110.6	132.5	118.7	. 22	147.0	124.9	114.		5.6	218,7	115
1990	116.4	112.4	5.4	84.6	106.3	141.6	124.5	21	149.8	122.0	123.		4.8	261.1	115
1991	114.0	110.3	6.6	82.2	111.6	144.5	126.8	21	144.2	119,4	190.		4.2	270.7	112
1992	117,6	112.8	7.3	80.3	118.8	139.9	115.0	2.1	124.2	118.7	127.		4.6	260.2	106
1993	123.8	117.6	6.7	65.3	123.2	131.6	113.6	2.5	108.6	125.9	122		8.8	198.5	113
3rd qtr.1993	5.9	4.2	6.7	86.0	118.6	-6.0	-4.6	2.5	101.7	124.8	-2	2 -8.4	5.9	194.9	111
4th ctr. 1993	5.6	4.8	6.4	69.4	123.2	-6.0	-4.2	2.7	103.3	125.9	-5.		6.3	178.4	113
1st atr.1994	7.3	5.0	6.5	71.3	124.1	-3.4	-3.1	2.8	101.7	130.1	O.		6.6	194.2	116
2nd atr. 1983		5.5	8.1	74.7	123.4		-1.1	2.8		121.6	-2,		5.6	188.1	119
August 1993	6.0	4.3	6.7	66.7	118.6	-5.6	-2.5	25	102.3	124.2	-0.	7 -5.6	5.9	195.7	110
September	5.5	4.4	6.6	65.5	115.6	-5.6	-6.1	26	100.3	124.8	<u>-2</u>		8.0	188.6	111
October	5.5	4.1	6.6	63.5	120.8	-6.0	-6.0	27	98.6	125.2	-3.		6.2	175.1	112
November	5.9	4.2	6.4	65.9	122.2	-6.5	-32	2.7	111.8	125.2	-6.	1 -4.0	6.3	179.2	112
December	6.0	4.6	6.3	70.7	123.2	-2.5	-3.5	2.8	99.5	125.9	-8.		6.3	180.9	113
January 1994	4.6	4.6	6.6	65.7	123.8	-2.0	-2.7	2.7	S7.0	127.1	0.3		6.4	189.2	113
February	7.2	4.6	6.4	72.9	123.7	-3.2	-4.4	2.9	97 <i>.</i> 7	128.4	0.		6.5	195.6	115
March	10.1	5.4	6.5	74.3	124.1	-5.0	<u> -22</u>	2.8	110.7	130.1	0.3	2 0.7	6.5	195.8	116.
April	7.0	5.0	6.4	73.5	124.1	-1.6	-2.0	2.8	99.5	131.0	-6.		8.5	192.5	117.
May	5.5	5.7	6.0	76.4	123.7		-1.8	28	103.7	131.2	2.0	2.3	6.6	188.7	118
June		5.9	5.6	74.1	123.4		0.7	2.8		.131.6	-0.3		6.6	188.1	118.
July		5.7		76.6			-0.5		_			7.5	0.0	186.7	
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	4.6	4.6	6.6	66.7	123.6	-2.0	-2.7	2.7	\$7.0	407.4		9 -1.0	0.0	1903	HIQ.
January 1994				72.9	123.7	-2.0				127.1	0.		6.4	189.2	113.
February	7.2	4.6	6.4		124.1	-3.2	-4.4	29	97.7	128.4	0.		6.5	195.6	115.
March	10.1	5.4	6.5	74.3		-5.0	-22	28	110.7	130.1	0.		6.5	195.8	116.
April	7.0	5.0	6.4	73.5	124.1	-1.6	-2.0	2.8	99.5	131.0	-6.		8.5	192.5	117.
May	5.5	5.7	6.0	76.4	123.7		-1.8	28	103.7	131.2	2	0 2.3	6.6	186.7	118
June		5.9	5.6	74.1	123.4		0.7	28		.131.6	-0.3	3 4.1	6.6	188.1	118.
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1985	100.0	100.0	10.3	100.0	101.9	100.0	100.0		9.8	103.9	100.0		11.2	100.0	102
1986	102.4	101.1	10.4	107.2	109.1	106.8	104.1		10.4	110.7	105.3	102.4	11.2	116.1	105.
1967	104.5	103.1	10.5	117.7	108.6	1121	106.8		1 0 .5	112.8	110.7		10.3	141.2	110.
1988	107.9	107.8	10.0	134.9	113.8	107.9	114.2		10.9	117.6	117.0		8.8	144.9	108.
1989	109.5	111.3	9.4	161.1	113.5	116.9	116.7		10,9	115.9	120.1	114.0	7.2	124,7	103.
1990	110.3	112.9	8.9	1 63. 0	108.2	114.4	118.0		10.3	112.0	121.		6.8	98.1	103.
1991	110.3	113.2	9.4	127.6	109.5	111.0	115.4		6.6	115.0	119.		6.6	88.9	106.0
1992	110.5	113.2	10.4	111.8	108.0	116. 9	115.4		9.8	111.7	120.		10.0	70.1	112.
1993	110.7	109.9	11.7	90.4	111.1	114.2	112.8		10.2	121.\$	124.6		10.3	77.2	121,
3rd gtr.1993	0,4	-29	11,9	88,6	108.5	-1.4	-0.8		10.3	118,9	3.0	2.4	10.4	77.A	118.1
4th otr.1983	-0.5	-1.5	123	79.7	111.1	-6.9	-0.3		10.7	121.6	3.7		10.1	82.7	121.
1st atr.1994	1.4	0.3	12.5	93.9	113.6		-0.9		10.9	123.3	3.5		S.9	84.0	123.
2nd otr. 1994	-1.3	3.4	12.6	111.6	114.8						4.0	5.7	9.5	88.7	124.0
August 1998	-1.2	-3.0	11.8	85.4	107.7	1.2	0.6		n.a.	117.4	3.5	2.4	10.4	77.8	118.0
September	1.2	-3.1	12.1	87.7	108.5	1.1	0.5		n.a,	118,9	3,4		10.3	77.5	116.8
October	-2.7	-4.4	12.2	84.0	109.3	-5.6	-1.3		n.a.	11e.e	3.2	2.2	10.2	80.8	110,0
November	2.0	-0.1	12.4	79.8	110.4	-5.4	-1.4		n.a.	120,8	3.8	37	10.2		119.4
December	-0.6	-0.0	124	77.7	111.1	-8.9	1.9		п.е.	121.8	4.2	3.9	8.9	83.5	118.6
January 1994	0.7	1.2	12.5	82.7	111.6	-6.2	-3.5		n.a.	122.2	3.5			83.7	121.1
February	1.4	-1.0	12.5	95.4	1123		-0.2		n.a.	122.9	2.8	3.9	10.0	84.3	112.2
March	2.0	0.6	12.6	103.6	113.6		1.0		n.a.	123.3	3.7	3.9	9.9	84.5	123.1
	-3.9	3.5	12.5	114.0	114.8		6.9		n.a.	123.5			9.7	84.7	123.5
April		3.6	12.7	110.2	115.1		2.8		n.a.	123.5	4.3		8.8	87.8	123.3
May	3.1		12.6	108.7	114.8		26			123.5	4.3	5.0	8.9	88.5	123.7
Inue	-27	3.1	12.6	100.7					D.A.		8.3	6.2		91.8	124.0
July					114.4				r.a.		3.8	i			

All series seasonally adjusted. Statistics for Germany apply only to western Germany. Data supplied by Datastream and WEFA, Retail sales volumes data from national government sources except Japan and taily (value series deficated by OEGD using CPI). Refers to total retail sales except France and taily (major outlets only) and Japan (department atoms only). Inclustrial production: data from national government sources. Includes mining gas, electricity and water supply industries except Japan (mining and manufacturing only) and UK (also includes construction industries). Unemployment rate: OEGD standardised rate which adjusts as far as possible for the different definitions of unemployment used in difficial sources. Vacancy rate indicator: relevant vectors measure divided by total differ employment, expressed in index form. Derived from OECD series. US – help-wanted combination of series, cyclical fluctuations in which usually precede cyclical fluctuations.

VW enters joint venture to produce cars in India

By Shiraz Sidhva in New Delhi

Volkswagen of Germany, the leading European carmaker, has linked up with Eicher Goodearth, the Indian motor The European Commission said it was investigating vehicle and tractor manufacturer, to produce and market a range of Volkswagen cars for the Indian market. disks from the US, Mexico and Malaysia were sold at unfairly Union, Reuter reports from

The two companies announced that the new joint venture company would invest up to Rs6bn (\$191m) in a manufacturing plant, expected to start production in 1997. The two partners would start the venture and decide the extent of equity for each company after a feasibility study.

Volkswagen will be compet-ing with several of the world's leading carmakers to establish a presence in India's newly liberalised passenger car market, which is estimated to double by the year 2000 to between 450,000 and 500,000 cars. Tbese include General

Motors, Chrysler, Ford, Peug-eot, Daimler-Benz, Volvo, Hyundai, Mitsubishi and Dae-VW will also have to compete with the Indian Maruti, made in collaboration with

Suzuki Motors of Japan, which has a dominant place in the Indian market. Mr Martin Posth, VW board member and chairman and president of Volkswagen Asia-Pacific, said that his company considered India one of tha world's major emerging markets, especially since Asta is

the growth in the global vehicle market. Mr Posth said his company chose Eicher as a partner because of its widespread dissional management.

expected to account for most of

Volkswagen is to import light trucks from Brazil for sale in the European market for the first time, writes Kevin Done.

The introduction of the Brazilian-huilt 7.5 tonne truck, the LSO, is aimed at closing a gap to the VW range of light commercial vehicles caused by the termination early last year of its previous light truck joint venture with MAN, the German truck and bus maker.

The L80 was originally developed by Autolatina, Volkswagen's majority-owned Brazilian subsidiary, for the South American market. Volkswagen said that it was planning to sell around 2,500

Eicher manufactured India's first tractor in 1960 and entered into the light commercial vehicles sector in the 1980s. manufacturing small trucks and pick-up vans in collaboration with Mitsubishi Motor Corporation of Japan, Eicher has achieved a local content of over 90 per cent for these

Volkswagen is keen to max-imise the level of local content, and hopes to capitalise on Eicher's experience in this area. Only then could their cars be competitive in the Indian market, Mr Posth said, indicating that his company would focus initially on medi-

um-sized cars. Mr Vikram Lal, chairman of the Eicher group said that india offered the VW group the advantage of a diverse and cost-effective additional auto-

mobile base. Volkswagen will not restrict itself to a single model, but proposes to introduce a range of cars in India - though focusing initially on medium-sized

trucks in a full year to Ger-many, where the L80 will go year. It will be launched a year later in several other European markets.

The L80 truck will be supplied from Brazil as a chassis cab with Brazilian-produced engines supplied by a local subsidiary of MWM, a German engine manufacturer. VW said that it was seeking

eventually to expand its pres-ence to the west European include trucks up to 10 tonnes in addition to its present range of German-built vans, light trucks and pick-ups.

cars - unlike several other global vehicle giants entering the market with a single car. Bharat Shell, a joint ven-ture between the Indian government-owned Bharat Petroleum Corporation and Shell Overseas Investment, is to construct a new lubricant blending unit at Uran, near Bombay, to manufacture Shell brand lubricants for the Indian market, writes Shiraz Sidhva.

Mr Vikram Mehta, managing director of Bharat Shell, said yesterday that the company decided to set up its own unit because of capacity constraint at Bharat Petroleum's unit at Bombay, where the Shell range of lubricants are blended. The Rs1.8bn company, in which Shell has a 51 per cent stake, hopes to enter India's domestic liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) market, which the government

has yet to privatise. Bharat Shell already manufactures LPG for industrial use for markets in western India and plans to enlarge the spread its network nationally.

to social status

By Andrew Derrington

Low social status rather than the impact of poverty is the main reason poor people live less long than the rich and become ill more often, the British Association blennial meeting in Loughborough, central England, heard yester-

Professor Robert Evans, health economist from the University of British Columbia, used studies of monkeys living in captivity, free-living baboons in East Africa and domesticated London's Whitehall civil servants (govern-ment employees) to back his argument that ill-health is caused by the stresses of social interaction between people -or baboons - of different sta-

Civil servants were divided into four categories of increasv status. Those in the upper achelons had longer life expectancy and lower incidence of disease than those to the categories beneath them.

The baboons of the Serengeti showed a similar difference in health status correlated with their position in the pecking

Reasons for the difference also emerged from measurements of stress-related hormones (glucocorticoids) and low density lipoproteins (LDL) in blood samples taken at dif-ferent times after social contacts between males of differ-

Glucocorticold levels are higher in males of low social status. Levels in both groups peak after encounters in which dominant males yawn at low status males - to show their teeth - while the low status males are eating or mating.

The higher glucocorticold level in submissive baboons persists long after the encounter. Long term glucocorticold elevation also causes increases in LDL, a risk factor for heart attack. High LDL levels are found in the blood of low-status but not high-status males.

tance cem

IND PROPLOYMENT

TE SHEET,

To measure glucocorticoid levels it was necessary to shoot the baboons with anaes-thetic darts to take blood. This could not have been done with the civil servants, nor is it likely that their superiors yawn at them while they are mating. Nevertheless the measurement of their disease rates leave little doubt that the results would have been similar. Prof Evans argued that changes to the NHS could not remove the inequality between rich and poor, because that difference does not result from differences in treatment.

• The number of people claiming welfare benefits are underestimated by at least a third, according to a new social survey whose first results were released at the British Association meeting.

The survey, funded by the Economic and Social Research Council, shows that people are moving in and out of jobs, family relationships and welfare programmes far more quickly than in the past - and more quickly than social scientists had previously realised.

• Success in reducing the sort of industrial pollntion that causes acid rain would increase the rate of global warming through the green-house effect, the British Association beard.

Dr David Carson, director of the Hadley Centre for Climate Prediction and Control at the UK Met Office, said: "It is now known that sulphur dioxide emitted in industrial processes can lead to sulphate particles, which reflect sunlight back to space and cool the surface an effect opposite to that of the greenhouse effect."

Length of life linked Figures cool fears of swift UK rate rise

By Giffien Tett and Alison Smith

The patchy nature of the recovery in UK consumer sentiment was underlined yesterday after official figures showed that consumer borrowing and new mortgage lending fell back sharply in July. The figures disappointed the

City of London and slightly dampened fears about an imminent rise in UK base Mr Kenneth Clarke, UK

chancellor of the exchequer, and Mr Eddie George, governor of the Bank of England, will hold their monthly monetary meeting tomorrow. But although financial markets still indicate that an interest rate rise will occur soon, the weaker consumer data yesterday led some economists to suggest that the increase might be delayed until late this

The Central Statistical Office yesterday said that net lending to consumers through finance nouses, credit cards in the Visa and Mastercard system and non-mortgage building society loans fell to a seasonally adjusted £296m to July. This was sharply lower than in June, when net lending surged

to a record level of £683m Measured on a three monthly basis - a more accurate guide - net lending to consumers fell to £1,19bn in the three months to July, down

a significant repayment of credit card debt. But with monthly credit figures notoriously volatile, analysts were devided about the significance

Meanwhile, in another development that also added to City doubts about an imminent rate rise, figures from the Bank of England yesterday showed that the annual rate of growth for Mo, the narrowest measure of money supply, fall to 6.2 per cent in August - its third consecutive monthly slowdown.

New twist in row over Savoy hotels

Mr Giles Shepard, managing director of the Savoy hotel group, yesterday took personal responsibility for a weekend statement criticising a director for allegedly leaking confidential information. He said the statement had not been author-

ised by the company's board.
The statement followed reports on Sunday that Mr Shepard had sent some Savoy directors a document outlining the case for the group's continued independence from the Forte group. Forte owns 68 per cent of Savoy's shares but only 42 per cent of the vote.

reference to Sir Michael Richardson. Sir Michael denies leaking the report.

13-year dispute between Forte and the Savoy senior management is expected to continue at a Savoy board meeting on September 13.

Mr Rocco Forte, Forte chairman, has been attempting to persuade shareholding trusts controlled by the Wontner family to back plans to merge the Savoy's hotels - which include the Savoy, the Connaught and Claridge's - with Forte's lux-ury establishments. Sir Hugh Wontner was president of Savoy until his death in 1992. Opponents of the merger plan are believed to be arguing

that it could raise legal prob-

lems as it would give Forte

control of the group without making any offer to the remaining shareholders.

from £1.28bn in the three months to April. The main reason for the

monthly fall, the CSO said, was

of July's drop. Nevertheless, doubts about the strength of consumer sentiment were reinforced with the publication of figures for new mortgage lending in July by the Bank of England. On a seasonally adjusted basis, all the statistics for lending undertaken and loans approved in total by banks and building societies showed that activity in July was at a lower level than to June.

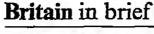
Growth in private beds

Private hospital beds in the UK have increased by 73 per cent since 1980, the Independent Healthcare Association says in its 1994 survey published

The survey shows that there are currently 222 acute (general medical and surgical) bospitals in the UK with a total of 11,520 beds. During the past 15 years there has been a net increase of 72 hospitals. with the greatest growth in the Thames health regions around London and the south east, and the Anglia & Oxford

Calor Gaz strike ballot

Blue collar workers at Calor Gaz, the gas products company, are holding a strike ballot over the introduction of personal contracts and pay cuts for some staff of up to





CMN bid for Swans collapses

Prospects for a sale of Tyneside shipbuilder Swan Hunter to French-owned Soffia/Constructions Mecaniques de Normandie collapsed yesterday, after CMN and Swans' receivers Price Waterhouse failed to reach agreement on a deal.

The abandonment of negotiations for a going concern sale to CMN, the only prospective bidder to emerge from a worldwide search by the receivers, increases the likelihood that 164-year-old Swan Hunter, one of the world's great shipbuilding

names, will close.

After final talks in London on a deal ended in stalemate, a spokesman for the joint receivers Mr Gordon Horsfield said; "The gap between us was too large to bridge and in these circumstances no purpose could be served by continuing talks to sell the business to Soffia/CMN."

He said the receivers' next task was to discuss the implications with Swans' last 660 employees. Price Waterhouse and union leaders meet today at the yard.

union calls

pursue his modernisation strategy at their expense. union, said that the 'Jury is still out" on the Blair bit of an insult" Mr Blair's recent description of the

We are more than a pressure group we have a special constitutional link with the party," said Mr Morris, just yesterday said it would prior to Mr Blair's visit today challenge fixed prices for to the Trades Union Congress in Blackpool.

the GMB general union, said that an agreement had been reached with the new party



£100 a week. The Transport and General Workers Union is balloting some 370 drivers. filling plant operators and distribution workers at the company and an additional 50 drivers working for Calor Transport, the contracting

transport division. The dispute arose, said the mion, when management approached manual employees earlier in the year proposing the cancellation of their union-negotiated collective agreement and replacing it with personal contracts.

Blair faces

The leaders of the two largest Labour-affiliated trade unions warned Mr Tony Blair, the new Labour Party leader, not to

Mr Bill Morris, leader of the \$50,000-strong TGWU general leadership and described as "a unions as a pressure group like any other.

Mr John Edmonds, leader of

leadership that there would be no further changes in the party-union constitutional links prior to the next election.

£60m university plan for docks

Four universities have joined with the London Docklands Development Corporation in a consortium to build a £60m university campus in east London's disused Royal Albert Docks - down river from the big office development at Canary Wharf.

The group, which also includes Landon East Training and Enterprise Council and the Labour-controlled Newhan horough council, has made a formal bid for £10m from the government's new single regeneration budget, which brings together the urban regeneration budgets of a number of different

government departments. This is, the consortium says its first and "potentially most critical" request for funds.

OFT may look at drug pricing

The Office of Fair Trading challenge fixed prices for over the counter drugs and medicines if it succeeds with similar action to end the Net Book Agreement. Although it has only begun a

preliminary examination of

was training to take over

of a strike.

if the Restrictive Practices Court accepted its demand to end the system that allows publishers to set minimum cover prices for books - the only other area still covered by retail price maintenance. "We are looking at pharmaceuticals, but it is early days and any action would

await the preliminary court hearing about the Net Book Agreement," said an OFT That hearing is not expected

pharmaceutical retailing, the

OFT warned that the removal

manufacturers on proprietorial

drugs would be a logical move

of a system of prices fixed by

Air strike threat receeds

before next year.

The threat of strike action at Brittania Airways, the UK's second largest airline, was receeding last night after the company improved its pay offer to cabin staff.

The 1,000 cabin staff, members of the British Airlines Stewards and Stewardesses Association, part of the TGWU transport union, had voted to take strike action in support of a pay claim worth between 11 per cent and 15 per cent for different grades of staff.

The company had responded by finding volunteers from other companies in the parent Thomson Travel Group who it cabin staff duties in the event

The new pay deal is worth three per cent on basic pay this year with a lump sum payment to make the annual rise worth about five per cent. In addition the company has agreed to increase the incremental pay scales for senior cabin crew by £100.

TV talks on digital code

Britain's rival broadcasters have got together to try to boost the chances of launching digital terrestrial television in the UK.

The BBC, Channel 4 and representatives of the ITV system have been co-operating to try to find a way to launch what could be as many as 16 new television channels. The new channels would use digital as opposed to existing analogue technology but would be broadcast from normal land-based transmitters. Exploratory meetings have

already been held between the broadcasting organisation and more are planned. A key stage in the process is however reaching agreement on a Euuropeau-wide standard for digital terrestrial. The Digital Video

brings together 140 broadcasting organisations and manufacturers, has already produced standards for digital satellite cable and is now at work on an agreed standard for

Mayhew sees positive role for US

S ir Patrick Mayhew, the Northern Ireland secre-tary, is hopeful that the Republican movement will respond to British requests for clarification of the IRA ceasefire and that the process of involving Sinn Fein in direct exploratory talks leading to

round-table negotiations can begin within three months. In an interview with the Financial Times yesterday, he explained why London, unlike Dublin, does not yet accept IRA bona fides that the vio-lence is permanently over and what role he hopes the US will play in the peace process.

He also hinted at the contents of a forthcoming "framework document" for round-

table talks, currently being drafted by the British and Irish He described the ceasefire as "a remarkably important step and a very welcome one. There was no condition attached. There was no finite character to it. Those are very welcome

Tim Coone talks to the N Ireland secretary about the exact nature of the pledge required to bring Sinn Féin into consititutional talks

But he said the "profound levels of suspicion which are endemic on both sides of the community and very strongly present in the Unionist side" made it essential to clarify that the ceasefire was permanent.

Both governments have insisted that there shall be a permanent end to violence. I don't doubt for a minute the sincerity with which the Irish government believe that it is over for good. We have to be satisfied from what these people say themselves about their own intentions.

"We are not insisting on a particular form of words. We just need to have an unequivocal assertion that they intend it should be over for good." In a seeming effort to make it easier for Sinn Fein, the political wing of the IRA, and the Republicans to respond, he repeatedly stressed that the

key to opening the door to talks is a public assurance by Republicans that the "intention" behind the ceasefire is a permanent end to the violence.

Mr Gerry Adams, the Shin Féin president, wrote last week in the Irish Times that Dublin, the US and the nationalist Social Democratic Labour Party in the province have responded "positively and correctly" to the ceasefire. Sir Patrick said "that just falls short, why not just say they got our intention right. If Mr Adams were to say 'the hish have correctly perceived our intention, to give it up for good' that's

fine. Why not say it?"

He ruled out a proposal mooted in Dublin last week for a trilateral heads of state summit between the US, the UK and Ireland, but said he sees "a very positive role" for the US in using "its unique channels

of communication with Republicans" to persuade them of making it plain publicly that they intend that violence is

over for good."
The US understands the "realities" of Northern Ireland, he said, and it would be "very helpful" if the Clinton administration were to point out to the Republician movement "the genuine basis for the British government's uncertainty' over IRA intentions. Looking ahead, be said that

the framework document to kick-start renewed all-party talks later this year, will be a negotiable document. "There is no question of imposition." He acknowledged ongoing difficulties but said London now accepted that amendment to the Republic's territorial claim to Northern Ireland "would need to be put as part of an

Unionist support for an overall accommodation, he said.

He was ambivalent on whether Dublin's insistence on amendment of the 1920 Government of Ireland Act which established partitition as a quid pro quo, will be included in the framework document.

"Everybody knows the Government of Ireland Act is relevant to the package. What the circumstances in which they time will tell," Sir Patrick said.

He said that the dispute over whether future cross-border structures would have executive powers could possibly be dealt with by legislatures in both Northern Ireland and the Republic delegating powers to joint boards or bodies. "That seems to make a lot of sense,"

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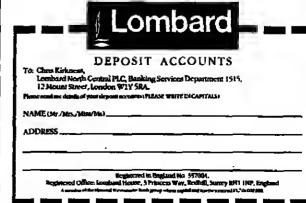
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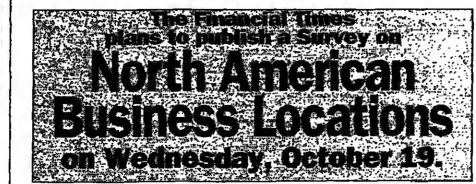
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FT Surveys



Putting the marital home on the line

Before you put your house on the line to obtain finance for the business, tell your spouse. According to chartered accountants Moores Rowland, banks are increasingly likely to insist that partners know the foll extent of their other half's commitments before agreeing overdrafts.

The concern follows the case of Barclays Bank v O'Brien. The House of Lords has ruled that a charge the bank had oo the marital home should be set aside because it was felt the bank had failed to bring home to Mrs O'Brien the risk which she ran by signing the

Mrs O'Brien's husband had led her to believe the security was limited to £60,000 and would be in place for only three weeks, says David Rogers, Moores Rowland partner. When the overdraft reached £150,000 the bank brought proceedings to

enforce the charge. The charge was set aside cause the document Mrs O'Brien signed secured finance to ber bushand's company in which she did not have an

Most companies flout safety laws

Seventy per cent of UK companies admit they are not complying with bealth and safety legislatioo I8 mooths after it came into force. according to Eagle Star, one of the UK's largest employer's liability insurers.

Only 30 per cent of the 405 companies surveyed had fully implemented changes required by the workplace safety regulations which came into effect in January 1993. The activities covered were as varied as the use of visual display screens and manual lifting of

Eagle Star says companies are running the risk of prosecution and unlimited fines. Moreover. accideots are costing employers 30m lost working days a year.

🦳 tarting a business is a dream for many people. But turning that dream into profitable reality is much tougher than anyons ever admits.

The biggest difficulty for the new

business is invisible: hidden costs. These unexpected expenses cannot be budgeted for and can mean the difference between survival and going under. None of the husiness advisers that I spoke to gave me any hint

that huge hills can suddenly be slapped on you," says Christina Simons, managing director of Communications. She launched ber Surrey-based public relations company in February 1993 and won the Lloyds Bank Award for Best Financially Controlled Business in Sutton in May 1994.

For Simons, cost control la critical, but hidden costs undermine that control. "With no idea of what you face in advance, there is no way you can plan what you need precisely. You can't calculate your

set-up costs accurately."

I launched a small company in 1993, the Journalism Training Centre, and borrowed £20,000 from Barclays for computer equipment.

The bank was unable to tell me the precise cost of arranging the loan until just before we signed the agreement. It turned out to be

Another cost arose because the Loan Guarantee Scheme is available only for companies with no security for the loan. So Barelays demanded I sign a debeoture, establishing a charge over my assets. For arranging the debenture, the bank charged an additional £175. I challenged this cost and it was eventually waived, To discover the total expense

forced on the centre over the past 18 months, I analysed all of its set-up costs. Of the £80,000 spent equipping it, I discovered that hiddeo costs accounted for a quarter - more than £20,000. The largest hidden cost occurred

wheo the centre moved into a three-storey unit in a modern business park in Mitcham, Surrey. The Sun Alliance insurance company demanded the installation of security equipment to protect the computers.

window locks, as well as an infra-red sensor system on all three floors. I was advised to mark all electronic equipment indelibly and to install metal sbutters on the ground floor.

Another hidden security cost was revealed when the alarm was linked by telephone line via a monitoring station to the police. British Telecom charged £150 to install the line and £450 annual rental. This was a surprise, and brought

Hidden costs of starting a business

Includes loan arrangement fees includes connection, installation of power points and difference between initial power guote and actual annual invoice value. includes rent deposit and cost of planning application includes locks, alarms and sensors; registration and monitoring fees; metal shutters; security marking labels

Expect the unexpected

Hidden costs can mean the difference between success and failure, explains Steven Sonsino

and telecommunications suppliers.

security costs to £5,400. Office telecommunications also proved surprisingly expensive: eight lines for the switchboard and a fax line cost £1,350. Visits by BT engineers to check the system cost £25 each. The installation bill excluding switchboard, fax and handsets - amounted to £1.570. While BT and other public

Includes installation costs

"BT cut us off hy accident on our second day of trading," she says. "It took me hours to sort ont. And tbat's another hiddeo cost -The most costly supplier setback

at the Journalism Training Centre was the late delivery of a compoter system. The hardware was delayed utilities cost more than expected by nine days, forcing me to borrow software and rent machines for the extra power points, for example, and inaccurate heating estimates trainees. It cost £2,100.

'However long suppliers say installation will take, it always takes twice as long'

A security consultant amounted to further costs of £3.825 recommended extra door and - another hidden extra arose from our suppliers.

One of my colleagues says he is especially annoyed by the poor service most suppliers provide. It always involves extra costs, he claims. Simons, too, is angry over suppliers' service. "However long suppliers say delivery or installation will take, it always takes twice as long. And many of them foul up."

The worst suppliers in ber

The software never arrived. I am now in dispute with the supplier. If yon are going to have to rely on a plece of equipment, be sure to

allow extra time for delivery. What is disappointing is that so little of the small business literature, and so few consultants, prepare the entrepreneur for hidden costs. Even with the best of present advice, up to a fifth of all small businesses in the area, the Londoo Borough of Sotton, go out of business in their first year. A third experience are computer dealers or more - 30 to 40 per ceot - go

down in the second year. John Wren, former executive director of the Sutton Enterprise Agency, says: "When I review any business plan I look to have a cootingency figure in there. People ask what it is for and I tell them: 'If I knew what it was for, it wouldn't be a contingency.' There rarely is enough there to cover the hidden costs.

For many entrepreneurs, on the threshold of creating their business dream, unexpected expenses can be a recurring nightmare.

To minimise these surprise

extras, businesses can try to follow this checklist: Shop around for suppliers, but remember that a short-term gain from a cheap supplier could be a

long-term loss. Cost control is an important key. Simons says: "If It isn't vital for life we don't buy it."

• Get every detail of every deal with every supplier in writing. Before you launch a business, talk to someone who has already done it. Ask what their hidden costs

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From 'must have' to 'nice to have'

Richard Gourlay looks at one man's way of reinvigorating sales

Tou have developed a business on the back of one niche product. The business has taken off but large competitors are catching up and sales growth is levelling off. How do you reinvigorate sales? The answer is, with difficulty.
One approach is to work with
the existing product – push it into different markets or develop

it further. Another is to launch a new product for the same customer base. Martin Yates, managing director of Saladin, an information technology company, had this problem and adopted the

second approach but found it threw up all sorts of unexpected challenges. Saladin's original product was directed at the global oil trading markets and provided traders with data consultancy services and software to manipulate information. If you wanted to

know the value of products that could be refined from a Nigerian crude oil at any refinery - the so-called net-back calculation -Saladin's service provided it. Yates and his partners bought an early prototype and some software from the Guiness Peat group where he was working as the ailing banking group cut back

its peripberal operations in 1986. With backing from a Gulf investor, his team developed the product, launched it at the 1987 Institute of Petroleum oil conference and soon after won an order from Exxon in New Jersey. From a standing start, Saladin

found its Petroleum Analysis Work Station took off, and before the company was walking it was setting up international offices near its customers. Then the momentum began to

flag. "Three years ago we realised

we had penetrated pretty deeply and we had to do something else." says Yates. "Each incremental sale was getting more difficult. As competition was increasing, the

challenge was how to get sales from £3m to £5m and £15m." Yates recognised what dealers wanted was the same information in a Windows environment and a way of pulling together on one

screen different feeds from

diverse sources such as Reuters, Platts and Knight Ridder, But most of all they wanted the manipulated historical data integrated with real-time information.

The first problem was getting additional backing. The business was only hreaking even and Yates anticipated development costs could be as high as £2m. Yates's original backer was not interested in growing the company. Finally the investor was persuaded to sell to venture capitalists including Advent UK and Geocapital.

Another problem was the development project itself. In order to bring in fresh ideas and to avoid taxing the management team's time – Yates hrooght in an external information consultant on contract. But while he knew his subject backwards, he trod on

toes and put noses out of joint.
"He challenged the status quo, which was good," says Yates. "If we were going to compete with Reuters and Telerate we needed something different."

Taking on an ontsider was "a real flyer", Yates says. "It created tremendous turmoil. I did not realise the organisational and human problems that would be caused by it."

Saladin spent an amount equal to a quarter of its 1992 turnover developing the new product. But inevitably, it was not able to develop the new Crusader product without additional backing and further dilution for the founder shareholders

But Saladin did get Its new product. Yates says the company will be profitable this year and next year sales should rise to £7m, although leads are only

slowly turning into firm orders.
"The first product was certainly easier because there was a gap in the market," he says. "The new product is not a 'must have' but a nice to have'."

Was there an alternative strategy, like not developing a new product? Yates says no. Quite apart from technological change, which meant traders wanted real-time information on Windows, Yates had no Intention of managing a small business that was not growing.

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BUSINESS AND THE LAW

The recent decision by Compaq Computer of the US to put a health warning on the keyboards of its personal computer products is expected to have a significant impact on computer-related perconal injury litigation worldwide.

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Compaq's label draws users' attention to the risks of repetitive strain injury (RSI) - an umbrella term for disorders with eymptoms including swelling and chronic pain in the hands, arms and shoulders. in the US, more than 2,000 law suits have been filed against computer manufacturers by individuals who claim to have been injured through using

The UK and Australian courts are also bandling numerous injury cleims. Unlike in the US, where employers are largely protected from hability for workplace injuries by workers' com-pensation insurance, pensation employers are the primary target of litigation in countries such as the UK.

US lawyers say that Compaq, the world's largest personal computer manufacturer, has started using the warning label to limit its liability to future claims. However, Compaq's action may increase the vul-nerability of other computer makers, as well as employers.

The US version of Compaq'e keyboard label reads: "WARN-ING! To reduce risk of serious injury to hands, wrists and other joints read the Safety & Comfort Guide." The guide reinforces the message in even stronger terms. "There may be a risk of safety injuries from a risk of serious injuries from working et your computer workstation" (Compaq'e emphasis). It then gives guidelines on minimising the risk.

The warning "represents an acknowledgment that there is an association between keyboard use and injury", says Mr Arnold Lakind, a partner in the New Jersey firm of Szaferman, Lakind, Blumstein, Watter and Blader, which is representing about 200 plaintiffs in RSI complaints against computer companies in the US.

Lawyers acting for people bringing RSI cases against employers in UK courts also regard Compaq's statement as significant. They say it is the first explicit admission by a manufacturer that the use of keyboards can be dangerous.

According to Mr Lakind, Compaq's move is wise. The fabel will help Compaq immensely because, to the

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Louise Kehoe on the implications of labels on computer keyboards

Warning note is sounded



Risk control: Compaq is putting warnings on its PC keyboards

the European health and safety

directive, which compels them

to take a number of precau-tions to avoid injuries to staff.

"Just plonking a computer on

a desk and relying on the man-

ufacturer's warning will not be sufficient to satisfy these regu-

Claims by medical experts

that there is no link between

RSI and keyboards - a feature

in some cases currently before

the courts - will now be

scarcely tenable, says Mr Peter Woods of London law firm

warning labels on PCs will

shift the direction of court

cases. Rather than arguing

boards and RSI, they are likely

to concentrate more on the

efforts undertaken by employ-

ers to protect their staff - e move that could make litiga-

In what appears to have been

last-minute change prompted

tion even more complex.

r Tom Jones of

Thompsons, an-

firm, believes

other London

lations," he says.

Stephens Innocent.

extent that somebody uses the keyboard after the warning, they may be assuming the risk of further injury. It is a very positive move by Compaq." He points out, however, thet Compaq's action may have repercussions for other manufacturers. "In several respects, Compaq's warning labels increase the liability of other manufacturers that do not put labels on their products."

Compaq has demonstrated that there is an effective way to alert users to the risks of keyboard use, says Mr Lakind.
*Other companies now have a greater likelihood of being sned, because Compaq has shown that it is feasible to warn users while other compa-nies have declined to do so."

Similarly, UK lawyers acting for insurers or employees say warning labels will undermine the argument that employers are unaware of the dangers of keyboard use, making it more difficult to defend against injury claims.

Mr David Scrutton of Kennedys, e law firm that often acts for insurance companies, says that employers will be under increased pressure to abide by

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lia will be toned down. It will read: "IMPORTANT NOTICE: For comfortable and safe use please read the Safety and Comfort Guide." The purpose of this label and

PCs sold in the UK and Austra-

of the US one is the same, according to Compaq - to draw users' attention to the guide book, which will be the same throughout the world. The different wording is a "cultural" issue, the company says. The variation, however, also

reflects the different legal climates. In the UK and Australia, where employers have been sued, computer manufacturers must balance concerns about liability with the interests of

In the US, it is computer manufacturers which are being accused of failing to warn cus tomers about the alleged risks of injury. These cases will revolve around the question of what the computer companies knew and when they knew it". says Mr Lakind. To date, no damages have been awarded in these product liability suits, although there are rumours of out-of-court settlements.

Because there is no definitive scientific evidence linking keyboards to injuries, other computer manufacturers have so far been reluctant to issue warnings. "A warning suggests that there is e problem with the product, says one official at IBM, the computer giant. IBM maintains that it is the way that some people use the products, rather than an inherent feature of keyboards, that can cause injuries. The company has no plans to put a warning label on its keyboards.

However, Microsoft, the leading supplier of software for PCs, which is soon to introduce its first keyboard, will put a warning label on the product, e company official saye. And members of the Center for Office Technology, a US PC industry group that bas focused on RSI problems, plan to meet this month to reconsider the labelling issue.

The outcome of an RSI claim against IBM, due to go to trial in Rhode Island next month, may determine whether warning labels become a standard feature of PCs.

about the link between key-If they do, and the link between RSI and keyboards becomes more explicitly acknowledged, it will be increasingly incumbent on employers worldwide to provide safeguards against keyboard-related injuries Additional reporting by John

by legal concerns, Compaq has said that the warning label on Mason

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Pen state be accommon as source or through a day automated and through a duty sufforced agent.

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Superhighway in need of a route

he technologists, politicians, and policy thinktanks have all had their say on the information superhighway. Most agree that it will not only be a place to work, but also to play. Films, books and music are all expected to become widely accessi-ble "oo-line" as the rush towards the information highway becomes

But what of the artists whose work is supposed to become a featured attractioo oo this journey? Aside from the announced corporatist objectives of movie moguls such as George Lucas and Steveo Spielberg, little has been heard from the artistic (creative) com-

A fresb perspective comes from William Gibson, the Vancouverbased author who coined the term "cyberspace" in the mid-1980s in his best-selling science fiction novel Neuromancer.

Gibson says the whole notico of an informatioo highway is misconceived. He is firmly of the opinion that all of the hoopla is othing more than an attempt by industry to sell us things we doo't want and by governments to be involved where they really aren't needed. "My feeling is that it all originates from an ad ageocy somewhere - which is basically the US government," be says wryly. "The ootioo of an information highway is a bogus metaphor - what they are offering is a lot

more like a [sbopping] mall." Gibson also believes that business people and politicians have no concept of wby the Internet the best example yet of a so-called "information highway" in action – is such a success, with an estimated 30m users worldwide.

"The Internet is strange, It doesn't make any money. It is transnational, beyond anyone's control. It is the great anarchist event," says Gibson. "If what these guys [in governments and industry] are calling the information highway is an infrastructure npgrade [to fibre-optic cabling and high-speed switching systems] that's great." But if they want to create a system that is controlled and generates business, "it won't

He doubts that the information

highway will be commercially viable until whatever is behind the

anomaly, or is there some inherent value in the technology used to create it?" he asks rhetorically.
Gibsoo says that the mystery of
the success of the internet is likely to prevent it from being completely "hijacked" by commer-clal interests. "The commercial interests are looking at this as a medium like television," he notes "But it is actually much more like a language than a traditional

growth of the internet is better understood. "Is it an historical

Gibson says it is the universal ity of the Internet that makes it similar to a language - tt is open to everyone and used by all manner of people. This universality is evident when you start browsing around the discussion areas which include everything from pornography to religious fundamentalism to topics in the news.

The Internet also provides the means to break down governmentimposed barriers. During the dark est days of the 1991 failed coup attempt against Mikhail Gorba-chev in the old Soviet Union, for example, it was the Internet that provided an international route out for many messages about what was really happening. Despite its usefulness as a mech

anism for free speech, Gibson says it is still hard to define what any body means when they talk about an information highway. He sug gests that the technology underly ing any "information highway" is currently akin to the many mechanical devices designed in the Victorian era to achieve cine ma-like effects before the first really effective uses of film tech nology arrived

He adds that this is partly because the potential of the various converged technologies is not really apparent until the convergence takes place - and suggests that if you look back to the turn of the century and read the Victorians' visions of what life would be like in 2000, you get some idea of how the public fascination with the possibilities of emerging technologies often outstrips any kind of realistic analysis of what the future might hold.

he technological distinction between biotechnology and pharmacenticals has become so nebulous that many people in the industry now differentiste simply between large companies, mostly pharmaceuticals, and small companies, mostly bio-

technology groups.

Drug discovery methods in the two fields are merging to create a new multi-faceted approach. "Pharmacenticals are starting to look at biotechnology not as a different industry but as part of their industry," says Jereny Levin, president of New York-based Cadus Pharmaceutical. "And biotechnology companies have realised that they have a lot to learn from pharmaceutical companies in terms of drug discov-ery methods."

The result is a botch-potch of

tools ranging from structure-based drug design - crystallising and X-raying a molecule to come up with a computer model - to robotic screening, using robots for high-speed random testing.

Pharmaceuticals are quickly adopting what were once considered hiotechnology methods, Bristol-Myers Squibb of New York, for instance, says it used computerbased design, traditionally a biotechnology tool, to belp it come up with one of its best-sellers, the hypertension drug Capoten.

Biotechnology companies are becoming adept at traditional pharmaceutical strengths such as chemistry. The boundaries between the two industries have become so foggy that Chiron, a large Californian biotechnology company, is now providing chemistry assistance in a joint venture with Syntex, a neighbouring pharmaceutical group. "We're doing the chemistry, Syntex the biology, says Walter Moos, vice-president of Chiron Technologies. "That's not the way it usually works, but it just shows you how weak the divisions are these

Until recently, many biotechnology companies scorned pharmaceuticals' old method of random screening as nothing more than a game of chance. Pharmaceutical companies test bundreds of thousands of compounds in a laboratory until they achieve the desired chemical reac-

Biotechnology companies believed they could find cures in a more direct manner. Structurebased design - sometimes called rational drug design - allowed them to look at molecules in detail. The answer, many believed, was to study the particular molecular site in the body where binding was desired, and design a molecule to fit into it. Blotechnology companies hoped to produce molecules like pieces of a jigsaw puzzle, creating an exact match in the right place.

The last few years have revealed



Hand in hand

The barriers between biotechnology and pharmaceuticals are gradually disappearing, says Victoria Griffith

weaknesses in the computer-based approach, however. Determining the structure of a site is difficult. It often depends on being able to turn a floppy protein molecule into a crystal for analysis. But the structure the computer software predicts will fit into the structure simply may not. Scientists often discover the model's weaknesses as soon as they begin testing in the laboratory.

Even if the new molecule fits into a site, it may not lead to a cure, especially for complex diseases such as cancer, arthritis or Aids. "The idea was that by targeting a single molecule, you could stop a disease, says Levin, "but most illnesses are a lot more complicated than that."

While scientists were coming to grips with the weaknesses of computer-based design over the last few years, pharmaceuticals' traditional screening methods were undergoing a renaissance. Sophisticated robotics, for instance, mean that companies can now screen compounds far

faster than previously.
"It's like gambling," says Prabha Fernandes, vice-president of biomolecular screening at Bristol-Myers Squibb. "The more you play, the better the chances of getting a

Drug companies are also starting to adopt screening methods which bundle dozens, even thousands, of compounds in a single test tube.

Those that get no reaction are immediately discarded, rapidly narrowing the field.

Although the screening methods are becoming more sophisticated, they are increasingly viewed as just one tool in the drug discovery process. Computer-based design may not be perfect, but it can provide scientists with key leads in their search for the right molecule.

What we're seeing is an inter-play between screening and rational drug design," says Marilyn Hartig, head of external science and tech-nology at Bristol Myers. "The methods get worked and re-worked in a cycle until you get the molecule you

The biotechnology firm Procept, for example, uses structure-based design to come up with a "lead" - a clue as to what the right molecule will look like - then follows up with extensive screening. "We define shape, size and grooves and com-pare that to our existing database," says James Jenson, the group's chief scientist. "Then we screen only the molecules we think have a good chance of working."
Biotechnology methods can also
be used to help build up a "library"

of molecules for screening. Lib-raries - databases of natural and synthetic compounds that can be tested for effectiveness in treating certain diseases - are becoming a priority as screening regains ground. Pharmaceutical companies usually bold libraries of hundreds of thousands of molecules. Blotechnology companies are starting to catch up. Chiron, for instance, claims its library oow compares in size with that at many of the large

pharmaceutical groups.

The question remains whether the new multi-faceted approach to drug discovery is just an interim step as the industry waits for structure-based design methods to mature. "Rational drug design is getting stronger and will one day be able to stand alone," predicts Peter Johnson, president of southern California's Agouron, which relies heavily on computer based design, but has, over the last few years, boosted its screening capabilities.

Meanwhile, the increasing complementarity of the drug discovery methods of biotechnology and phar-maceutical groups will probably help stimulate more collaborations tween the two industries.

Non-technological distinctions between biotechnology and pharmaceutical groups remain clear. Pharmaceuticals have the capital many hiotechnology companies desper-ately need. Biotechnology groups have the agility and entrepreneurial attitudes of smaller companies. Both need each other, and with each side crossing increasingly into the technological hemisphere of the other, collaboration should become even more truitful.

Heat of the moment

Source suits in south

W()()

consortium of ceramic manufacturers and electricity supply companies, is testing kiln technology that will provide savings in energy, time and spoilage.
In the UK alone the annual

energy saving could amount to £12m, according to Ruth Wroe of EA Technology, the company managing the project. The potential savings in Europe would be about 10 times as

Microwave-assisted gas firing (MAGF) saves energy because microwaves heat ceramic objects volumetrically (uniformly). Volumetric heating eliminates the temperature stresses that occur as heat is conducted into the object from the surface in a conventional kiln.
The absence of beat stress

means temperatures can be raised much more rapidly, reducing firing time. Even though microwaves are more expensive, the energy cost (typically 8 per cent of the production cost) can be reduced by np to 40 per cent, according

Ceramics do not absorb microwaves at low temperatures, so they cannot be fired efficiently with microwaves alone. MAGF uses conventional gas firing to raise the temperature to the point at which microwaves become effective. It may be possible to add microwave assistance to conventional kilns.

The trials for the ceramic nanufacturers include the construction of three kilns. The largest will be a 15-metre tunnel kiln for large-scale trial firings of consortium members products. The first kiln has been

Consortium members will have the right to a non-exclusive royalty-free licence to the MAGF technology. Non members will be able to license MAGF later for a price at least three times that of consortium membership. The fist of consortium members includes about half the leading UK ceramics companies.

Andrew Derrington

PEOPLE

Crawford relocates to Scottish Enterprise

Scottish Enterprise, the development organisation for Scotland ontside the Highlands, has put most of its key operations into a single unit and made Robert Crawford. below, its managing director. Crawford, 43, is currently director of Locate in Scotland, Scotland's inward investment



The new unit, called the national operations group, will incorporate Locate in Scotland, as well as Scottish Enterprise's Scottisb and international operations division, run by Bob Downes, and its business development division under Russel Griggs. A new director will be sought for Locate in Scotland.

The new group is being created by Crawford Beveridge, Scottish Enterprise's chief executive, to integrate different parts of the organisation dealing with businesses. While foreign companies wanting to set up plants in Scotland deal with Locate in Scotland, those wanting to trade with Scottish companies may go to Scottish Trade International, part of Scottisb and international

in charge of a big chunk of Scottish Enterprise's headquar-ters in Glasgow, though most of the organisation's £450m budget is spent by the 13 local enterprise companies all over southern Scotland He bas had a successful

Robert Crawford will now be

operations.

three years running Locate in Scotland: prior to that he was head of its operations in the US where be belped persuade Sun Microsystems to locate its European plant in Scotland.

Crawford was educated at Strathclyde university and was then a Kennedy scholar at Har-

After a spell as research officer for the Scottish National party he did a PhD at Glasgow university, then spent a year

with Citibank and three years with the Fraser of Allander

Eadie tempted by fund management role Colin Day, chairman of

Henderson Pension Fund Man-agement (HPFM) is a very happy man, having secured the agreement of Dugald Eadie to join as managing director of HPFM.

Eadie, 50 next month, is acknowledged as one of the leading international figures in measuring investment performance, having been with the Edinburgh-based Wood Mackenzie since 1968. He became a partner of the firm in 1973. Wood Mackenzie was

acquired by Hill Samnel in 1984, whereupon the firm's computers services business became a separate entity, known as WM Company, with Eadle as its chairman. WM Company was in turn acquired by Bankers Trust in 1987, for

In May this year it was reported that Eadie was stand-ing down as chairman of WM, but would continue as a nonexecutive director and senior

Eadie is a figure closely associated with the creation of the UK investment performance measurement industry, as well as one of its leading exponents
- hence the jubilation of Colin
Day at getting him to join HPFM from November 1.

The European Federation of of Financial Analysts' Societies (EFFAS) recently appointed Eadie to establish a permanent commission on performance measurement

Eadie too is keen to start his new role, which will be much more of a business development function.

Hampson powers onwards

Chris Hampson, former director of Imperial Chemical Industries, is to become chairman of Yorkshire Electricity in the latest appointment of a relative outsider to one of the power industry's top jobs. He is taking over from John

Tysoe, who steps down in October after nearly 30 years in electricity.

Hampson's appointment fol-lows that of Sir Bob Reid, Brit-ish Rail chairman, as chair at London Electricity, and Nigel Rudd, chairman at conglomerate Williams Holdings, as chairman at East Midlands

Electricity.

Most chief executives at the 12 regional electricity compa-nies have come up through the ranks, but relative newcomers include Mike Hughes at Mid-lands and John Devaney at Eastern. Hampson joined Yorkshire's board earlier this year as a non-executive director, after a career with ICI including spells in Canada and Australia.

■ Sir Geoff Mulcahy, executive chairman of Kingfisher, has joined the Anglo-French joint board of Eurotunnel as a nonexecutive director, one of seven British joint board mem

Tec chief changes place

Richard Guy, one of the most innovative chief executives of a Training and Enterprise Council, has been appointed as the new chief executive of Manchester Tec.

Guy, 42, below, has played a significent role both locally and nationally in the activities of Tecs, which administer government funded training and foster enterprise.



He has been chief executive of South and East Cheshire Tec, one of the top Tecs according to government league tables, since 1989 when it was one of the first established. Manchester Tec is substantially larger than South and East Cheshire Tec and serves a more complex community.

NON-EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS

■ Trevor Bonner, a director of GKN, at AVON RUBBER Roger Pinnington, former chief executive of Royal Ord-nance, as chairman at BRIT-ISH WORLD AVIATION GROUP.

John Irish, former chairman and chief executive of Spar, as chairman at OSTA. Andrew Ball has resigned

from D.C. COOK HOLDINGS. ■ Gordon Yardley has retired from AAF INDUSTRIES Henry Lewis, co-founder of Action Computer Supplies, at STANDARD PLATFORMS

HOLDINGS. John Prout at BERRY BIRCH & NOBLE, having retired as finance director. Richard Chapman, principal of Kingsley chartered accomtants, as chairman of The WASTE COMPANY; Dick Gar-

Rohert Jolitife, a former

rett has retired.

ING SOCIETY.

finance director of the com-pany, at AUTOMAGIC HOLD-INGS; Michael Pettit has resigned.

Michael Gurner, former md of Continuous Stationery, at SOUNDTRACS. Danny Kitchen, formerly

with Investment Bank of Ireland, and Rory O'Hanlon, a former minister of health and for the environment, at KING-SPAN GROUP.

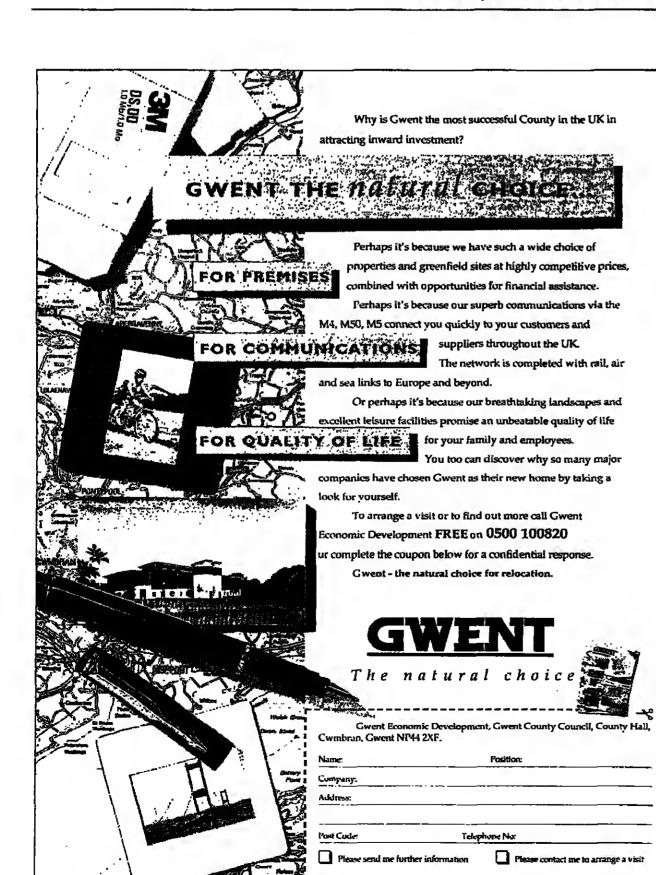
■ Bill Henderson, retired from ULSTER TV.

Graham Waldron, chairman

of Headlam Group, at RYLAND GROUP, David Carruthers, md of the piston products and engine parts aftermarket division of T&N, at YORKSHIRE BUILD

■ David Sebire, resigned from

HENRY ANSBACHER & CO. ■ Stephen Cockhnrn and Brian Holford at LAZARD SMALLER EQUITIES INVEST MENT TRUST: Boh Smith and



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Something stirs in the southern woods

William Packer welcomes a new sculpture park on the Sussex Downs

he idea of the Sculpture Park is not exactly new. Sculpture, after all, has heen an art of the out-of-doors since art began, and the principla that contemporary work in particular may be shown to advantage in a sylvan or rural setting is a modern com-monplace. To think of the progress from the old London County Council's pioneering shows in Battersea Park to the present Sculpture Trails through Grizedale Forest and the Forest of Dean, and to the York-shire Sculpture Park at Wakefield, is to make the point.

But that is not to say we have too much of a good thing. The Yorkshire Sculpture Park may now be one of the most popular cultural attractions in the entire north of England, but there is nothing yet of similar scope and permanence in the south. Whether or not the Hat Hill Sculpture Foundation at Goodwood will now supply the deficiency, we shall see. One swallow may not make a summer, and one short inaugural season hardly achieves a policy, but the initial commitment is nonetheless impressive, with firm already raised and more to come from public and pri-

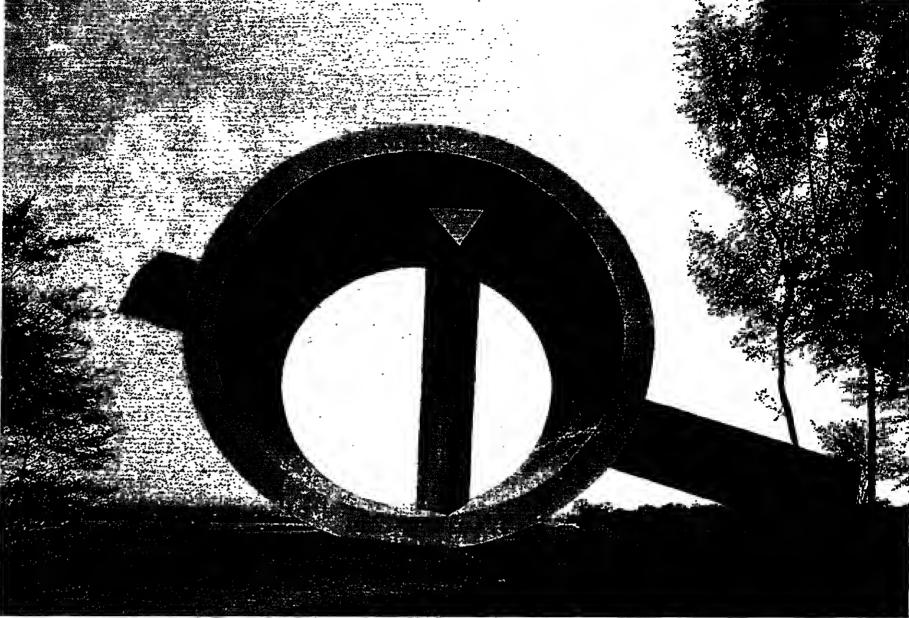
vate sources Wilfred and Jeannette Cass have been patrons and collectors of contemporary art for many years. Needing more space, they bought Hat Hill Copse four years ago, a modern house standing in some 20 acres of woodland on the southern slopes of the Sussex Downs, close to Goodwood House, Their foundation sprang from that move. It was set up in 1991 as a registered charity.

centre and gallery, a state-of-the-art electronic archive, a resident curator. Rides and walks have heen cut through the forest, clearings cleared, sculptures begged, borrowed or commissioned

It is a brave undertaking indeed and, for the moment, beyond criticism. The stated aims are unexceptionable - "to promote the understanding, enjoymant and development of contemporary sculpture; to support artists and design-ers; to act as a catalyst and focus for siting sculpture in the open air." We may boggle a bit at the thought of the focused catalyst, or perhaps it is a catalytic focus. A question or two are begged — does contemporary sculpture really need such specially promoted understanding and enjoyment: such focused siting? But it all boils down to Good Works, and good inck to them.

It looks very new, the paths still rather bright and unweathered, the

turf new-laid, the tracks and rides still a little stark. Nature will recruit herself soon enough and, in a second season, all will seem long established. But, in the copse's wilder parts, are not some of the set sites for sculpture now just a little too well-cleared and fixed? We hear of these grounds having been spe-cially landscaped to the purpose, yet it is always hard to get these things right first time, Just as in moving into a new house, might it not have been wiser to leave the pattern of use to declare itself by degrees over a year or two, as differ-ent shows and new works reveal fresh aspects of the woods them-



Art in the country: Nigel Hall's 'Soglio' (1994) made from corten steel in the grounds of Hat Hill House at Goodwood

Certainly, for the moment, the Nash's tall and black "Charred Coletter sitings are either those in the umn", are all shown to particular replaced and sales made. This first better sitings are either those in the older, more open and formal parts and discreet within the woods. In this latter respect, William Turnbull's totemic "Spade Venus", Peter Randall-Page's carved limestone lumps, Andy Goldsworthy's "Herd of Arches" that prances through the

advantage. It is a profound irritaof the garden - such as Nigel Hall's
"Soglio" - a buge wedge and circle
of rusted steel, or those more secret
ition, by the way, that while a map,
and not the most accurate, is provided, the works themselves are neither numbered nor labelled, which can confuse and frustrate even the most experienced of visitors.

Wa are promised, in coming seasons, a programme of temporary wood beside the path, and David exhibitions and a changing display blage, from the symbolic and

show consists of some 40 works by some 30 sculptors. There is no theme to it, nor is it a survey in any real sense: rather it is simply a slice cut from the larger cake, and none the worse for that. It offers work across the full range of current activity, from the figurative to the abstract, from carving and modelling to construction and assem-

totemic to the minimal and the con-ceptual. Stephen Cox, Phillip King, Paul Neagu, Ian Hamilton Finlay, Grenville Davey, Anthony Caro, Michael Sandle, Bill Woodrow and Tony Cragg are among the estab-lished sculptors represented. Less familiar artists, too, are given their chance, while many distinguished names are conspicuously absent. So be it, for the roll-call for once is not the point. The immediate purpose of "Sculpture at Goodwood" is

to demonstrate an opportunity and propose possibilities for the future. Mr and Mrs Cass are certainly to be congratulated on their initiative, and their Hat Hill Sculpture Foundation offered a real if cautious wel-

■ Sculpture at Goodwood - Hat Hill Scalpture Foundation, Goodwood, West Sussex PO18 0QP: open by appointment until Novembe Fax 0243-531853; sponsored by the Image Bank.

Lucerne loosens its collar

for its well-heeled audiences, its conservatism and predict ability - is branching out into activities which are less exchi-

sive, more experimental. The popular hit this summer has been a late-evening open-air spectacle, in which audiences were taken round a theme-park of dance, mime and lighting shows. There have been concerts of Swiss folk music and avant-garde jazz, plus a modified version of the street music competition introduced two years ago. The line-up also includes an improvisation concert, designed to turn traditional concert ritual on its bead, and an event in which the renowned Swiss clown Dimitri assumes the role of conductor.

For many Swiss, all this has come as a pleasant shock. The festival has long been identified with imported culture - a parade of top-class orchestras, conductors and soloists from anywhere but Switzerland. Its traditional public is rich and stuffy - the kind of peopla who

has begun to shed cert and pay SFr180 (£90) for a stood for.

some of its inhibiticket. Locals have complained But the two seem to get on that they feel excluded, that well. Bamert began by pledgmake it distinctive is to reflect the festival has little relevance ing to maintain the quality of the colour and flavour of

to Lucerne and its people. That has begun to change. True, this year's programme is as strong as ever on expensive international stars, headed by Maurizio Pollini and Anne-Sophie Mutter, the Berlin Philharmonic with Abbado and the Vienna Philharmonic with Muti. Now there is a counterbalance - a series of unconventional events which have captored the popular imagination.

Tha change has been engineered by Matthias Bamert. the Swiss conductor who became festival director three years ago. Lucerne and Bamert looked an odd couple. Bamert, 52, has spent most of his career outside Switzerland, learning his craft under Stokowski and Szell in America, before emerging as a leading interpreter of contemporary music in Europe. Since 1987 he has lived in London, working regularly with British orchestras and winning plaudits for his performances of British and French music. With his taste for the off-beat and the new, he was

The Lucerne Festival wear evening dress for a con-the antithesis of what Lucerne He is adamant that his festi-

the symphony concerts which underpin the festival's reputation. This allayed any fears harboured by the Friends Organisation – a group of 300 wealthy individuals who pay an annual subscription of up to SFr8,000 for priority booking. He has also proved a dab hand at fund-raising. Although absent for most of the year, leading the peripatetic life of a conductor, Bamert has increased sponsorship by five times. Privately-generated income now accounts for 35 per cent of the festival's SFr8m budget. Public subsidy is only 5 per cent. The rest comes from

box-office. Barnert argues that as long as the festival remains financially stable, he is free to experiment. His aim, he says, is to make the festival less predictable, and to give it a more local flavour. "Predictability kills curiosity. I don't want people to have a fixed idea of what the Lucerne Festival is like. I want them to be con-

stantly surprised."

Lucerne. That's why I want local people to be involved. A third of this summer's perfor mances are geared to the people of Lucerne, rather than the international festival public.

Only when everyone here feels

'festival fever' will we have the

vibrant festival I dream of." Barnert inherited a smoothrunning organisation which catered well for a particular public. Sceptics say there was no need to change a successful formula, that Bamert's innovations are gimmicks which have no place at an international festival. Change has involved risks. His theme-park spectacle this summer generated public-ity and goodwill - but if it had been rained off, the event would have been a financial and artistic wash-out. He has

placed a huge amount of faith in local "alternative" artistes. Another gamble was to hand the opening concerts to a new festival orchestra, made up of former members of the European Community and Gustav Mahler Youth Orchestras. That



Anne-Sophie Mutter

paid off, thanks to the skill and enthusiasm of the players, and the experience of conductors such as Kurt Sanderling and Gennady Rozhdestvensky.

Barnert's challenge is to weld together the old and the new. His programme theme this year - "Forms of Interpretation" - was broad enough to embrace just about everything. Finding equally versatils themes for next year and heyond will test Bamert's lively imagination to the full.

The festival runs until Saturday. Box office: tel (41) 233080 fax (41) 239464.

Wigmore Hall season / Richard Fairman

The chamber opens

audience for chamb music just goes on holiday in the Hall is closed, no other venue in London tries to fill the gap and the opening of the new season on the first weekend of September is greeted with pent-up enthusiasm.

Advance bookings are said to be healthy this year. A series of concerts marking the tercentenary of Purcell's death (not strictly due until 1995) is already heavily sold, suggesting that the Wigmore

Hall might profit from scheduling more early music. On its traditional territory of song recttals it has again put together an impressive line-up of singers for its Internation Festival of Song, which starts the season.

No favouritism was shown at the opening night. Four singers had been invited to share the platform on Saturday, which is a clever way of making sure that fewer Andrew Clark | important people feel slighted. Barbara Bonney, Anne Sofie

von Otter, Kurt Streit and Olaf quickly doused with cold Bar together for a light-hearted programme of vocal quartets by Brahms and inevitably - both sets of Brahms's evergreen Liebestieder-Watzer.

The singers came down from the Edinburgh Festival, where they had performed the same programme as a late-night recital, which was recorded live by EMI. Why the record company should choose the Usher Hall for its recording is a mystery. The Wigmore offers a far more appropriate ambience for intimate music like these drawing-room quartets and there was nothing but delight to be had from hearing them there, sung

The quartet was perfectly balanced and admirably accompanied by Helmut Deutsch and Bengt Forsberg. Bonney's tender cradling of the soprano solos was particularly lovely.

by four such high-quality

It was a shame that the warm glow they left was so

water the following night Christiane Oeize and Hans Peter Blochwitz performed a substantial selection of songs from Wolf's Spanisches Liederbuch and promptly disproved a theory gaining credence of late, namely that a good voice and a native sufficient to guarantee a Lieder singer who is worth bearing, Oelze and Blochwitz both have fine voices and both are German, but their Wolf was as hland as could be.

Barely any song managed to pin down its central emotion with real decisiveness, though when Oelze did start to lead the way and get a grip on the more extrovert songs, the ianist Eric Schneider usually followed in sympathy. In this set of songs Wolf

shows a remarkably sharp ability to probe pain and anguish, of which these two singers seemed hissfully unaware. After 90 minutes of nice singing one came away feeling thoroughly anaesthetised.

ARTS GUIDE

Monday: Berlin, New York and

Tuecday: Austria, Belgium, Netherlands, Switzerland, Chi-cago, Washington.

Wednesday: France, Ger-

Thursday: Italy, Spain, Athens,

European Cable and

NBC/Super Channel: FT Business Today 1330; FT

Business Tonight 1730, 2230

Euronews: FT Reports 0745, 1315, 1545, 1815, 2345

Satellite Business TV

(Central European Time)

MONDAY TO FRIDAY

NBC/Super Channel: FT Reports 1230.

Friday: Exhibitions Guide.

London, Prague.



■ AMSTERDAM

Concertgebouw Tonight: Esa-Pekka Salonen conducts Los Angeles Philharmonic Orchestra in works by Purcell, Mozert and Sibelius, with ciano soloist Emanuel Ax. Tornorrow, Thurs: Riccardo Chailly conducts Royal Concertgebouw Orchestra in Berg, Schoenberg and Mahler, Sat afternoon: Mariss Jansons conducts Rotterdam Philharmonic Orchestra In Prokoflev and Bruckner, with plano soloist Mikhail Rudy. Sat evening: Gilbert Kapian conducts Mahler's Second Symphony, Sun morning: Jan-Willem de Vriend conducts Combattimento Consort in Bach, Telemann and Muffat, with contralto Bernarda Fink. Sun evening: Ton Koopman conducts Amsterdam Baroque Orchestra in a Haydin programme (24-hour information service 020-675 4411 ticket reservations 020-671

Muziektheater Tonight, Sat (continues till Sep 30): Hartmut Maenchen conducts David Pountney's production of Lady Macbeth of Mtsensk, with Eva-Maria

Bundschuh and Willard White. Tornorrow, Thurs. Fri, Sun afternoon (continues till Sep 21): Dutch National Ballet in choreographies by Balanchine, Fernandez and Van Dantzig (020-625 5455)

■ BRUSSELS Monnaie Tomorrow: Antonio

Pappano conducts final performance of Karl-Ernst and Ursel Herrmann's production of La traviata, with Elzbieta Szmytka, Laurence Dale and Victor Ledbetter. Next production: Tristan und Isolde, opening Oct 1 (02-218 1211) alais des Beaux Arts Sun: Carlo Rizzi conducts Orchestra of the Monnale In symphonies by Schubert and Mahler (02-507 8200)

■ CHICAGO

Chicago's Lyric Opera and the Chicago Symphony Orchestra begin their 1994-5 seasons on the same evening - Sep 17. The opening opera production is Boris Godunov starring Samuel Ramey. The Lyric's season also includes Graham Vick's new production of The Rake's Progress, Fedora with Freni and Domingo, Il barblere di Siviglia with Thomas Hampson, John Cox's staging of Capriccio, Bernstein'a Candide, Alda and Siegfried (312-332 2244). Daniel Barenbokm conducts the first three weeks of Chicago Symphony concerts at Orchestra Hall, opening with a choral programme of Bruckner and Beethoven (Sep 17, 20, 27). Itzhak Periman is violin soloist on Sep 22. 23 and 24, and gives a recital with

Barenboim on Sep 26 (312-435

Angels in America: this autumn sees

new productions of Tony Kushner'a two-part epic in several American cities. The national touring version, directed by Michael Mayer and featuring Jonathan Hadary as Roy Cohn, opens at Chicago's Royal George Theatre tonight (312-988

■ GENEVA

Hugues Gall's final season at the Grand Theatre opens next Mon with a new production of idomeneo, conducted by Armin Jordan and staged by Christopher Alden, with a cast headed by Johan Botha, Paul Groves and Solveig Kringelborn. Repeated Sep 15, 17, 20, 23, 26, 28 (022-311 2311)

■ THE HAGUE

Dr Anton Philipszaal Gilbert Kaplan conducts the Hague Philharmonic Orchastra and Chorus on Fri In Mahler's Second Symphony (070-360 9810)

The annual Bruckner festival in this Austrian town opens on Sun with a performance of Bruckner's Seventh Symphony by the Vienna Philharmonic under Riccardo Muti. Gluseppe Sinopoli conducts the Philharmonia Orchestra in two concerts (Sep 16 and 17), and the Orchestre de Paris will play Bruckner's Ninth under Semyon Bychkov (Sep 23). Marek Janowski will direct a concert performance of

Wagner's Lohengrin, with a cast headed by Peter Seiffert and Eva Johansson (Sep 25). Other visitors include the Hagen Quartet, Christian Zacharias, Stron Estes and Mauricio Kagel. The final two concerts on Oct 1 and 2 are given by the London Philharmonic under Franz Weiser-Möst (0732-775230)

LUCERNE

The Luceme Festival ends this week with concerts by Klangforum Wien under Hans Zender, the Dresden Staatskapelle under Colin Davis and the Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra under Riccardo Muti. The final concert is on Sat (041-235272)

■ MONTREUX

Tonight's Tchaikovsky concert at the Auditodum Stravinski is given by the Moscow State Symphony Orchestra, with cello soloist Matt Haimovitz Carlo Maria Glufini conducts the Orchestra of La Scala in Beethoven's Fourth and Fifth Symphonies on Thurs. The final concert of the Montreux Festival is on Sep 23, when Martha Argerich is soloist with the Lyon Opera Orchestra under Kent Nagano (021-963 5450)

■ ROTTERDAM

De Doelen Thurs, Fri, Sat afternoon: Mariss Jansons conducts Rotterdam Philhermonic Orchestra in Prokofiev's Second Piano Concerto (Mikhail Rudy) and Bruckner's Fourth Symphony. Next Mon: Valery

Gergiev conducts Kirov Opera Orchestra in concert performance of Verdi's Otello, with cast headed by Alexei Steblianko and Galina Gorchakova (010-217 1717)

■ VIENNA

 The Stata Opera will remain closed for technical alterations till Dec 14, but Riccardo Muti will conduct a series of performances of Cosi fan tutte at Theater an der Wien starting Oct 29. The Volksoper, which opened last week for the new season, will host a State Opera Ballet production based on Lehar's Die lustige Witwe, first night Sep 19 (51444 2969/51444 2959/513 1513) Wolfgang Engel directs a new production of Shakespeare's Titus Andronicus, opening at the

Akademietheater on Sat. The Burgtheater's new season has opened with a revival of Chekhov's Three Sisters (51444 2969/51444 2959/513 1513)

 The Orchestre de Paris opens the main season of orchestral concerts at the Musikverein on Sep 24 and 25 (505 8190)

WASHINGTON

MISIC B.B. King, Dr John and Muddy Waters Tribute Band head the bill in a blues festival on Thurs and Fri at Wolf Trap. Roger Daltrey sings music of The Who on Sun (703-255

 Leonard Station, music director-designate of the National Symphony, opens the orchestra's new season at Kennedy Center

Concert Hall on Thurs, Fri and Sat with a programme including Beethoven's First Piano Conce (Helen Huang) and Copland's Third Symphony (202-467 4600) THEATRE

 The Rise and Fall of Little Voice: Jim Cartwright's play about a young girl who mimics the voices of pop female vocalists. Opens tomorrow at Studio Theater (202-332 3300)

 A Perfect Ganesh: Terrence McNally's play about two New England matrons on a persona quest as they journey through India. Opens at the Kreeger on Fri (202-488 3300) Flyin' West: this play about

courage and frontier justice in late 19th century America is produced by New Jersey's acclaimed Crossroads Theatre. Opens on Sat at Eisenhower Theater (202-467

 Miss Saigon: the musical love story set against the background of the Vietnam war. Dally except Mon at Kennedy Center Opera House (202-467 4600)

ZURICH

(01-261 1600)

Opernhaus Tomorrow, Sat: Franz. Welser-Möst conducts Erwin Piplits' production of Rusalka, with Gabriela Benackova, Thurs, Sun: Tosca with Mara Zampleri and Nell Shicoff. Next Mon: Carlo Bergonzi song recital. Sep 17: first night of new production of La Cenerentola, starring Cecilia Bartoli (01-262 0909) Tonhalle Tomorrow, Fri. Vladimir Fedosseyev conducts Tonhalle Orchestra in works by Glinka,

Tchaikovsky and Shostakovich

WEDNESDAY NBC/Super Channel: FT Reports 1230

MONDAY

FRIDAY NBC/Super Channel FT Reports 1230 Sky News: FT Reports 0230, 2030

SUNDAY NBC/Super Channel: FT Reports 2230 Sky News: FT Reports 0430,

r Fernando Henrique Cardoso. Brazil's former finance minister who left the government in April to contest next month'a presidential elections, was hoping a quiet September would help consolidate his lead in opinion polls. He must be disappointed.

On Sunday his successor at the finance ministry, Mr Rubens Ricupero, resigned after making emharrassing comments in an interview which was transmitted by mistake on satellite TV. During the interview Mr Ricupero suggested he and the government, were using Brazil's latest anti-inflation plan and its main component, a new cur-rency, the Real, to help Mr Cardoso win votes.

Many observers long auspected the plan had electoral as well as economic objectives. But Mr Ricupero's admission of support for Mr Cardoso which is illegal under Brazilian laws restricting the state's role in elections - has ignited the election campaigo. Though ettempts by Mr Cardoso's main opponents to have him disqualified are unlikely to succeed their threat of a legal challenge has put his campaign on the nsive for the first time.

Until now, Mr Cardoso has had a strong opinion poll lead over Mr Luiz Inàcio Lula da Silva of the leftwing Workers Party (PT). A survey by polling agency Datafolha, last week gave Mr Cardoso 45 per cent and Mr da Silva 23 per cent. Mr Cardoso's advisers are still confident of victory. Mr Antonio Carlos Magalhães, one of his main backers, insisted on Brazilian radio: "This won't upset the campaign. People want stability and that is what they have with the Real plan." But Mr Rlcupero's resignation has raised questions about the future effectiveness of the Real. Not only has his departure created uncertainty at an early stage of the new currency, but the political motives behind its introduction have been exposed. In turn, that has led to questions about whether the chances of Mr Cardoso's

opponents have improved. Mr Cardoso and Mr Ricupero have been the two men most closely associated with the Real. The currency is part of an economic package which has been praised by economists for its emphasis on spending restraint and a balanced budget, rather than political objectives. Since the new currency was introduced on July 1, the monthly inflation rate has fallen from 50 per

Costly slip of the tongue

Angus Foster on the resignation of Brazil's finance minister



Rubens Ricupero, who quit after an indiscreet disclosure on TV

cent to ahout 5 per cent. The Real's success so far has led to a rush of support for Mr Cardoso, who was polling only 20 per cent before the currency's launch. For Brazilians, the fall in infletion has made a big difference to life styles. When monthly inflation was high, people spent their salaries immediately rather than see their purchasing power fall daily. Once inflation dropped, they could plan purchases, consume more or start to save. Mr Luiz Pedone, a political scientist at the University of Brasilia, says: "Among the poor, many families have not had the chance to eat this well

But the good news that has flowed since the Real's introduction came to a halt last week when the inflation figures for August did not show as steep as fall as expected. Mainly for technical reasons connected with rent increases, the rate of price increases in the four weeks to August was

5.46 per cent. The figures prompted powerful unions such as the São Paulo metal workers to call for immediate pay rises to make up for the impact of inflation on real wages since the Real's launch. This is a threat for the government, since pay rises

could feed into higher prices. The job of countering that threat falls to Mr Ciro Gomes, the governor of the northern state of Ceara who succeeded Mr Ricupero as finance minister. He is respected for his suc-cessful – and honest – gover-norship of Ceara. Mr Gomes rushed to stress no policies would be changed.

ut the switch of minister will lead to uncertainty. More damaging will be Mr Ricupero's admission that he did not "have any scruples" deciding when or whether inflation indices were released according to his own advantage. In his interview, Mr Ricupero also suggested some indi-ces may have been doctored by opponents of the government that work in the department which gathers the figures.

Inflation figures are important in Brazil hecause until July they were used regularly usually each month - to adjust salaries, taxes and prices to keep pace with infla-tion. The government hopes that under the Real, such adjustments will be made only once a year - and has so far heen largely snccessful. The danger of Mr Ricupero's comments is that if they under-

For more than a century and a half, Patek Philippe has been known as

differently. It is made using skills and techniques that others have lost

or forgotten. It is made with attention to detail very few people would

notice. It is made, we have to admit, with a total disregard for time. If

the finest watch in the world. The reason is very simple. It is made

mine the credibility of the inflation indices, the private sector will reintroduce regular adjustments, and Brazil's inflationary cycle could start again.

The prospect of a rise in inflation would be damaging to Mr Cardoso, given his close association with the Real. But the chances of a big pick up in inflation before the October 3 contest is slim and many Brazilians, including most of the 33m illiterate and semi-literate voters, may ignore the week-end's incident. They may back Mr Cardoso because of the Real's success so far, rather than its prospects

But Mr Ricupero's admission

of the government's support for Mr Cardoso have been seized on by Mr da Silva and his Workers' Party. Alleging a wider conspiracy between the government, business and media to elect Mr Cardoso, they have questioned the "eth-ics" of Mr Cardoso's campaign. This is a promising theme for the opposition party because most Brazilians agree former president Fernando Collor who resigned amid corruption allegations in 1992, won the 1989 election against Mr da Silva thanks to business and media backing. If the opposi-tion can persuade voters that Mr Cardoso is being backed by the same alliance of interests Mr da Silva's campaign would be transformed. The Workers' Party leader

only needs to persuade some of Mr Cardoso's voters to switch camp at this stage. Under Brazil's election rules, a candidate can win outright in the first round only if he or she attracts more votes than all their competitors combined. If not there will be a run-off between the two leading candidates on November 15. According to last week's Datafolha poll, Mr Cardoso has only a 6 per cent lead over his combined opposition, scarcely a comfortable margin.

The events of the weekend may, therefore, force Mr Cardoso into fighting a second contest. Though opinion polls taken last week suggest he would still be the clear favourite to win, time might start to play against him. If the government is unsuccessful in holding off wage claims and price increases in the next few weeks, inflation may even start to rise and undermine voters'

confidence in Mr Cardoso. Mr Cardoso spent vesterday calming his campaign workers and assuring them his lead in the polls was safe. Even he would agree, however, that thanks to Mr Ricupero, September will now be a nervons rather than tranquil month.

Joe Rogaly

No star to steer by



Heigh-ho, here we go. Summer fun is over for President Bill Clinton. Look at him with

kind eyes. It is a sorry aight. His work is nowhere near done, but he can hardly be enjoying it these days. Something is going wrong. It is too soon to declare his presidency failure, but it does not seem. from the eastern side of the command sufficient clout. Atlantic, to be on the road to glittering success.

According to the most recent He has achieved a crime bill. sort of, but his star policy, a

Time/CNN canvass of public opinion, only 40 per cent of spondents approve of the way Mr Clinton is handling his job. This, we read, is the lowest such score in the past 40 years for any president at the same stage of the game. Many of his policies receive respectable indications of assent from the electorate at large, but the esteem attached to his name is demonstrably low. Democratic candidates in the congressional elections for which campaign-ing officially began yesterday have been advised not to associate themselves with their

national leader. Some of Mr Clinton's misfortune is explicable by factors particular to himself. The Whitewater investigation, an endless prying into the details of land investments made long before he publicly aspired to the presidency, is one such. The outcome may be inconclusive, or it may wholly exonerate Mr and Mrs Clinton, but that is beside the point. The president is weakened by the process. He has been further dehilitated hy the descent, almost to British levels, of public speculation about his past private life.

A second cause of the president's difficulties is beyond his ability to redress. The weakness of party discipline in the US legislature has long been a matter of wonder to European parliamentarians. Democrats and Republicans, whether senators or congressmen, owe their primary allegiance to their local districts and their own careers; support for e president of the sama party comes after that. A popular president, espousing popular policies, can overcome co sional obstruction, but Mr Clinton did not win the necessarily overwhelming popular mandate, and consequently does

comprehensive health insurance scheme, looks bogged down. Welfare reform, promised during the campaign awaits progress

on health. These storms might have better weathered if the president had convinced the American

people that he had an idea of where he was taking them. Parhaps he did when he started, but the evidence suggests otherwise. His foreign policy is inchoate, his domesti policy lamed, his strength of purpose uncertain. His long hesitation on the brink of an invasion of Haiti is one indication of his inherent wohhliness; his tailoring of his Cuban policy to the niceties of Florida politics another.

Mr Clinton has had important successes: the North American Free Trade Agreement, the Partnership for Peace strategy to enlarge Nato, the completion (although oot yet the congressional ratification) of the Uruguay round of trade talks. None of them has been set in the context of a global strategy. That is the

trouble. By all eccounts the president is a highly intelligent man, e quick master of a hrief, consultative, fascinated by debate and policy detail. He is, however, possessed hy the need to win political points with every move he makes; he cannot, or will not, take the

risks leadership requires. There is a double-edged les-son here for centre-left challengers everywhere. As to campaigning, follow the president; as to running the country. don't. Mr Tony Blair, the new leader of Britain'a Labour party, has closely studied Mr Clinton's 1992 campaign. The then governor of Arkaosas spent several

years establish-

from the hope-

After the long

Demo-

back

"new"

worked

Bill Clinton told ing himself as first among the people what they wanted to hear, crats. smiled a lot, bringing the and won. Tony party Blair plainly less intends to do towards the political centre. much the same

> Reagan-Bush years, he campaigned on strong themes calculated to allay middle-class fears. He told people what they wanted to hear, smiled a lot, was blessed by the intervention of Mr Ross Perot, and won.

Mr Blair plainly intends to do much the same, It is a proven election-winning formula, which could, in spite of everything, deliver a second term to Mr Clinton in 1996, not to mention a Labour victory in the same year. It has done marvellously well for Mr Blair this summer: he appears to be as popular as ice-cream. If he does not melt, he could become the first Labour prime minister in nearly two decades,

The US formula does not. however, deliver anything of true value once the votes are counted. I suspect - hope - Mr

worth winning an election if you do not have a clear purpose in doing so. Labour thinking is naturally shaped by long contemplation of the causes of the party's dismal record of electoral failure since 1979. The pitfalls to avoid are often rehearsed. One, frequently referred to by the late Mr John Smith and his then deputy leader, Mrs Margaret Beckett was the production of detailed policies. You must never do that, they said. The Conservatives would cost them, distort the results, and throw the figMAN A

ures back in Labour's face. We will see how much of this obsession with past defeats governs the thinking of Mr Blair when he speaks at Lahour's annual conference next month. His fixation must necessarily be with electoral victory, but he is sophisticated enough to know that office is not all. For confirmation, he has only to consider the case of Mr John Major. In spite of his shortcomings, the prime minister has consistently steered by the light of low inflation. He has also shown determination, and courage, in seeking peace in Northern Ireland. If the latter be sealed, tha two achievements will be recognised by historians, if not necessarily

rewarded by the voters. The hig conundrum remains unresolved. In what direction will Labour steer if it wins? Never mind the details. Let us have just sufficient to assure us that Britain's refreshed party of the centre-left is not to follow the Clinton Democrats down the path to disappoint-ment. Would Labour lapse into a strategy of allowing a little more inflation, in the hope of faster growth and more jobs? Would it seek to redis tribute some income or wealth? What would be its principal lodestar? If we are not to know can we be sure that the puta tive next prime minister does?

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Fax 071 873 5938. Letters transmitted should be clearly typed and not hand written. Please set fax for finest resolution

Intriguing model for future of UK unions

From Mr Peter Gorry. Sir, As a practitioner in Rohert Taylor's reporting scholarly work - eg, "The Trade Union Question in Brit-ish Politics" - as well as his latest publication, "The Future of Trade Unions", reviewed by Howard Davies, director general of the Confederation of British Industry ("Bedrock trade unionism lives on", Sep-

tember 1). It seems to me that Mr Davies's industry hias skews his observations in representing the anthor's position regarding the attitude of employers. A specific quote in the review is "He [Taylor] contrasts British employers' 'com-mitment to deregulated labour markets' with the attitude 'of their European mainland coun-

terparts who have a sense of social and ethical responsibility for the well-being of their ing chapter, notwithstanding industrial relations for a global ity for the well-being of their this generalisation "absurd and offensive".

In context, the full quote is "British employers' commitment to the deregulated labour markets looks much firmer than that of their European mainland counterparts who have a sense of social and ethical responsibility for the well-being of their employees". Certainly not an absurd observation, and offensive to whom? In reality, transnational enterprises manage work forces according to statutes of the member states in which they operate, and the "sense of responsibility" of business as evidenced in northern Europe, may be the result imposed by law rather than a

us advoca movement, he is pragmatic in writing a prescription for the future. "The trade unions in this country have reached an important crossroads in their history. They need to come off the back foot and take the initiative", and he acknowledges that unions must add value "to the success of the enterprise in meeting the remorseless challenges posed to it hy global competition in the open market". Pressures to increase shareholder value, cyclical economic downturns, and the reallties of alternative sources of lower unit labour costs, combine to have an impact even on

unilateral actions by the employer and employees' col-Although 1 do not completely

agree with all of Taylor's analysis and conclusions (for example, the role of unions in providing certain services outside the workplace and great expectations from EU directives), 1 believe he provides an intrigu-ing model for the future. Clearly, any institution would prefer to operate unencum-bered hy outside influence; better then for husiness to develop a constructive partnership with a union than rely upon intervention by the government or the courts in determining the employer's relationship with the work force. enterprises with the most enlightened human resource programmes. Unions could Long Valley, NJ 97853, US

Omission

From Mr Ben Pimlott. Sir, I have just seen Alan Clark'a hilariously sptenetic piece about my Frustrate Their Knavish Tricks (Books, August 27/28), in which I am presented as a kind of ageing and illiter-ate Dave Spart, whose extreme leftwing views belong in the 1970s. The only puzzling thing is that the many quotes-out-of-context in Lord Clark's article do not include my sole reference to him. On the very first page of the book I describe the Tory ex-minister as a former MP of indisputably blimpish proportions" who has "written a book review backing e sug-gestion that Winston Churchill

ruined the country". But then again, he was probably right. If he had mentioned lt, some unsporting aocialist hounder might have eccused him of tit-for-tat reviewing.

9 Milner Place, London N1 1TN

No alternative to slowing consumption

From Dr A R T Kemasang.
Sir, The recipe prescribed by sador Clayton Yeutter (" 'Gatting' the greens". August 2), that nations "become richer" first by letting their middla class rip before worrying about environmental issues, is the stock-in-trade of those who want to have the cake and eat it. Not only is it erroneous, it also gives licence to the continuation of the ongoing environmental plunder. This line of thought assumes that it is only the mid-

sense without blotting out the historical fact that it is pre-cisely as a result of the "growth" of the (west's) middle class that we are now in this environmental mess. Surely, plugging for more of the same, encouraging non-OECD peo-ples to adopt a "destroy first, rebuild later" mentality, is, to put it mildly, irresponsible. It is true that to tell non-OECD peoples not to consume the remaining resources without substantially (note: I don't say "fundamentally") changing our pattern of consumption is like telling others not to eat

the fruits left in the common garden while we are not prepared even to slow down the rate at which we gobble them up. It is just as hypocritical to talk of "growth" and "expan-sion" while professing concern about the environment

If we are sincere, we have no alternative other than to do the complete opposite: slow down our consumption rate. Then, we reason with non-OECD peoples to preserve what is left of their resources. ART Kemasang. 50 Keswick Road. London SW15 2JE

Wrong theory to make a good cup of tea

dle class which cared ahont

our environment. It makes no

Sir, Charles Jennings is in error in believing that reduced atmospheric pressure increases the temperature at which weter hoils (Business Trevel: "The anatomy of a Club Class

flight", August 29). As every schoolboy knows, water boils at a temperature below 100°c when the ambient pressure is reduced, thus making it diffi-cult to get a good infusion of tea or boll eggs.

Little wonder that employers are worried about the rise of scientific illiteracy. R Hall,

9 Ormond Avenue, Hampton, Middx TW12 2RZ

No real argument for local government change

From Councillor Rick Tilling. Sir, I must respond to Councillor Mrs Duddy (Letters, August 30). The current review of local government has been huilt on unsubstantiated assertion. No evidence has been prodirect to demonstrate convincingly that unitary local government is, per se, better than two-tier. There are many examples of the unitary system

not working.
Mrs Dnddy says a unitary council in her area has the support of the business com-munity. Yet a Macclesfield Chamber of Commerce survey shows 43 per cent of businesses want no change, compared with 33 per cent that want a unitary Macclesfield Council. Nor do the people of Maccies-field want change. In a new survey by the Harris Research Centre 70 per cent of people in Macclesfield support "no change". Perhaps more significantly 77 per cent of Maccles-field residents consider that the present system of local ment services or to change to government is successful, and the system. only 13 per cent think that change is definitely needed. As for the Local Government Commission's two unitary

field people support either of According to the commission, change in Cheshire would cost £23m to £29m; it could cost £2m more to run, and savings,

options for Cheshire, no more

than 6 or 7 per cent of Maccles-

"if any", might be £4m. These costings are highly speculative, as we know, and there is every chance the costs of change will never be recovered. In the Harris survey 80 per cent of people are not prepared to pay more either for their local govern-

Finally, she describes the two-tier system as an "anachronism". Why, then, do all European Union countries. except Luxembourg, have multi-tiered local government? Rick Tilling, deputy leader, Cheshire County Council,

High Croft, Delph Lane, Daresbury, Warrington. Cheshire WA4 4AN

Off target

From Mr J David Morgan. Sir, Rejoicing over the early retirement of Ros Hepplewhite ("Child Support Agency chief quits post early", September 3) is misplaced - in fact and in law. By convention, ministers are responsible, not civil servants or ministerial appointees. This time they have conveniently passed the blame on.
It is the flaws in the original

legislation - and the directions given by minister to the Child Support Agency - which has led to the problems and consequent mess. Ms Hepplewhite may have gone, but the problems remain. David Morgan

232 Spinney Hill Road, Parklands, Northampton

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Tuesday September 6 1994

Neither foes nor allies

The Chinese foreign minister describes his country's warming relationship with Russia as "neither confrontation nor political alliance". His choice of negatives is a remarkably honest assessment of the agreements signed in Moscow at the weekend by Presi-dents Boris Yeltsin of Russia and Jiang Zemin of China

The sgreements themselves, with the largely symbolic declara-tion that neither side would target nuclear weapons at the other, are modest, designed to tidy up the frontiers and clear up potential impediments to pragmatic trade and co-operation. But they do mark another useful stage in the Sino-Russian detente which has developed over the last decade.

Good relations between Russia's far east and the bordering northeastern provinces of China have become steadily more important in recent years as Moscow and Betjing have decentralised their economies. Deprived of the goods which used to be allocated by the central plan from distant European Russia, the under-populated regions bordering Russia's Pacific coast have welcomed the chance to buy cheap Chinese consumer goods in exchange for Siberian

timber, furs and raw materials. The trade and other economic co-operation agreements signed at the weekend reflect mutual recognition of the beneficial nature of these links. Putting their trading relationship on s more formal and secure basis makes obvious sense for both countries.

Mutual recrimination

MIOR

a lik unic

For China, the concentration of economic growth on the coastal cities and the south has left its three north-eastern provinces eager for growing opportunities for trade across the Amur and Assuri rivers which form the often contested borders between the Asian part of Russia and China. This two-way trade, much of it on a private basis, rose sharply to over \$7bn last year but bas

dropped significantly over the last few months. This follows mutual recrimination over shoddy goods. rising criminality and Russian security concerns over the presence of increasing numbers of Chi-

The search for a modus vinendi between the great communist investors to share in the developpowers was given fresh impetus ment of Siberian resources.

by Mr Mikhail Gorbachev. He, and after him Mr Yeltsin, ended the strategic confrontation with Nato and toned down the ideological and great power rivalry with Chima which for decades led to the stationing of over 600,000 Soviet troops along the 6,640km Sino-So-

viet border. Sino-Russian detente has allowed both countries to devote more of their resources to civilian purposes, although China has been far more successful to date in creating new wealth than Russia which has been bogged down by tha immense difficulties of redirecting its militarised industries into more productive use.

Military hardware

Given the difficulties of military conversion it is not surprising that Moscow is looking harder at potential markets for military hardware. Ching, with a much less sophisticated military industry and busily modernising its armed forces, is a natural market for er Russian arms whose sale will be facilitated by the latest

On the other hand, the agree ments do not bother to disguise the continuing existence of longterm strategic rivalry between Russia, China and Japan in the region. Much of Russia's Asian territory was conquered from the decaying Chinese Empire in the 19th century. Many Russians fear that it is only s question of time before s revitalised China, with over 100m people in the three northern provinces alone, tries to win it back. To prevent this, Russia needs to realise the economic potential and increase the population of a vast region with only 7m inhabitants and vulnerable communications along the Trans-Siberian railway. Above all Russia needs foreign capital to develop its Siberian resources and is more likely to find it in Japan and the

IIS than China The latest agreement with China is a useful diplomatic achievement. But Russia's longterm future as a prosperous part of the Pacific rim still depends upon coming to agreement with Japan over the future of the four disputed Kurile islands and creatment framework for US and other

Time to end the rail dispute

The summer bolidsy period is ending without a settlement in private sector. Opponents of privating rail distination such as the RMT will pute. Signal staff will strike on Thursday, the 13th week of disruption on the rail network. No negotiations are under way over their pay claim and further strikes are planned for the next two weeks. There is little sign of a return to work by the overwhelming majority of signal staff who continue to support their union,

the RMT. Railtrack, the state-owned company that runs British Rail's track and signalling operations, continues to use supervisors, non-stri-king signalmen and other quali-fied rail staff to provide services on strike days. It may succeed in running more trains on Thursday than on previous strike days. But the scope for further improvements is limited without s breek in the strikers' resolve. The stale-

mate looks set to continue. Yet the strikes are in the interests of naither staff nor management. As in any industrial dispute, business will have been lost to tha railways. Some passengers will continue to use the alterna-tive forms of transport they have sdopted on strike days. Some freight customers will conclude that railways can never be reliable where time is of the essence. RMT members will be among the losers

By contrast, those who wish to see less spent on the railways will have been heartaned by the strikes. Commuters have been sble to get to work on strike days with less frequent services and few trains in the evenings. Towns and villages served by marginal branch lines have suffered no visible loss from the absence of trains. The case for subsidising the current level of rail services has been

Privatisation challenge

The dispute will also make it much harder for the government to privatise British Rail in the immediate future. The train operating companies have lost millions of pounds by being unable to run services on strike days. Their vulnerability to disruption at Railtrack has been underlined to potential investors. And the more that train operators are indenni-fied against such costs, the less

attractive Railtrack will be to the rejoice, but the government has been foolish to allow the dispute to drag on.

The strikes cannot be allowed to continue into the autumn. Railtrack must act now to bring the dispute to an end. If there is no agreement before the end of September, signalmen stand to lose valuable pension rights when Brith Rail's pension fund is divided up between the successor rail companies. They are therefore likely to be ready to end the dispute given sufficient cause.

Flexible practices

Railtrack has already lost more than £100m because of the strikes A private husiness facing such losses would increase its pay offer by enough to get the strikers back to work. This would be followed by restructuring to recoup the cost, through improvements in efficiency. Individual contracts of employment would be introduced, after giving the requisite notice and consulting as necessary, to encourage more flexible practices.

Such an approach may no louger be an option, however. The government fears that a higher offer - even if self-financing -would be seen as a defeat for its public sector pay policy. Its intervention in the dispute almost certainly means that this is true: higher pay claims would follow elsewhere in the public sector where efficiency cannot be

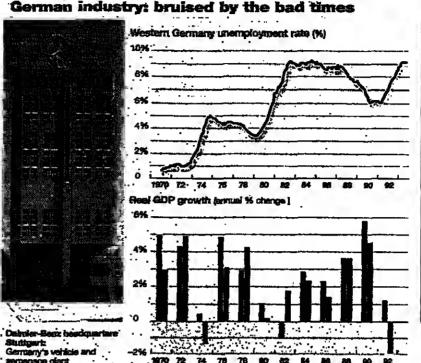
improved so easily.

That leaves the sort of strategy which a leaked letter last week indicated that Railtrack appears to be considering. This involves inviting individual signalmen to accept the offer on the table, sacking strikars and re-employing those who wish to return on individual contracts. Such an approach could cost Railtrack more than £16m in compensation for not giving adequate notice of the change of working conditions. This would be embarrassing, not least because it is three times the annual cost of settling the RMT pay claim. However, it is a price that Railtrack - and the government - may have to pay to end a strike that incompetence has allowed to drag on for 13 weeks

longer than was necessary.

Experiences of recession have led to changes in ecession's fleeting but brutal invasion of west corporate Germany's strategy, says Christopher Parkes Germany swept away corporate profits and jobs on a dramatic scale.

Setback, shaken and stirred



cone of Germany's top three

industry were about 40 per cent higher than those in France, Japan

While a clear impression of the impact of last year's new labour agreements will not emerge until 1995, promising indications emerged at the weekend from the VCI chemicals industry association, which said average productivity in the sector had risen by almost 11 per cent in the first half of this year,

Meanwhile, the job cuts are continuing, maintaining downward pressure on labour costs. Daimler, for example, said last week that s further 8,000 places are to go next year after 26,000 this year.

Employers continue to lay a large proportion of the blame for lost competitiveness at the door of aggressive trade unions, but confessions of past "mistakes" and "arrogance" by senior managers such as Mr Hilmar Kopper, chairman of Deptsche Bank, reflect an unusual readiness within the establishment

to acknowledge that management financial institutions and politicians have made an even more telling contribution to Germany's international disadvantages.

One such falling was the neglect of developing markets. Attempts are now under way to correct that fault, particularly in Asia, where potential demand for Germany's traditional industrial products is strongest. Against the global trend, industry has relied doggedly on exports out of its high-cost domestic factories, rather than establishing manufacturing bridgeheads abroad At the same time, industry has focused most foreign investment and sales effort on virtually saturated markets in nsighbouring

European countries. The automotive industry, the country's leading foreign exchange earner, for example, relies heavily on the west European car market which is expected to expand only 1 or 2 per cent a year for the foreseeshle future. Meanwhile, Asia will generate 70 per cent of world mar-ket growth. Managers in broad sweeps of German industry who looked askance at Volkswagen's former chairman, Mr Carl Hahn, when he started investing in Chinese assembly plants in the mid-1980s, are now clamouring to follow as VW continues to build its market leadership in the People's Republic, with sales up 14 per cent in the first half of 1994.

While it was not the only factor st work, the 1993 recession will also be nembered as the catalyst which prompted Mercedes-Benz and BMW to break with conservative tradition and set about building their first car manufacturing plants in the US. Reacting to global health reforms, the big three chemical groups, Bayer, BASF and Hoechst took up positions in the fiercely contested international market for cheaper out-of-patent generic drugs, Such relatively radical changes

have helped dispel German industry's reputation for aversion to risk, complicency, tunnel vision and leaden-footedness. But these failings are not the sole preserve of manage ment: they extend deep into the cultural and political structure. Overregulation at federal, Land and local government level militates strongly against innovation. Ger-man planning procedures and sys-tem of approvals for new factories and products, particularly in new technologies, consume years of management time.

According to Mr Utz-Hellmuth Felcht, research director at Hoechst, the catalogue of 2,000 laws and regulations governing the chemicals industry sprawls over 16,000 sheets of paper. Bureaucracy has meant his attempts to open a plant manufacturing genetically-en-gineered insulin near Frankfurt are only now approaching success eight years after the project started.

aising public awareness of Germany's institutionalised bias against innovative industries will be a long haul. For now, restoring the health of the traditional industrial base remains in the forefront of management's concerns. In the past few mooths recession has turned to recovery, and the profits stream is flowing again. Last month the chemicals sector, traditionally the first into and the first out of slump, published a swathe of ebullient interim reports. BASF, for example, announced a 40 per cent

earnings boost.

But welcome as the recovery is, its effect on company earnings is less vigorous than some in the corporate and political worlds would have the world believe. For example, BASF's earnings of DM680m on sales of DM22bn in the six months to the end of June pale beside profits of DM2.2bn on DM24bn turnover in the first half of 1939.

Moreover, though companies are clearly coming round, the apparent scale and speed of the upswing is exaggerated by latest financial results which do not include the huge provisions set aside last time for redundancy payments and restructuring charges. Interim figures and accompanying statements from company chairmen also betray the effects of ferocious international price competition in export markets which have contributed most of the momentum to the recovery so far.

There are no indications of any relaxation in competitive pressures, and although the most dramatic of industry's restructuring measures bave been implemented or announced, the shake-out has some time to run before it can be considered complete. The short 1993 recession marked only the starting phase of repairs to structural flaws which took 50 years to develop.

Louise Kehoe on the latest generation of video games, launched in the UK this month

The best part is when you run over the granny with a walker," says Erick Video games turn nasty component for its Sega Genesis video game machines may close the performance gap at a lower price. In the interests of research however. walker," says Erick Arnold, 14, eyes fixed on the TV screen, hands grasping the technical specifications and create a controller as ha races recklessly unifying global standard for interacthrough city streets on a motorcycle tive multimedia. The company in Road Rash, a hit video game for licenses 3DO technology to hard-

the "multiplayer system" mads by US company 3DO that is being launched in the UK this month. Parents, and especially grandmothers, may not appreciate the humour, but 3DO technology is a

The engineering industry alone last

year lost DM7bn (£2.8bn) - DM3,500

for every employee. More than a third of the 3m jobs created in the

mid- to late-1980s have disappeared

since the onset of the slump in the

Giants such as Daimler-Benz, the automotive and aerospace gronp, stumbled into their worst losses in

postwar history. Dynastic family

concerns such as the Kässbohrer

group, which in exactly 100 years evolved from waggon-maker to busbuilder to break-up candidate, were dismembered. Towns such as Schweinfurt, home of the FAG

Kugelfischer bearings group, tum-

hled from the peaks of prosperity to unemployment hot-spots as their

In the nation at large, recession

in the notion that 50 years of eco-nomic success and rising living

standards automatically guaranteed

Yet, for all the corporate and per-

sonal distress, tha outcome has not

been entirely negative. Now recov-ery has taken hold it is clear that

the shock of the precipitous crash

from the 1991 peak of the post-unifi-cation spree has shaken industry and stirred it into action against

underlying structural and competi-

tive disadvantages. While recession created conditions which high-

lighted structural weaknesses, it

also sparked a concurrent national

debate which appears to have resulted in a broad consensus in

As Daimler chairman Mr Edzard Reuter admits, business found itself

with an opportunity to take speedy, radical actions "which would not

have been possible in the past.

The most compelling evidence so far for the existence of a consensus

for change has been the relatively

friction-free acceptance of massive

job cuts, reductions in real wages

and the loss of traditional employee

tal assault on the most obvious and

most-discussed of Germany's com-

petitive disadvantages: high labour costs. Employers and unions,

starting in the chemicals industry,

agreed new flexible work-time and

pay structures which have started

to improve unit labour costs and

Although little post-recession data is yet ready, the scale of Ger-

many's disadvantages compared

with competitors can be judged by 1992 measures, which showed Ger-

man factory plant was used for an average of 53 hours a week - the

lowest in the European Union. Unit

labour costs in the automotive

machinery running times.

These trends have marked a fron-

benefits and privileges.

verely dented popular confidence

mainstay industries crumpled.

more of the same.

favour of change.

final quarter of 1992.

winner among "seifish, single males", as one software developer describes the target market. The latest generation of TV video games has sharper graphics, higher-speed moving video sequences and better CD sound quality than other game

There seem to be plenty of them around. World video game sales are expected to top \$9on this year, with Nintendo and Sega, both of Japan, the "mighty forces" in this world of Street Fighters, Fatal Fury and

3DO charged on to the scene a year ago, like the bold champion in one of its fighting games, vowing to banish the evil monsters that fragment the market with different ware and software companies, which pay royalties to 3DO from sales of their products.

Among 3DO's backers are Matsushita, the Japanese consumer elec-tronics manufacturer; AT&T, the US communications company, Time Warner, the publishing giant; and MCA, the entertainment group. For s time, it seemed that 3DO

was outgunned. Initial sales of the first 3DO licensed product, Matsushita's Panasonic Multiplayer game machine, were disappointing in the US. Heavily promoted software titles, such as s video game based on the film Jurussic Park, arrived late and did not live up to the hype that preceded them.

Over recent months, however,

3DO has been gaining momentum. "We just had our best month ever," says Mr Trip Hawkins, founder and chief executive of 3DO. Sales of the Panasonic game machine havs reached s total of 200,000 - boosted by strong sales in Japan - enough to attract the interest of some of the best game software developers. Consumer electronics groups Sanyo of Jspan and Goldstar of Korea have announced plans to launch their versions of 3DO technology this autumn and Creative Technologies, the leading supplier of sound cards for personal computers, has introduced an add-on circuit board for personal computers that enables

them to play 3DO games. Now comes the UK launch. "The big competitors are not ss entreuched here," says Mr Bob Faber, 3DO senior vice-president of marketing and managing director of the new UK operation.

He also sees an opportunity to build a broader market in the UK. Whereas most American and Japanese players - or "gamers" - are in their teens, the UK has s strong "adult gamers" market, he says, and even a growing band of "second-generation 'gamers' whose fsthers grew up playing Atari games in the early 1980s". There is no doubt where the primary - and primal - interests of video game developers lie. "Your mission is to protect five teenage girls ...," says the commander of Night Trap, s 3DO interactive movie. "If you don't have the brains or the guts for this assignment, give the controls to somebody else."

"An ancient clan with the power to transform into fearful monsters stands poised to destroy itself for a goddess who will grant their every wish...," reads the introduction to Breath of Fire.

For now, 3DO has a technology edge over rivals, according to game aficionados. "The graphics and sound effects are much better," says Erick, a veteran player of Nintendo, Sega Genesis and personal com-puter games, "and the play action is

faster than on the computer." But he says the 3DO player is too expensive, at about \$500 in the US and s list price of £399 in the UK. "It would take forever to save up for from s paper round [newspaper delivery round]." Sega's planned introduction in the US this November of Genesis 32X, a \$150 add-on

the interests of research, however, Erick and several of his friends did not object to spending many hours this summer glued to the TV screen assessing the merits of 3DO games such as Road Rash, in which motorbike riders kick and punch each other, mow down pedestrians and plough into oncoming cars.

Crush & Burn, a car race that

would drive the authors of the Highwsy Code crazy, and Shock Wave, in which players must save the country from alien conquerors also proved very popular. The latter is "good fun, great sound effects

and graphics", says Erick.
3DO's goal of establishing a global standard for interactive multimedia, including interactive TV, personal computers, video produc-tion as well as video games may be similarly difficult to conquer. The fledgling company will face bigger

competitors at every turn. Whether 3DO can move beyond video games will depend largely upon its ability to sttract "gamers in the next year. That may be chal-lenge enough for a young player in

OBSERVER

A diplomat's diplomat

After months of coyness on the part of Anatoly Adamishin, it is official. Russia's first deputy foreign minister is bound for London as the next ambassador to the Court of St James, succeeding Boris Pankin who was first told he would have to vacate the ambassadorial mansion almost a year ago.

A 37-year veteran of the foreign ministry, Adamishin has garnered much of his considerable experience on the west European desk. He spent two long spells in Rome, and professes his Italian to be better than his "poor" (but in reality fluent) English.

Highly respected within the diplomatic community, the new man also knows his way around the newly-independent Soviet states. He was recently heard lamenting the West's tendency to label as "neo-imperialism" any Russian attempts to promote stability round its borders. No doubt it is a point he will hope to hammer home in his

new posting.

Meanwhile, Pankin may feel a trifle aggrieved. As ambassador to Prague, he, alone among the Soviet ambassadors, stood up publicly against the attempted com in August 1991. The post of foreign minister, given to him as reward for his valour was soon lost, and the Anglophile's tenure in London has

been shorter than he would have wished. Perhaps the former iournalist fancies turning his hand to an informed account of the end of the Soviet foreign ministry and the creation of its Russian counterpart.

Rate of return ■ When Dugald Eadie stepped

down as chairman of investment performance consultancy WM Company in May, he professes to have been taken aback by the flood of calls he received from fund managers eager to engage his services.

After years of scrutinising all that performance data, he was certainly in an unusually good position to pick his new stable. So what precisely made him take the call from Colin Day who chairs Henderson Pension Fund

Henderson is something of a fallen star in the industry, but Radie says be took to the idea of running HPFM for the highly non-technical reason that he finds them such a congenial bunch of people. The man who started off as a computer manager in stock broker Wood Mackenzis's back office adds that he hopes he has identified what he terms "a

recovery situation". Yesterday the gamekeeper turned poacher was faxing WM'a 40 top clients apologising for his re-emergence as one of their



'He was so upset by the ceasefire that he shot himself

"There is a lot of secrecy surrounding performance in the industry" he told Observer. "I may be able to help". You bet ...

Strike out

■ The Clinton administration has carefully avoided getting sucked into the rancorous negotiations over the three week old strike that has shut down big league baseball in the US. But one administration official is really fretting: William B. Gould IV, chairman of the National Labor Relations Board. A certified Boston Red Sox

fanatic, Gould has contributed almost as many paeans to the Sox on the sports pages as he has penned scholarly articles on labour

Indeed, given his background he would would seem to be just the person to sort out the strike before it spills over into the 1995 season. However, the NLRB can only get involved in unfair labour practice complaints and in unionisation ballots. Still, Gould can take some comfort from the fact that when play stopped last month his beloved Red Sox sttained second to bottom place in their division.

Perhaps Gould would do well to write the season off.

A banker explains

■ A couple of weeks ago Observer got s call for help from financial advisers Pointon York. It wanted an English translation of s letter from the Bank of Scotland giving notice that it had "retrocessed, reponed

and restored... There has been no shortage of suggestions from readers. Andrew Martell of Wise Speke suggested that what the bank was trying to say was, "here's what we nicked

from you". C. E. Puller of ERF (Holdings) claimed the letter means that the bank had found a way of charging you for something they did in the past, which you did not know you had to pay for, and which they had not previously thought of charging. However, Viv Edwards of The Royal Bank of Scotland (who else?) came up with the correct answer. The notice refers to an asset provided to the bank as security. The English translation is "you can have it back".

Reserved plaice

■ Harry Ramsden's fish and chip restaurant has as many working class credentials as Blackpool itself. so no surprise that it's proving popular with the Trades Union Congress.

So popular is it that John Monks. TUC general secretary, made straight for it when taking a late supper on the eve of the conference. Sad to relate, Monks and Brendan Barber, his number two, were shown the door - because the restaurant had closed.

Arthur Scargill, president of the National Union of Mineworkers, had managed to squeeze in earlier. Scargill may no longer be a big fish in the union pond; but he can still organise a plate of chips.

Gracious

■ Their price has been much discussed. Everything down to the shapes of their bottoms criticised. But can anyone both name the Three Graces and say which one is

And don't be shy. The prize is not, repeat not, the sculpture.



FINANCIAL TIMES

Tuesday September 6 1994



Translators on final text stumble over women's rights

Population conference hits a language barrier

By Bronweri Maddox in Cairo

Linguistic traps are complicating the attempts of 182 countries at the Cairo population conference to draw up a final text of United Nations policy on population and family planning. The Al Ahram Centre for Jour-

nelism, a research group attached to one of Egypt's leading newspapers, has published an analysis of poor translations in the Arabic version of the official UN text which heve potentially inflammatory connotations in Moslem societies, it says.

The conference's emphasis on women's rights - a marked departure from previous UN meetings, which have focused on demographic projections and contraceptive techniques - is responsible for much of the difficulty.

Arabic and Chinese translators said yesterday they were having particular trouble with "reproductive rights" and "empowerment of women", the two central principles of the draft policy doc-ument, drawn up at the UN in

By Angus Foster in São Paulo

and Graham Bowley in London

The Brazillao government

yesterday tried to assure domes-

tic and international observers

that the country's latest anti-

inflation plao remained on

course despite the weekend resig-

nation of finance minister Mr

Worries over Mr Ricupero's resignation and the possibility that it would affect the chances of Mr

Fernando Henrique Cardoso, the

government's candidate for next

mooth's presidential election, led

to an 8.6 per cent drop on the São

Paulo stock market by lunch-

time, and falls for Brazilian

Replacement finance minister

Mr Ciro Gomes met President Ita-

mar Franco yesterday aod said

the anti-inflation plan, together

with its main component, a new

bonds on international markets.

Rubens Ricupero.

get to 'empowerment' is 'enabling', but then you have to specify what you were enabling women to do." one translator

UN transletors and the Al Ahram centre both seize on "single-parent households" as another pitfall. According to the centre, the phrase should have been transleted as "households which are financially supported by one person", so that it explicitly included mixes who had been transleted. Itly included wives who had been divorced or widowed. Otherwise, the phrase implies that all "sinparents are those who have had children outside marriage, it

Chinese translators invoke Sign mund Freud in explaining the difficulties of translating "human sensuality" from English Into Chinese. "In Chinese this comes across as 'sexual life' . , . hut this does not catch the implication in the English version that sexuality is a fundamental characteristic of human behaviour," one said. UN Arabic translators also

argued that delegations may be

to Real as market dips 8%

currency called the Real, would not be changed. "It's essential the

is," he said. He stressed that the

team of economists who have

overseeo the Real'e introductioo

would remain in place in the

Mr Gomes, a 37-year-old politi-

cian from Brazil's poor north-

eastern state of Ceará, said Mr

Ricupero's resignation was the

result of "lameotably bad luck".

Mr Ricupero resigned after pri-

vate comments were broadcast

said he had no scruples about the

government using the anti-

inflation plan to help Mr Cardoso

in the election. The plan has cut

monthly inflation from 50 per

Advisers to Mr Luiz Inácio

Lula da Silva of the leftwing

Workers party - Mr Cardoso's

cent to less than 5 per cent.

During the conversation, he

by mistake oo satellite TV.

finance ministry.

conomic) plan continues as It

countries. The disputes "aren's just the fault of translations, inless the Pope has also been working from the Arabic text," one said, referring to the alliance of the Vatican and conservative

Those underlying cultural dif-ferences have surfaced most clearly in countries' differing reactions to the declaration that controlling fertility is a "right of individuals", which runs throughout UN text.

Moslem religious leaders on some

of the conference's most vexed

Several delegates comment in private that the notion of "indi-vidual rights" is drawn from the relationship between an individ-ual and the state in western democracies and is foreign to many other societies.

But according to one transla-tor, "the dehate over rights shows that the problems are not all a matter of comprehension. People know perfectly well what rights are - it's just a question of whether governments want to

appeal to Brazil's election tribu-

nal about unfair government sup-

port for Mr Cardoso, Mr Orestes

Quercia, another candidate, demanded that the tribunal dis-

qualify Mr Cardoso, although this

is seen as extremely unlikely.

Mr Cardoso, who leads Mr da Silva in the latest polls by 45 per

cent to 23 per cent, has tried to

in international markets the

price of dollar-denominated

Brady bonds - bank loans

repackaged as bonds which form

the largest part of the Brazilian

more than two points before

recovering slightly in later trade. With the US closed for Labor Day, the bulk of the trade took

brush off the incident.

Hopes are fading fast that the Brazil restates commitment

> of a salary cap has been dropped. On a Labor Day when New York City's trade unions could not muster enough support for their traditional parade, the doggedness of the tiny baseball play-

rest of the union movement. Today only 11 per ceot of the private sector workforce is represented by a trade union, with only the government employees unions showing anything like the bargaining tenacity of the

ball players, whose average salsomething aside for a rainy day. and can also supplement their income while they are oo strike by selling autographs or through advertising endorsements.

At least for sofa sports fans the American Football season Gomes profile, Page 6 Costly slip of the tongue, Page 14 has started.

Labor Day baseball struck out by dispute

By George Graham In Washington

ft was the US Labor Day holiday yesterdey, and President Bill Clinton had weighty matters of labour relations on his mind -the country's basehell strike, oow into its fourth week.

"I might say, on this Labor Day, there's still time for them to go back and finish the best baseball season in 50 years, and hope they will," said Mr Clinton, taking time off from his holiday on Martha's Vineyard for a speech at e Maine shipyard. Mr Robert Reich, the president's top labour official, was

also on the case. He has offered to mediate between the two sides, but said yesterday there was no point in mediating unless both sides actually wanted to negotiate.
For the first time since Labor

Day was established 100 years ago, there was no major league baseball to watch oo the holiday that traditionally marks the end

deadlock between the players and the team owners might be broken in time for at least a truncated championship play-off.
The owners insist the players

must agree to a salary cap. The players insist there can he no serious negotiation until the idea

ers' union in pursuing its sighth strike in 23 years stands in sharp contrast to the weakness of the

professional sports unions.

That may have something to do with the fact that most base-

THE LEX COLUMN

Trouble brewing

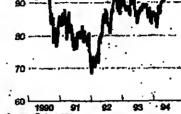
The decision of Foster's to write down calls for a stiff drink. In some respects Foster's is only catching up with its peers. Its stake in the inntrepreneur pubs venture has been written down to a level already used by its partner Grand Metropolitan, but the red ink in brewing underlines that the ontlook on this side of the husiness is as cloudy as ever. The inflow of cheap cross-channel lager has only added to the wider problem of overcapacity.

Yet any lingering hopes among its competitors that the Courage subsidiary of Poster's would be the first to crack and start closing capecity should be dispelled by yesterday's figures. Its market share increased modestly last year and, thanks to cost savings, the operating performance was respectable. Excluding the impact of changes in excise duty and currency translation, profits were flat. Since the wholesale price war has failed to produce clear winners or losers, the question remains whether the hig brewers will be forced into a sober

eassessment of strategy.
Anecdotal evidence suggests that the last two months have seen a pause in pricing hostilities, but that could simply be a result of stronger beer sales during the summer months. The loog-term trend towards lower beer consumption has not changed. If the autumn hrings a seasonal decline in sales, discounting could return with vengeance. It is difficult to see why margins should improve until capacity is withdrawn, which makes Grand Met's decision to sell its brewing interests to Courage three years ago look increasingly well judged.

Transporting tanks and guns la not so different from carrying passengers and freight, so there is logic in bringing the European Future Large Aircraft project within the Airbus consortium. The move may also bring British Aerospace some advantage in its campaign to persuade the UK government to buy the FLA rather than Lock-heed's rival Hercules transport aircraft. Airbus has a track record of ielivering aircraft on time and budget, which cannot be said of most military aircraft programmes. If BAe can persuade the government Airbus's good practices can be transferred to the FLA, that could nudge the procure-

Even so, Airbus's consortium structure is only a second-best option comShare price relative to the FT-SE-A All-Share



pared with an integrated corporation on the lines of Boeing or the soon-to-be-created Lockheed Martin. Airbus is still too wedded to work-sharing arrangements under which many contracts are awarded in proportion to the stakes held by its partners, so hiunting its ehility to cut coste through competitive tendering. The FLA will follow a similar model. Not only will BAe be cut out of the project if the UK fails to huy the aircraft. It could even lose its position as supplier of Airbus wings to Deutsche Aerospace. Plans to turn Airbus into a more etraightforward company have in the past foundered because of political sensitivities, But, with competition in both military and civilian markets stepping up, its cumbersome structure is looking increasingly like an expen-

Burmah Castrol

Fears that Burmah Castrol's lubricants business had matured were con-founded by yesterday's results, Skilful marketing and geographical expansion into fast-growing markets helped the divisioo achieve 24 per cent growth in operating profits and an 8 per cent increase in sales. Margins were a healthy 10 per cent - not bad for what was supposed to be a mature business. Giveo lubricants' success, the con-

tinuing fallure of the group's diversificatioo into speciality chemicals was all the more disappointing. Synergies between lubricants and specialities have proved hard to discover. Like other lumbering groups lured into the fast-moving speciality chemicals business, Burmah has found decent margins hard to achieve. Despite massive

cost cutting, the chemicals division's 5.3 per cent operating margins during the half year to end-June are still worse than those in 1991 - just after Burmeh bought into the husiness. That compares with the 14 per cent achieved by focused speciality groups such as Allied Colloids and Laporte.

Burmah should stick to what It does foster's in UM

asset with the

best - selling lubricants. Ideally, I would divest its chemicals division. It could achieve a decent price as its important continental customer base starts to recover. The worst scenario would be if, once the chemicals businesses had benefited from the cyclical upturn, the company compounded its error by making further acquisitions in the sector. For the moment, management is thankfully stressing the need for organic growth.

Coats Vivella

Managers looking for an easy life do not, on the whole, go into textiles. Yet if Coats Viyella is right, textiles companies are enviable in one respect -their ability to pass on raw materials price rises to their customers. It seems that by adding a few cheap frilis to a blouse Coats can convince ehoppers it is e new product and increase the price to cover higher cotton costs. Coats expresses confidence that it will continue to recover cost increases fully as they work through over the next few months. Given the current negligible inflation in clothing, that would be quite an achievement.

The odds are that Coats' UK markets will remain tough, and particularly those related to housing moves, which will make it all the more impor tant to avoid self-inflicted wounds. It was not the only one to be caught off-guard by the changes in women'e knitwear fashions but the botched attempt to attract younger women into Jaeger was a dangerous gamble.

Perhaps the most disappointing aspect of the interim figures, for which Coats bears little blame, was the fall in profit from less developed countries. Coats' exposure to fastgrowing markets in Latin America and Asia has been one of its main attractions for investors. Yet the nature of Coats' business makes it vulnerable to these economies' fluctuations and even if more stable growth wers achieved they would still account for a relatively small proportion of group sales. investors may that Coats, like Jaeger, is a mature

Kohl plays down EU plan

Continued from Page 1

Netherlands tomorrow. He is

constitutional debate, reopening questions about Maastricht which struck e balance between community-wide obligations and looser co-operation between EU

eign and defence policy. Mr Klaus Haensch, the German SPD president of the European Parliament, condemned the notion of selectiog a hard core of nations and the publication of the paper ahead of the impending referendums on EU membership in Sweden, Norway and Finland.

place in London.

The spokesman made clear that Mr John Major, the UK rime minister, would prefer the US to refrain from granting Mr Adams a visa until Sinn Féin and the IRA had stated that the ceasefire, announced last week, would be permanent.

the British were "piddling

Last night there was continued speculation that the Ulster Vol-

Call on IRA ceasefire

Continued from Page 1

London that It was prepared to give visas to Sinn Féin officials.

Reacting to Sir Patrick's demands Tom Hartley, Sinn Féin national chairman, complained

unteer Force (UVF), ooe of the main loyalist paramilitary groups, might call its own ceas fire. Mr Chris Hudson, a Dublin trade union official who held talks with the UVF last week, said "there was definitely cautious optimism . . . that they were beginning to feel convinced there was no sell-out, no deals done, no secret agenda".

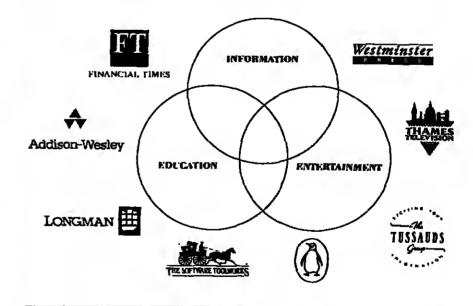
single hard core there should governments in areas such as for-

expected to argue that instead of be different permutations of countries pressing ahead with integration according to their priorities. A senior UK official explained: "The notion of first- or second-class citizens is not a concept that we think is valid or can Publication of the CDU/CSU paper appears to end the truce on

FT WEATHER GUIDE Europe today A slorm system centred near Iceland will bring wind and showers over the British Isles. A fastmoving low pressure system will cause extensive rain over northern France, the Benefux and Germany. During the rain, temperatures will not exceed 17C. A stationary band of rain will linger over southern Scandinavia but Denmark and northern regions will have sunny periods. Fresh westerlies will draw coof and unslable air over Germany, Poland and the Czech Republic, limiting maximum temperatures to around 19C. Rain over the Baltics will move to the CIS. Temperatures well above 30C and abundant sunshme will still be found in the Mediterranea although some thunder storms will hit the northern coast of Algeria. Five-day forecast Unsettled conditions over north-west Europe will gradually spread to southern France, the ine countries and north-west Spain. Showe with a risk of thunder and strong gusty winds



Operating profits up 31%



	1994	1993		1993
	Haif year	Half year	Increase	Full year
Operating profit	£67.6m	£51.5m	31%	\$216.1m
Profit before tax	269.3m	\$16.3 _m	50%	£208.6m
Karnings per share	9.2 _p	6.2p	48%	27.0р
Adjusted carnings per share	7.7ρ	5.7p	35%	27.9p
Dividends per share	5.75p	5.375p	7%	13.0p



A copy of the full announcement, which is being sent to all shareholders, is available from Pearson ple: Pearson plc, Millbank Tower, London SW1P 4QZ, Telephone: 071 411 2000



FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS

Tuesday September 6 1994 OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1994



IN BRIEF

MARTHURAL TEMBERS

Foster's in UK asset write-down

Foster's Brewing Group, the Australian brewing group which owns Britain's Courage group, yester-day combined news of a 9 per cent fall in profits after tax and abnormals in the year to end-June, with news it is to write down its UK assets by almost one-third. Page 18

Baby Bells call on Hollywood In the past year, the big regional telephone compa-nies have been beating a path to Hollywood's door, seeking in forge alliances with entertainment groups and film and television makers, hiring programme production executives and exploring joint

Casino posts threefold profits rise Casino, the French supermarket group, yesterday announced a threefold increase in interim net profits to FFr55.9m (\$10m) for the first half of this year from FFr17.6m in the same period of 1993 due to a general improvement in trading activities. Page 20

Link-ups for Malaysia and Indonesia The past few months has seen a sudden surge in business activity between Malaysia and Indonesia as south-east Asia's big companies co-operate to exploit the area's robust economy. Page 19

De Beers puts faith in stable diamonds De Beers, the South African group that dominates world trade in uncut diamonds, still has faith in its ability to maintain stability in the diamond market despite some short-term difficulties. Page 26

Profits at Mayne Nickless rise 21% Mayne Nickless, the Australian transport and security services group, saw profits after tax and abnormals rise 21 per cent in the year in July 3 in A\$69.5m (US\$52m). Page 19

Burmah Castrol raises profits 16% Burmah Castrol, the lubricants, chemicals and fuels group, increased interim pre-tax profits by 16 per cent but said it would be unable to repeat an "exceptional" performance by Castrol in the US during the second half, Page 23

Heywood Williams lifted by US purcha US acquisitions lifted the first-half results of Heywood Williams, the UK building materials and automotive components group, which more than dou-bled the pre-tax profits of its continuing businesses.

Activity in WPP, the UK advertising and marketing services group, dominated yesterday's business in the London stock market. Banks that bailed out the company two years ago through a convertible share issue sold much of their stake into the market, rais-

Tokyo investors fear for a repeated fall Investors in Tokyo are increasingly nervous that the market may be about to repeat its precipitous fall of last year on the back of a substantial

Brazil plunges 8.6% as minister quits São Paulo plunged 8.6 per cent in heavy midday trading as investors sold after the resignation of Mr Rubens Ricupero as economy minister. Mr Robert Barclay of Baring Securities said he expects the market in fall by as much as 20 per cent over the

next two weeks. Back Page Companies in this issue

ing £138m (\$212m). Page 27

24 Mansfield (John) 24 Mayne Nickless Advanced Media Merck Bangkok Expressway Metaligesellschaft Bank Austria Mithras Inv Trust 24 Northern Electricity **British Petroleum** 27 Panther Securities 24 Pentland Brittenia Building 27 Peregrine Invimenta **Burmah Castrol** Calderburn Cantors Saint-Louis Coats Vivella 11 Schindler Computer People 24 Scotia Holdings 24 Southcorp Copymore 27 Standard Chartered 24 Sturge Holdings Edinburgh Income Tst Energy Capital inv TSB Tate & Lyle Volkswagen 18 WPP

Market Statistics

Heywood Willian

Foreign exchange Benchmark Govt boods Bond futures and option Little equity options London share service Bond prices and yields London tradi options Back Page Managed funds service 30-34 Dividends announced, UK BMS currency rates **Eurobond prices** New inti bond issues Fixed Interest indices Recent Issues, UK FT Gold Milnes index

25 Westland 21 Wilson Bowden

PRANKFURT	DN)			Cred Lyon (CI)	466	-	18
Rises			35	Paris Ressempt	391	_	15.5
Heidelb Zem	1265	+	30	Secret Contractor	209	_	5/
Falls Bay Vareinsbok	448	_	125	LOKAO (Ass)			
Continental	245.5	-	5.5				
Deutschi: Babck	251.5	-	8.5	Pilenes Clauses Corp	958	+	42
Ludhansa Pri	195	-	5.5 7	Pells	_	•	_
Lietzileg lischil	200	-	,	Gode Shusei	551	_	29
PARIS (FFr)				fines Chemical	955	_	85
Filmos Casino	170	+	6.4	arshita Koto	2630	_	170
Laseno Rediotectut	554	+	16	Soga Est	6420	_	480
Polite				Toyo Tet & Step	1150	_	70
942	235.7	-	5.9	into in a n-4			
New York clos	ed.						
LONDON (For	ece)			Scrik Picidord	68	+	4
Rices	472	+	7	Trafficmaster	192	+	11
Banal Buldada	173 225	Ŧ	14	UK Land	50	+	7
Calderburn Conta Viyella	226	+	6	Veco	263	+	10
Computer People	195	+	10	Palls			
Coulomod	122	+	5				41

Metallgesellschaft more optimistic

Metallgesellschaft expects to earn more than DM100m (\$64m) in operating profits in 1994-95 after last week's agreement to staunch the flood of losses on controversial oil purchase contracts with Castle Energy of the US.

Current risk provisions of DM1bn already set aside to cover these deficits would have in be increased, the group said last night, although no significant new burdens had arisen from the

The metals and engineering negotiating with Dana Corp of group, which came close to colthe US and Britain's T&N. industrial sale. In a statement issued after a

Lufthansa's imminent share

are price (DM)

be sold to investors in Germany

and abroad, excluding the US. Lufthansa has decided not in

place shares in the US under the

Rule 144a of the US Securities

Act to limit the risk of excessive

rier status.

recently instructed Deutsche Bank to draw up plans to place the stock as an option to an

meeting between the banking consortium which raised a DM3.4bn salvage package and the company's supervisory board, Metallgesellschaft said it would seek further fresh capital at the end of the current year on September 30, and was confident its proposals would be approved by the banks and shareholders.

trasted sharply with a recent warning the company issued at the time of the announcement of terms for its most recent capitalraising move: the offering of 5.6m new shares to raise DM1.4bn.

The prospectus said the success of restructuring measures could not be guaranteed, and there was no chance of dividend payments' being resumed in the foreseeable future.

Even though dividend prospects still appear dim, the company seems almost to have reached the end of the sell-off

Coats advances 10%

LOND

ing it dependent for future earnings on the rump, which com-prises mainly metals trading operations, environmental engineering businesses and a bank. The shake-out has led to the sale of all mining interests, the highly profitable Buderus heat-

metals smelting. The crucial move, bowever, was last week's negotiated escape from contracts between Castle and Metallgesellschaft's US subsidiary MG Corp.

ing equipment maker, and sharp contraction in German-based

Austrian bank seeks foreign partners

Bank Austria is looking for international strategic financial partners after the announcement by the federal government that it wanted in sell its 22.8 per cent voting stake in the country's largest bank.

Mr Hans Mayr, deputy mayor of Vienna, said be was already in discussion with "a number of large international banks" about buying parts of the government's

shareholding.
The City of Vienna controls
51.8 per cent of the votes and 45.6 per cent of the capital in Bank Austria. Although the bank already has relations with Westdentsche Landesbank, Mr Mayr told Vienna's Der Standard that the discussions were mainly with banks from Anglo-Saxon bring in three or four partners than a single one.

Mr Mayr also said the city would let its shareholding in Bank Austria drop below 50 per cent in the near future by not participating in rights issues. Mr Ferdinand Lacina, the Aus-

trian finance minister, confirmed last week that the federal government wanted to sell its stake in Bank Austria, but added: "We are not in a hurry and don't want in be pressured." The mar-ket value of the federal government stake in Bank Austria is about Sch11.1hm (\$1bu).

Mr Lacina, meanwhile, said yesterday he had engaged J.P. Morgan, the US investment bank, to assess bids for parts of the government's 70 per cent voting stake in Creditanstalt-Bank-verein, the second largest bank.

CS Holding, the financial services group built around Credit Suisse, and a consortium drawn from mainly from Conservative business circles in Austria have made competing bids.

Mr Lacina has said Allianz, the German insurance group, has also showed interest. Some Viennese bankers suspect that the Raiffaisen group of banking cooperatives, which last year made an aborted bid to merge with Creditanstalt, may try again.

Mr Rainer Gut, CS chairman has made clear CS would even-tually want full control of Creditanstalt. Mr Lacina, who has hitherto been supportive of the CS bid, said last week that an Austrian influence in the bank should be guaranteed.

The stances of both Mr Lacina and Mr Mayr probably reflect, at least in part, short-term political

deal with Castle, it added.

By Antonia Sharpe in London

The latest stage in the German

government's privatisation of

Lufthansa, tha national airline, is

set to go ahead at the end of this month, said Dresdner Bank,

which is co-ordinating the inter-

national and domestic offerings,

The government's timing coin-

cides with a radical turnround in

Lufthansa's fortunes which has

resulted in a doubling of its share

price from a low of DM97 in Janu-

ary 1993 to a high of DM223.80 last month. The shares closed at

Lufthansa said last month it

expected in make an operating

profit this year and confirmed

earlier suggestions that it would

resume dividend payments for

The government intends to

reduce its stake in Lufthansa

from 5L4 per cent to about 41 per

cent by not participating in the rights issue, Dresdner said. The 3.9m shares which the govern-

ment will not be taking up will

many of them," says Mr Jan Kalff, chairman.

East Indies. It also owns the

\$24bn asset La Salle bank in Illinois, and the \$6bn asset European American Bank on Long Island.

In the first half of this year 40 per cent of its assets were outside Holland, while 45 per cent of pre-

tax profits were international. But its claim to being a global investment bank is weaker. It

does little equity underwriting outside Holland, and is still organising its broking network.

Like Swiss banks which have

expanded internationally, ABN

Amro faces intense margin pres-

sure in a small domestic market. Like them it has ambitions to put

down roots in a second European

"home market" by buying a bank or savings bank in Belgium, France, Germany or the UK.

ABN Amro is accustomed to

making slow, steady progress. Mr Kaiff estimates that it is between

"two thirds to three-quarters"

towards achieving the Fl 600m

(\$342.8m) cost savings it said it

The merger was intended to

create a bank which compete globally. "It was obvious that we

could not go on acquiring banks,

and charging large amounts of goodwill, as ABN had done, with-

out it hampering growth," says Mr Kalff, a former ABN executive

The most significant invest-

ment banking step ABN Amro

has taken since the merger has

been to build up a broking net-work. This includes firms such as

Riada Stockbrokers in Ireland

and Massonaud-Fontenay-Kerv-

ern in France in Hoare Govett.

Equities have been run from Lon-

ABN Amro wants to meld the broking operations into a single network, and use it to strengthen

don since 1994.

who became chairman in May.

could get from its merger.

17

It is characteristic of ABN

the first time since 1989.

DM207.50 yesterday.

lapse early this year before being rescued by its creditor banks, also announced it had signed an agreement in principle with an un-named buyer for its Frankfurt headquarters. It expected the dis-posal to yield "considerable extraordinary profits". Unofficial estimates have valued the site at

about DM750m.
A "solution had come closer" in efforts to sell a 47 per cent stake in the Kolbenschmidt automotive components company. The group, which is known to be

sale to exclude US market of its sbareholding which is

> the end of 1995. The new shares are likely to be priced at a slight discount to the prevailing market price. If inves-tor demand is sufficiently buoyant, the government also intends to sell a further 2.1m existing shares reducing its stake in Luft-

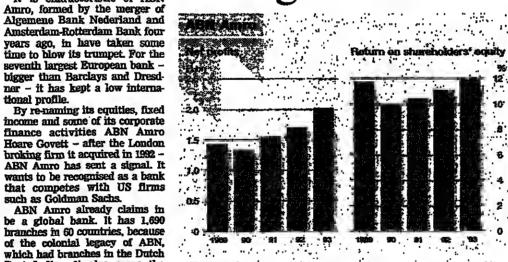
scheduled in take place before

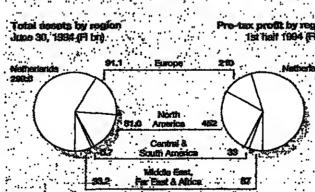
hansa to 36 per cent.
Dresdner Bank has drawn up a large syndicate of domestic and international banks to ensure a wide placement of the shares.

Kleinwort Benson and National Westminster have been appointed senior sellers of the UK and Ireland tranche, S.G. Warburg and UBS are senior sellers for the rest of Europe tranche and CS First Boston and Morgan Stanley are senior sellers for the rest of the world tranche.

The preliminary circular was foreign ownership which could published yesterday. The bookjeopardise its national flag carbuilding process commences on September 19 and will close 10 US investors, however, are days later with the setting of the price and the allocation of the likely to be included when the government disposes of the rest shares.

Dutch bank aims to compete in world's first division The decision by ABN Amro, the benk which dominates ABN Amro takes the bank was a Nether-banking in the Netherlands, to use its name on invest small steps on ment banking operations around the world is a further step on an ambitious route. "We are a bank that takes small steps, but many, a long march





its corporate finance arm. It points to its lead manage-ment of the F17hn flotation of the Dutch post and telecommunications company KPN this year, when its network of brokers notably Hoere Govett - allowed it to distribute KPN equity. It will be a much harder task to break into primary equity business elsewhere, but Mr Kalff saya he is optimistic that its huge client list of large companies will

eventually help it in prevail.
"I am optimistic that we will make an inroad one of these days if we show our capability and commitment," says Mr Kalff about lead managing equity in France. ABN Amro has also applied for US securities underwriting powers, although Mr Kalff says it will be a hard market in penetrate.

Making its broking network function effectively as a unit could also take some time. "Sometimes the French have problems listening to Amsterdam, and now they must listen in London, which may be even more difficult," says Mr Rijnhard van

Tets, the board member for global investment banking.

ABN Amro's investment banking is aiming in gain 50 per cent of pre-tax profit internationally, a 12 per cent return on equity, a cost-income ratio of 62.5 per cent. and capital ratios at least 30 per cent higher than the minimum.

The bank has avoided a strong push into derivatives, and does less financial markets trading than its counterparts in Switzerland. But this places it under stronger pressure to break into markets like equity underwriting to justify international invest-

"Wa are very risk conscious. We are not averse to risk, but we do not take something on unless we are sure we can manage it," says Mr Kalff. Yet given the low margins on international lending, ABN Amro may find it hard to achieve target returns without taking more risks that it has in

> John Gapper and Ronald van de Krol

clothing and textiles company, foresaw 'further progress' after a 10 per cent rise in first-half profits. Page 18; Lex. Page 16

Neville Bain, chief executive of Coats Viyella, the UK's largest

The Hellenic Republic

US \$500,000,000 Term Loan Facility

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. Chase Investment Bank Limited The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited Ciribank International ple The Fuji Bank, Limited Hill Samuel Bank Limited Lloyds Bank Capital Markets Group The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited NatWest Markets J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd. The Sanwa Bank, Limited The Sumitomo Bank, Limited Union Bank of Switzerland

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. Citibank, N.A.

The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited The Fuji Bank, Limited Hill Samuel Bank Limited Lloyds Bank Pic The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York National Westminster Bank Plc The Sakura Bank, Limited The Sanwa Bank, Limited The Sumitomo Bank, Limited The Tokai Bank, Limited Unibank A/S Union Bank of Switzerland

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Fecility Agent

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Saint-Louis to accelerate expansion of sugar sector

By Alice Rawsthorn in Paris

Saint-Louis, the French food and transport group, plans to accelerate its expansion within the European sugar industry, according to Mr Bernard

Dumon, chairman. Mr Dumon told Le Figaro, the French newspaper, that he was interested in increasing the company's sugar activities in France and in the emerging eastern European markets. The chairman also affirmed that the group, which suffered a fall in net profits last year.

Saint-Louis is already in negotiations to augment its western European sugar interests by raising its stake in Gen-

was on course for recovery in

ent level of 10 per cent to 20

The deal involves the acquisition of a holding now owned by the Banco Central Hispanoamericano banking group. The talks with Banco Hispanoamericano have been under

way for some months. Mr Dumon said that the two companies were about to resume negotiations in earnest after a luli during the summer

When the General Azucarera deal is completed, Saint-Louis, which is understood to be able to spend more than FFr7bn (\$1.3bn) on acquisitions, will turn its attention to expansion

elsewhere in Europe. One priority is eastern

eral Azucarera, the Spanisb Europe, where it already has sugar concern, from the prespects under way in Poland and the Czech Republic.

The group has already announced thet it might sell its 2.4 per cent stake in Danone, another French food group, to finance its future

expansion.

Mr Dumon estimated the value of the Danone holding at about FFr1.3bn. He also forecast a "substan-tial improvement" in net prof-

its for Saint-Louis this year. The group last year saw net profits slip to FFr717m from FFr774m in 1992.

The chairman envisaged static profits from sugar during 1994, with an increased contribution from prepared meals and a significant upturn from the paper husiness.

> half of 1994". The group's turnover in Europe was up 3 per cent to SFr859m in the first half while North America gained 5.8 per

19% with

By lan Rodger

upbeat view

for full year

Merck, the stock market listed

Swiss holding company for the

international interests of the

German chemical gronp F. Merck, has reported a 19 per

cent rise in first-half net income to SFr101m (\$77m) on

sales up 2 per cent to

Merck said it expected a con-

tinuing positive trend in terms of sales and earnings, and Mr

Hans Joachim Langmann,

president, forecast double-digit

profit growth for the full year. Mr Langmann said that "the

results of a large number of

individual measures aimed at increasing efficiency will

become apparent in the second

cent to SFr144m. Pharmacenticals sales were down 4 per cent to SFr564m. while sales of chemicals advanced 16.3 per cent to

SFr357m. Revenues from laboratory products were np 2 per cent to SFr447m.

Operating profit was up 8.6 per cent to SFr189m.

Banesto agrees to sell stake in winery business

industrial holding company within Spain's Banco Español de Crédito (Banesto), bas agreed to sell its 67 per cent stake in the winery Bodegas to Bodegas y Bebidas for Pta4.51hn (\$34.5m), AP-DJ reports from Madrid.

owned by Banco Bilbao Vizcaya (BBV). Bodegas is the top exporter of wines from Spain's Rioja region. In 1993, it posted a profit of Pta500m on sales of round Pta6bn.

Merck rises | Foster's in UK asset write-down But the Melbourne-based group also

Foster's Brewing Group, the Australian brewing group which owns the UK's Cour-age group, yesterday combined news of a 9 per cent fall in profits after tax and abnormals in the year to end-June, with the announcement that it is to write down its UK assets by almost one-third.

Foster's said that It was cutting the value of its UK assets on its balance sheet by A\$955m (US\$709m). They are writing down A\$385m for the Courage brand names, A\$242m for goodwill, A\$58m for Courage's fixed assets and A\$270m for the company's investment in Inntrepreneur Estates (IEL), the pubs business in which Courage holds 50 per cent.

The write-down decision followed continued trading difficulties in the UK; a complex regulatory environment; more access to the UK market for European lower-margin, take-home segment", Fos-

brewers; and the "market trend to the

announced that it would offset much of the balance sheet damage by writing up the value of its Australian assets, and including a valuation for the Carlton and United brand names. In the 1993 accounts, Foster's did not include a CUB brand valuation but said, in a footnote, that directors considered them to be worth around ASIbn-ASI.2bn

Yesterday, Foster's said that It had refered to an independent assessment when deciding the value of the CUB brands but decided to pick a substantially lower figure. "To remove all doubt about the long-term sustainable worth of these brands directors considered it appropriate to adopt more conservative valuation assumptions". The value of the Australian brand assets has increased by A\$665m. As a result, A\$439m of the UK write-

downs is charged against the asset revaluation reserves, which have been bolstered hy the CUB write-up. The remaining write-downs are largely offset by abnormal

gains, notably from asset sales, the restructuring of Foster's investment in Beswick (which holds shares in BHP, the mining group) and from the write-back of earlier finance asset provisions. The endresult is an abnormal charge of A\$71.9m taken through the profit and loss account. Foster's reported a 10.3 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to A\$308.4m. Sales fell to

A\$5.07bn from A\$6.49bn. Operating earnings from CUB rose to A\$250m from A\$211m, with market share climbing to 53 per cent. Pre-interest profits at Courage, hy contrast, fell to A\$174m from A\$208m, a decline exacerbated by the

strengthening Australian dollar.
Profits were helped by a sharp drop in interest charges, to A\$214.9m from A\$343.3m, with end-June debt put at A\$1.85bn compared with A\$2.64bn a year ago. Basic earnings per share were 8.7 cent, compared with 10.7 cents in the previous 12 months. There is an unchar final dividend of 3.25 cents.

Coats overcomes patchy demand

uted to increased sales of

By Tim Burt in London

Coats Vivella, the UK's largest clothing and textiles company, yesterday shrugged off patcby demand and sharp increases in raw material prices hy reporting a 10 per cent rise in firsthalf profits.

The group's success in passing on price rises to customers belped lift pre-tax profits to £69.2m (\$107.26m) from £62.8m in the six months to June 30. 'We've heen more creative

than other manufacturers in passing on increased prices," said Mr Neville Bain, chief

The group also said it had seen signs of a strengthening recovery in the UK and conti-

Borealis, the plastics joint

venture set up this year by the

Finnish and Norwegian state-

owned oil refiners, Neste and

Statoll, cut its first-half loss to

DKr250m (\$41m). Turnover was

No comparable figure for

1993 was available, but Mr

Svein Rennemo, Borealis' chief

By Hilary Barnes

about DKr6.53bn.

in Copenhagen

Operating profits, however, were held back hy disappointing performances in two core divisions - fashion retailing and clothing.
The fashion business saw

£1.22bn. against £1.17bn.

profits fall to £3m from £4m as the group tried unsuccessfully to attract younger customers. while the clothing division reported reduced gains of £3.3m, against £5.2m, after closing its south Wales uniform

The decline was offset by the thread division - the largest business - where profits rose marginally to £46.1m from £45.9m and improvements in all its other operations except nental Europe, which contrib- bome furnishings.

financial officer, said the loss

last year was estimated at

Mr Rennemo said cost reduc-

tions resulting from the

merger, which created

Europe's largest producer of

polyethylene and polypropyl-ene, played a significant part

in the improved performance.

Mr Rennemo cited several

gains from the merger. He

pointed to lower costs for bead

DKrlbn-DKrl.2bn.

The figures were also flattered by sharply reduced interest payments of £14.2m from

would be paying a foreign income dividend for the first time. Under the scheme, intro-

£26.1m, after the conversion last November of £97.7m worth of its 7.25 per cent convertible preference shares. Mr Bain said the group

duced in the last Budget, companies can relieve surplus advance corporation tax by paying dividends out of their bstantial overseas earnings. Earnings per share, adjusted to treat the enhanced scrip div-

idends as rights issues at less than the full market price, rose from a restated 4.6p to 6p. The shares rose 6p to 226p. Lex, Page 16

office staff, a streamlined sales

force, lower research and

development costs, and lower

costs arising from operating

the Neste and Statoil petro-

chemical operations at Sten-

ungssund in Sweden as a sin-

Borealis forecast a better second half, when growing

demand for plastic raw materi-

als is expected to lift

gle operation.

La Corporación Banesto, the Borealis cuts losses to DKr250m

Bodegas and Bebidas is

The disposal forms part of Banesto's gradual sale of nonbanking assets, ordered by Banco Santander when it took a majority stake in April.

A fresh look at brewing problems

The Australian group is reviewing UK strategy, writes Roderick Oram

7 ith its asset writedown yesterday, Fos-tar's Brewing Group took a sten toward solving several strategic problems it faces in the UK in brewing and pub retailing.

On the brewing side, Courage, the second-largest UK brewer, is suffering like the rest of the industry from declining beer consumption and intense competition. Some industry observers have even questioned whether Foster's would stay the course.

On the pub side, it stands over the next few years to lose supply agreements and ties to pnb estates that account for some 25 per cent of its output. It thought it had found the solution to these problems four

years ago in a complicated agreement with Grand Metropolitan, the UK food and drinks group: Foster's was to commit itself to hrewing, while GrandMet would concentrate on pub retailing, allowing each group to use its strengths. To that end, GrandMet sold

its brewing activities, including the UK production of Carlsberg Pilsner and Budweiser, to the Australian group to enhance Courage's portfolio. GrandMet and Foster's combined their pubs in a 50:50 joint venture, Inntrepreneur Estates (IEL), which GrandMet in

NEW ISSUE

Inntrepreneur was dogged from the start by its financial structure. Both parties loaded it with deht so they could extract cash from the transaction. However, pub asset valnes fell rapidly during the recession, forcing Foster's and Grand Met to put in more equity in order to maintain banking covenants.

IEL, which has an estate of some 6,500 pubs, has also found trading difficult. Foster's gave it some hope yesterday, saying IEL would achieve "a modes profit" for the first time in the year to September, due in part to lower interest costs. The City had been expecting break-even at best.

"IEL is motoring along quite favourably," Mr Boh Williams managing director of Grand Metropolitan Estates, said yes-

terday. In spite of this pick-up, Foster's has to address two questions with IEL: its agreement to supply beer to IEL runs out in 1998;

• GrandMet has indicated it would prefer to focus on IDV. Its international spirits business, and food activities such as Pillsbury. "IEL is not a key part of that strategy," Mr Williams said.

More urgently, Foster's will next year lose an agreement to supply beer to the Chef and Brewer pub and restaurant chain, bought last year by meal to one or more of the scottish & Newcastle from newly-established pub chains. Scottish & Newcastle from GrandMet. Although Foster's will continue to supply beer to bigger Chef and Brewer outlets for a further five years, Scottish & Newcastle will clearly want to increase sales of its own beers.

In spite of attempts by the UK government, through its "beer orders", to bring greater separation of brewing and pubs, all large British brewers, except Courage and Guinness, still have estates. Guinness, bowever, is a special case because its strength lies in a powerful international brand leaving Courage with a stiffer sales task than its domestic competitors.

oster's will say only that it is reviewing all its strategic options in the UK. For many industry observers, however, buying a large chunk of the IEL estate would at least guarantee some sales volume.

Price, however, could be an issue. Foster's and GrandMet now value their combined equity in IEL at £225m (\$338m). They also bave more than £500m of IEL debt or loans on their books, Foster's, therefore, might have to pay about £500m to buy most of the pubs, leaving the romp to be sold to a management buy-out or plece-

Fortunately for Foster's, its year-end results announced yesterday carried a good operating contribution from Courage. The UK hrewer contrib-uted operating profits of A\$174.4m (US\$130.1m), down from A\$208.3m a year earlier. They were essentially flat, bowever, allowing for the impact of a change in excise duty in the UK, and currency

Courage's sales fell to A\$2.19hn from A\$2.39bn, with its beer volumes flat in a declining market.

"Courage has delivered some of the best beer numbers the industry has seen in the past year," said Mr Geoff Collyer, an analyst with NatWest Secnrities. Coupled with the writedown and talk of strategic changes, "Foster's is announcing, in effect, that it's here to

The UK performance was helped by cutting some A\$50m out of Courage's annual operating costs of A\$900m, as part of a continuing effort to increase productivity. Its marketing expenses also rose sharply in the first half as Courage, along with other brewers, shifted some of its financial fire-power away from steep trade dis-counts to marketing in search of market share.

was the second

6th September, 1994



AGF GROUP 1st half 1994

NET EARNINGS: FF 1.044 MILLION PREMIUM INCOME: FF 34.6 BILLION

Our first holf results ore very encouraging: they reflect on impravement in insurance fundamentals ond o significant reduction in losses from the banking sector. They have still not yet reached the level that I would like for the future, but ore on important step on the road to a recovery

Antaine Jeancourt-Galignoni, Chairmon of AGF

INSURANCE BUSINESS

Consolidated premium income for the first half totalled FF 34.6 hillion. 59% was generated from non-life insurance and 41% from life insurance,

CONSOLIOATED FIRST HALF PREMIUM INCOME (FF billions) 1992 30.2 1993 326 1994 34.6

INSURANCE BUSINESS IN FRANCE

Premium income for the first half amounted to FF 21 hillion, mainly derived from AGF VIE (FF 10.4 billion) and AGF IART (FF 9.1 billion).

CONSOLIDATED FIRST HALF PREMIUM INCOME (FF fillions) 1992 1993 20.0 1994

Administrative and distribution costs dropped from 3.5% to 3.1% of mathematical reserves for AGF VIE premiums and from 26.0% to 25.4% for AGF IART premiums.

In non-life insurance, measures to improve earnings resulted in a reduction in the loss rado. net of reinsurance, from 85.8% to 83.2%.

Insurance business in France contributed FF 1,407 million to the Group's first half earnings.

INSURANCE BUSINESS OUTSIDE FRANCE Premium income of FF 10.7 billion for the first half was mainly achieved by AGF International (excluding the Aachener und Münchener Group), Contribution of main subsidiaries to consolidated net earnings before amortization of goodwill:

(FF millions)	1994 Isc half	1993 Ist half	1993 full year
Belgium/Luxembourg	ΪΠ	85	284
United Kingdom	142	53	126
Spain	(46)	(9)	(91)
Ireland	`28	49	'8 <i>1</i>
Other countries	124	61	
Total	359	239	511

The recovery in non-life insurance continued in most countries. In Spain, the takeover of Unión Y el Fenix Español was effective as of 30 June and will enable tha nentation of a stringent recovery plan.

REINSURANCE

Premium income for the first half totalled FF 2.9 billion, including FF 1.7 billion from SAFR. The contribution to the Group's consolidated first half earnings is estimated at FF 24 million.

BANKING, FINANCIAL AND REAL-ESTATE HOLDING ACTIVITIES

The banking and financial holdings contributed a combined loss of FF 214 million compared to a loss of FF 232 million in the first half of 1993. Results from Banque du Phenix improved considerably -contributing a loss of FF 98 million compared to a full year loss of FF 1,357 million in 1993.

Comptoir des Entrepreneurs (29.7% owned by AGF) contributed a loss of FF 103 million to AGFs first half results, compared to a full year loss of FF 1,205 million in 1993.

On the other hand, contributions from BFCE and the main real-estate subsidiaries continued to be highly satisfactory.

GROUP NET EARNINGS

Consolidated first half net earnings for the AGF Group totalled FF I 044 million, representing an increase on the 1993 full year figure of FF 977 million.

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

market downturn

By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

Peregrine Investments, the Hong Kong-based merchant bank, has reported a 5 per cent increase in first-half net profits, to HK\$398m (US\$51.5m) from HK\$380.9m

The company's usually strong performance was held in check by the downturn in Asian equities markets which followed the lifting of short-term US interest rates, Mr Philip Tose, chairman, said.

For each of the three years to December 1992 the group more than doubled profits; last

year earnings rose 43 per cent to HK\$669.5m.
Falling stock markets and dwindling volumes led to a sharp reduction in corporate finance and securities activity, particularly in the second

quarter. In the first half, the company invested in a new division, Peregrine Fixed Income, which was set up with a team

By Nikki Tait In Sydney

Mayne Nickless, the Australian transport and security services

group, saw profits after tax and abnormals rise by 21 per cent

in the year to July 3.
The company made A\$69.5m

(\$52m), compared with A\$57.4m previously.
The results, however, were

muddied by a significantly increased abnormal item, but a

Abnormals took A\$70.8m

before tax, compared with A\$51m last time, largely as a

result of a restructuring in the Australian transport oper-

ations and a mixture of clo-

sures and retrenchments in Europe. The total tax charge fell to A\$41.6m from A\$56.3m.

At the operating level, Mayne made a pre-tax profit of

A\$181.9m, compared with

sharply-lower tax charge.

poached from Lehman Brothers in Hong Kong. New offices were opened in the six months in Munich and Zurich, and plans are under way for a Bahrain office to serve Middle East investors

interested in south-east Asia. Earnings per share, taken on a fully diluted basis, inched up to HK\$0.65 from HK\$0.64 in the same period last year. The interim dividend is to be held at 25 cents. While turnover more than

doubled, to HK\$6.4bn from HK\$3bn, the operating profit was virtually flat at

Mr Tose said the group would continue to diversify fixed income, direct investment operations and global trading of convertible bonds, depositary receipts and war-He expected a more stable

A\$164.8m in the previous year. Revenues were up by 2.6 per cent at A\$2.84hn. Earnings per

share before abnormals were

up by 13 per cent at 41 cents. The final dividend is 17 cents a

share (against 15 cents), after an interim of 16 cents (15

The company reported encouraging progress from its core Australian transport ser-

vices business, and earnings

from the Health Care of Aus-

tralia business also nudged

In Europe, operating earnings overall were up by 23 per

cent, in spite of competitive price pressures faced by the

UK express freight subsidiaries and continued losses and the

Spanish Transportes Helguera

Operating profits in the US

rose by 9.4 per cent.

second half, although uncertainties over interest rates and Profits ahead by 21% at Mayne Nickless

Peregrine hurt by |Co-operation replaces competition

outh-east Asia's big com-panies are increasingly co-operating in order to exploit more fully the area's robust economies, and leading the charge are Malaysian and Indonesian concerns.

"Over the last few months we have seen a sudden surge in business activity between Malaysia and Indonesia," said Mr Anwar Ibrahim, Malaysia's deputy prime minister, on a recent investment mission to Indonesia. "Companies in our two countries are learning to co-operate rather than compete.

Though Malaysia and Indonesia have strong cultural, racial and religious links, there have often been sharp political differences between the two countries. Corporate contacts have been few and trada

The catalyst for the recent flurry of cross-border corporate dealings was a meeting between President Suharto of Indonesia and Dr Mahathir Mohamad, Malaysia's prima minister, at the end of last year. Since then, deals have been announced on a regular

● Indonesia has agreed to import Proton cars manufactured by Malaysia's Perusahaan Otomobil Nasional. In return, Malaysia will buy air-craft manufactured by Indonesia'a Industri Terbang Nusantara (IPTN). Proton says it will export about 2,500 of its cars to

indonesia during the next year sugar plantations and refining and eventually plans to assemoperations on the Indonesian ble cars there. Malaysia has island of Sumatra. not said how many Indonesian-Mr Kuok, a Malaysian Chinese, controls a husiness

made aircraft it intends to buy. The deal is controversial. emnire with interests ranging Other car importers in Indonfrom beach resorts and housesia have been angered by ing schemes to ownership of a reports that PT Clira Lamioro, the local company which has been appointed as Proton discontrolling interest in Hong Kong's South China Morning Post group. Mr Liem, an Indotributor, will be exempt from nesian Chinese, controls Indon-esia's largest business group, with interests ranging from noodle making to cement man-300 per cent Indonesian duties imposed on most imported vehicles. PT Citra is controlled by Mrs

Kieran Cooke reports on a surge in activity between Indonesia and Malaysia

daughter of Mr Suharto.

One of the year's more unusual corporate deals came in February when Indonesian and Malaysian interests took control of Lamborghini, once the pride of Italy's sports car manufacturers.

Mr Hutomo Mandala Putra, Mr Suharto's youngest son, has a 50 per cent stake in Mega-tech, the Bermnda-registered company which owns Lam-borghini. Other shareholders are Mycom, a listed Malaysian gaming company, and the Malaysian police investment fund. In April, two of south-east Asia's wealthiest businessmen, Mr Robert Kuok and Mr Liem Sice Liong, announced they

were teaming up to develop

Hardijanti Rukmana, the eldest • In mid-July Barito Pacific Timber, one of Indonesia's largest companies and the world's leading exporter of plywood, said it would purchase about 70 per cent of a small, loss-making Malaysian building supplies company listed on the Kuala Lumpur exchange.

> ndonesian companies anx-ious to go public and raise funds for expansion are envious of Kuala Lumpur's highly liquid stock markat. The Jakarta exchange is con-siderably smaller and less

developed. Under the terms of the deal, Barito will inject a significant part of its funds into the Malaysian company and so achieve a "back-door" listing

biggest exchange in terms of total capitalisation.

The deal has been backed hy the Malaysian and Indonesian leaders, but it has also been criticised. Such corporate manoeuvrings are coming under increasing scrutiny from Mal-In Indonesia there is criticism that Barito, controlled by Mr Prajogo Pangestu, an Indone-sian Chinese businessman closely linked to the ruling family, is not investing company funds inside the

Last month, Renong, one of Malaysia's biggest conglomer-ates, and the Indonesia state-owned Bank Rakyat Indonesia agreed to set up a \$100m ven-ture capital fund in Indonesia Its aim is to belo medium-sized industries in that country and promote links with their Malaysian counterparts. Again the deal is supported by both

Renong has close links to Malaysie's United Malays National Organisation, the dominant political party in Malaysia, while Bank Rakyat is one of Indonesia's largest banks, with assets of about \$13bn

We encourage investment from the east and west in our countries," says Dr Mahathir, "but we should also promote investments and co-operation between neighbouring counThe Financial Times plans to publish a survey on

The New UK

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POSEIDON GOLD LIMITED

REPORT ON ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 1994

SUMMARY OF PRODUC	TION		fear ended June 1994		Year Ended June 1993
	PosGold Interest (%)	Group Share (ex)	Equity Share (cc)	Group Share (oz)	Equity Share (oz)
PosGold Direct Interests	100.00	423,138	423,138	368,814	368,614
Mrew	75.60	230,645	174,368	219,383	165,853
NFM	49.26	205,895	102,289	170,674	85,303
EMIK	27.58	440,319	118,058	396,914	94,101
TOTAL		1,299,997	817,853	1,155,585	713,871

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS FOR THE YEAR

- Consolidated operating profit up 9% to US\$57 million, after tax and
- Second and final dividend of US\$0.036 per share, franked to 75%
- Average equity mine operating costs of US\$214 per ounce
- Equity share of gold in resources increased to 12.1 million ounces Raised US\$190 million from oversubscribed 10-year gold denominated note issue
- Commenced US\$73 million development of Big Bell underground mine
- and US\$84 million expansion of Super Pit treatment plant Identified significant gold zones near two Australian mines and In Turkey

Note: Amounts quoted in US dollars are Australian dollars converted at the rate of A\$1.00 = US\$0.73

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Reports on activities for the quarter and year can be obtained from the Company Secretary: Poseidon Gold Limited, 100 Hutt Street, Adelalde, SOUTH AUSTRALIA 5000 Telephone; +618 303 1700 - Facsimile; +618 232 0198

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Baby Bells call on Hollywood

Phone and entertainment groups are linking, writes Patrick Harverson

ment industries in the US have traditionally, been restricted to phone companies employing actors and celebrities to appear in their television advertisements. But that relationship is changing

In the past year, the big regional telephone companies have been beating a path to Hollywood's door, seeking to forge alliances with entertainment groups and film and television makers, hiring programme production executives and exploring joint ventures with other industry powers,

such as talent agencies.
Why the enthusiasm? The telephone companies have the technology to provide two-way. or interactive, television programming to phone customers via broadband communications lines. But they do not have the product - in the shape of mov-ies, video games, educational programming and television shows - to send to customers

As Mr Jack Grubman, teleunications industry analyst at Salomon Brothers, says of the phone companies: "These guys don't know any thing about entertainment.

But Hollywood does - which explains why the Baby Bells have been rushing to Los Angeles to talk to companies such as Walt Disney, which probably originates and distributes more entertainment products than any other in the US.

Those talks have borne fruit.

Last month, three Baby Bell

regional telephone companies Ameritech, BellSouth and Southwestern Bell announced a joint venture with Disney to create interactive video programming carried on the phone companies' home video networks.

Each of the three has begun to build the distribution services for entertainment programming. Ameritech is spending \$4.4bn to provide video services to 6m of its customers



Love at first sight: three Baby Bells are embracing Walt Disney

South will start testing interactive multimedia services to 12,000 homes in Georgia, and Southwestern Bell plans to have a video-on-demand system for customers in Texas by 1996. Disney will help provide the phone companies with the films, cartoons, and television

Not to be outdone, three other Baby Bells - Nynex, Bell Atlantic and Pacific Telesis not to be outdone, are reportedly close to signing a similar agreement with Creative Artists Agency, Hollywood's top

talent agency.

CAA has moved beyond representing actors, directors and writers, and is heavily involved in programming for films and television. Any deal is likely to involve the agency agreeing to help commission and produce programmes for the phone companies.

The phone companies have been tapping the entertain-ment industry for executives to run their programming

For example, Mr Patrick Campbell of Ameritech, responsible for co-ordinating the company's venture with Disney, was previously president of Columbia TriStar Home in the Midwest by the end of Video, and Ms Heidi Diamond, ming... What they want to get the decade. Next year, Bell- Ameritech's head of consumer their hands on is the supply of

marketing and sales for its video and interactive services, used to work at the Nickelodeon television channel The movement of talent has

not been just one-way. Earlier this year, CAA hired Mr Robert Kavner, AT&T's multimedia These manoeuvres are aimed

at preparing for when the gov-erument passes legislation to deregulate the phone and cable television industries.

hat legislation, still wending its way through Congress, will allow phone companies to provide television programmes, and cable companies to provide phone services. When the time comes, the phone companies want to have the programming in place to wire to their

As Mr Peter Shapiro, senior consultant in cable and telecommunications at Arthur D. Little in New York, explains: "All the RBOCs [regional bell operating companies] are looking to build a broadband network and develop interactive television multimedia services. Their one area of real vulnerability is in the supply of programprogramming to prime the pump for their own systems when that's allowed."

Phone companies are eager to secure programming because those with a bead start when deregulation arrives stand to make a lot of money. The three Baby Bells that have linked with Disney. for example, serve more than 50m consumers across the US. while the three phone compa-nies reported to be negotiating with CAA serve 46m customers

Whila the phone companies are linking with Hollywood through joint ventures and other alliances, few expect to see them buy a programmeproducer – such as a studio – outright. That would be taking too much of a risk, says Mr

Shapiro. "It would be close to insane for an RBOC to put down money and buy a movie studio. But getting in early to see if they can develop new forms of programming with companies that can do programming, that

may not be so crazy," he says. The Baby Bells are prevented from owning programmers by federal restrictions on cross-ownership in the telecommunications and entertainment industries, points out Mr

In spite of the recent flurry of activity across the increas-ingly-blurred borders between the telecommunications and entertainment industries, there is still a long way to go.

The phona companies' expansionist dreams of providing customers with everything from films, entertainment and educational televisions shows to computer games and shop-ping services, will not be realised for several years. And dur-ing that time the rules of the game could change.

"These are early days for these sort of ventures. A lot will happen in the next couple of years as the nature of programming becomes better defined, and the roles of the participants are better under-stood," says Mr Shapiro.

ano de Papel E Celulose; Comp-

anhia Vale do Rio Doce ord (24)

and pref; Companhia Vidraria

Santa Maria ord (49); Duratex; Industria Klabin de Papel E

Celulose; Investimento Itau; Lojas Americana ord (49) and

pref; Petroleo Brasileiro (Petro-

bras); Petrobras Distribuidora

BR; Siderurgica Tubarao; Tele-

Casino posts threefold profits rise to FFr56m

Casino, the French super market group, yesterday announced a threefold increase in interim net profits to FFr55.9m (\$10m) for the first half of this year from FFr17.8m in the same period of 1993 due to a general improvement in trading activities.

Mr Antoine Guichard, chairman, said Casino was changing its status from a partnership to a public limited company.

This reflects a long-term trend in French industry. Sev eral large groups have made similar changes by abolishing the old commandité actions system under which small groups of shareholders in effect control the company.

Casino has been controlled by Eurosia, a legal vehicle belonging to the Guichard family and institutional investors. Mr Guichard said such a structure had played a critical role in the company's development since its foundation in 1898 but the commandité actions concept had since become "less and less valid or justifiable".

Casino reported a modest improvement in trading activity during the first six months of the year. Interim sales rose 1.6 per

cent to FFr29.38bn from FFr28.92m with operating profits up 26.7 per cent at FFr331.5m from FFr261.8m. Casino attributed the

increase in trading margins to the benefits of the merger with Rallye supermarkets group and to general improvements in cost control

Revenues at Schindler fall 2.4% at midway

By tan Rodger in Vienna

Schindler, the world's second largest elevators and escalators group after Otis of the US, said its revenues in the first half dropped 2.4 per cent to SFr2.16bn (\$1.5bn).

No profit figure was published, but the group said it expected net income for the full year to be slightly below the SFr168.6m reported for

It predicted that full-year operating profit would be broadly in line with last year's SFr150.5m because of continuing unfavourable market con-

Sales of elevators and escalators fell 7.5 per cent in the first half to SFr1.81bn, sales of rolling stock gained 15.3 per cent to SFr158m and revenues from the recovering Also comjumped 64 per cent to SFr187m.

Total new orders were up 49 per cent to SFr2.2bn, and orders on hand at the end of cent lower than at the end of 1993. The group said the SFr51m in new orders for rolling stock was nearly double the level in the year earlier but was below expectations.

FT-Actuaries World Indices

announced that Thailand and Brazil would be included in the World Indices from October 1 1994, subject to satisfactory resolution of several outstanding technical issues. The committee has decided that Thailand and Brazil will be added from November 1 1994, to the World Index and all relevant

regional indices. The addition of both new markets was postponed until November 1 in response to comments from index users, some of whom have expressed concern about the substantial lead-time required before firsttime investors can participate

in the Brazilian market. Simultaneous with the introduction of Brazil, FT-AWI Mexico will move on to a sameday calculation basis from its current one-day lag, and a new Americas regional index, con-sisting of the US, Canada, Mexico and Brazil will be

added to the daily table. When new countries are added to the World Index, it is necessary to set initial index levels. These will be US dollar index values derived from the value for the World Index on October 31 1994.

There will be a slight modification from the usual practice for the Brazil index level in local currency. Normally an index in local currency is calindex level in US dollars, the current exchange rate, and the exchange rate from December 31, 1986. In the case of Brazil, years of hyperinflation would result in an impractically large number for the local currency

To adjust for this, the exchange rate from December 31 1986 will be multiplied by a factor which will scale the index to a level comparable in that of the Brazil US dollar

Following comments from users of the World Indices, the committee has also decided that to reflect as accurately as practicable conditions for foreigners trading in Thailand. the following guidelines will be used to price That shares, including the prices used to start the index.

1. Foreign board prices will be used where the aggregate of foreign holdings are greater, equal to or less than three percentage points below the permitted foreign limit (see 4

2. Domestic board prices will be used in all other cases. 3. The World Index Policy Committee will, for the pur-poses of determining the type of price to be used, review the latest aggregate levels of foreign holdings and the individual foreign limits at its quarterly meetings. Any changes in Perfect (F - 15); Quality Houses

On June 23, the FT-Actuaries the type of price used for indi-World Index Policy Committee vidual lines of Thai stocks will Lines (D - 30); Samart Corpora-(49) and pref; Companhia Suzbe amounced after each quarterly meeting and implemented at the start of the next quarter. There will be no changes in types of prices used during a

making pre-announced adjustments to companies' investibil-ity weightings during a quarter will continue to be applied to all countries. That companies' investibility weightings will, where appropriate, take into account any changes in the permitted foreign limits for individual lines.

4. Every day before the Thai index is calculated, all constituent lines priced from the foreign board will be reviewed. If the foreign board price for any line is unchanged from the previous day but there has been a price movement in the domes-tic hoard price, a calculated foreign board price will be

determined as follows: Calculated foreign board price = today's domestic board price x (yesterday's foreign board price used in the calcula-tion of the Thai index/yesterday's domestic board price).

Where the foreign and domestic board prices are unchanged, the latest price used in the calculations of the index will be carried forward. The constituents of Thalland and Brazil are as follows. The

investibility weightings are correct at the time of publica-tion but may be sobject to amendment prior to the launch of the index Thailand: (D after a Thai

stock indicates that a domestic price will be used and F that a foreign board price will be used. The figure after each investibility weighting).
Advanced Information Services
(D · 40 per cent); Asia Securities Trading (F - 30); Bangkok
Bank (F - 25); Bangkok Land (F - 20); Bangkok Metropolitan Bank (F - 25); Bank of Asia (F. 25); Bank of Ayudhya (D - 25); Banpu (D - 30); Charoen Pok-phand Feedmill (F - 40); Christiani & Nielsen (Thai) (D - 39); CMIC Finance & Securities (F -25); Dhana Siam Finance & Securities (F - 25); Finance One (F · 25); First Bangkok City Bank (F - 25); General Finance & Securities (F - 25); Hemaraj Land & Development (F - 25); Industrial Finance Corporation of Thailand (D - 49); International Broadcasting Corporation (D - 40); International Cosmetics (F -30); Krisda Mahanakom (D - 20); Krung Thai Bank (F - 25); Land & Houses (D - 25); MDX (D -20); Natural Park (D - 49); Nava Pinance & Securities (F - 25); NTS Steel Group (D - 22); Padaeng Industry (D - 49); Phatra Thanakit (D - 20); Property

tion (D - 30); Securities One (D -25); Shinawatra Computer & Communications (D - 35); Siam Cement (D - 25); Stam City Bank (D - 25); Stam City Cement (D - 25); Stam Commercial Bank (D - 25); Telecom Asia (F · 13); Thai Farmers Bank (F · 25); Thai Military Bank (F - 26); Thai-German Ceramic Industry (D - 49); TPI Polene (D - 30); Union Asia

Finance (D - 15); Univest Land (F - 25); Wattachak (D - 24). Brazil: (investibility weightings are 100 per cant, and all lines are preferred stock, unless stated otherwise). Ara-cruz Celnioso; Banco Bradesco; Banco do Brasil: Banco Itau; Brasmotor, Centrais Electricas Brasileiras (Electrobras) B pref.; Companhia Cervejaria Brahma; Companhia Energetica de Minas Gerais (Cemig); Companhia Energetica de Sao Paulo (Cesp); Companhia Sidecommunicacoes Brasileiras (Telebras) ord (42) and pref; Telecommunicacoes de Sao Paulo (Telesp); Usinas Siderurgicas de Minas Gerais (Usiminas); White Martins ord (49).

A preliminary list of the constituents for FT-AWI Thailand and Brazil Large and Medium-Small Cap indices will be available from NatWest Securities Limited (031-243 4258) and Gold-man, Sachs & Co (0101-212 902 6777) on October 25, 1994.

The final list will be available after the changes are effective on November 1 1994.

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Unease awaits Tokyo SE floats

Privatisations are putting prices under pressure, writes Gerard Baker

istory, said Karl Marx, tends to repeat itself twice - the first time that between them, t as tragedy, the second as farce, Investors in the Tokyo stock market, though improbable candidates to heed those words, are increasingly neryous that shares there may be about to prove the veracity of Marx's theory. The fear is that the market may be about to repeat its precipitous fall of last year, on the back of a substantial increase in equity

supply.

Last autumn, the Nikkei index lost more than 20 per cent of its value in a month, following the ill-starred debut on the stock exchange of the privatised railway company JR East. An already nervous mar-ket was flooded with Y1,000bn (\$10bn) worth of shares from the floated company. The extra supply was too much for a weak market and it collapsed

under the weight.
This year, if Marx is right, tragedy could lurk in the form of a pair of companies with the identical acronym JT: Japan Telecom and Japan Tobacco.

The first of the JTs tests the market today, when shares in Japan Telecom start changing hands. Traders yesterday were anxiously awaiting the listing - which represents a cash call of more than Y150bn and is thought by many to be over-

However, next month an even tougher test will be set by the arrival of Japan Tobacco, the privatised tobacco and foods manufacturer. That flotation will drop more than What worries investors is that between them, the two

companies will inject even more equity into the stock market than JR East last year, and that that can have only dire consequences for share prices again this year. "When you increase supply

by that amount into a market where demand is still very weak, you could be in for trou-ble," says Mr Neil Rogers, equity strategist at UBS Tokyo, Analysis by Nikko Securities Research suggests that share prices are put under extreme downward pressure when annual equity financing by Tokyo Stock Exchange-listed companies is greater than 15 times the value of average

daily turnover.
Without the two JTs, the total value of new equity financing for the current year would be about Y4,600bn, with an average daily turnover of about Y250hn to Y300bn.

These figures already suggest a strain on prices. However, the extra injection of funds from the two issues raises the total financing figure to Y5,700hn snostantially more than 15 times trading levels. That may be too much for the market to

And there are additional concerns that the prices set for both Telecom and Tobacco are too high. At Y4.7m and Y1.44m per share respectively, most analysts agree the offer prices are well above fair values, and are nervous about the trend among many institu-

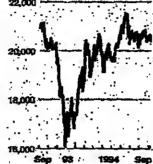
tional investors to bid well forced to sell their positions at below those prices in the auctions.

Some analysis, however, are eager to point out important differences between this year's and last year's offerings. They say there are reasons to believe the market may find the JTs

more digestible.
For one thing, institutions are much more cantious about the issues this year, and that

Middes 225 Index

Source: FT Graphies



may itself limit any damage should they not go well. Last year, investors were convinced that the JR listing would bolster the wider equity market. As a result, there was

heavy futures buying shortly before the listing. The substantial premium on equity futures encouraged traders to short the futures against the underlying stocks. When the JR stock disappointed, these investors were a loss. This itself added about another Y1,000bn to equity

supply! This time, institutions are less optimistic about the issues, and have not built up the arbitrage postions of last year. "If you look at the big investors' positions this year, you can see that they have been much more cautious than they were before the JR list-ing," says Ms Kathy Mahsui, strategist at Goldman Sachs in

believing that history may not repeat itself, however, is that Japan's economic fundamentals are in better shape this

autumn than last.
The JR East difficulties came at e time of growing unease about the pace of recovery, a sentiment that was exacerbated by the disappointing autumn interim results season. This year, there is more optimism that recovery is broadlybased and that it will be reflected in corporate earnings.

However, there remains a nagging suspicion among trad-ers that a poor performance by the two JTs could swing sentiment firmly against equities

The level of individual interest in the Japan Tobacco issue in particular has been high. A hig disappointment when the shares begin trading could set back the prospects of a wider return to the equity market by individuals for a long time.

Without that investor confidence, the prospects for the Nikkel are highly uncertain.

NEWS DIGEST

Loss at US business hits Southcorp

By Nikki Tait in Sydney and Laura Tyson in Taipei

Southcorp, the Australian packaging, wine and appliance manufacturer formerly known as SA Brewing, yesterday announced a 2.4 per cent rise, to A\$121.2m (US\$90.4m), in annual operating profits after tax but before abnormals.

However, after abnormals, A\$49.8m. The reason was a one-off charge of A\$68.7m, mainly related to write-offs and restructuring costs at its troubled US water heater

Sales for the year were 1.6 per cent lower at A\$2.25bn. Southcorp said that its packaging, wine and Australian appliance businesses were

very satisfactory". The wine business performed particularly well, in spite of competition in the domestic market, with sales rising 11 per cent to A\$352m, and pre-tax profits jumping 35 per cent to

However, the US water heater business incurred a US\$18.3m loss, leading to a 20 per cent decline in pre-tax profits from the appliance

Santos blames weak prices for decline

Santos, the Adelaide-hased energy group which recently bought a one-third interest in the Anglia gas field in the North Sea, reported an 18.2 per cent fall in operating profits after tax and almormals in the

six months to the end of June. Santos made A\$101.3m (U\$\$75.6m), compared with A\$123.9m previously, after an abnormal surplus of A\$37.6m, against A\$33.7m. Sales were A\$312.8m, against A\$353.3m. It blamed the downturn in profits on lower world liquids

prices and the strengthening of the Australian dollar.

Asset sale lifts North **Broken Hill Peko**

prices and increased expendi-ture meant that North Broken Hill Peko, the Australian mining and resources group, reported a fall in profits before tax and abnormals to A\$201.1m (US\$150m), A\$11.1m less than

in the previous year. However, due to a A\$65.2m abnormal surplus from the sale of non-core businesses and investments, profits after tax and abnormals were up A\$52.9m to A\$185.3m. Total sales were A\$1.13bn, compared

with A\$1.51bn. Operating profits from the iron ore business fell to-A\$129.1m from A\$136.1m; uranium was down to A\$46.1m

from A\$75m; and the equip-ment business fell to A\$29.8m against A\$30.5m.

However, the gold interest contributed A\$218m, up from A\$4.8m, while the forestry products business, meanwhile, contributed A\$51m, against

> Paper group strong Yuen Foong Yn Paper Manafacturing, Taiwan'a leading paper maker, posted net profits of T\$860m (U\$\$32.7m) in the

a year earlier.

Tutung, the Taiwanese electrical appliance maker, saw after tax profits in the year to June 30 rise to T\$2.88bn from

year to June 30 against T\$449m

First Pacific in talks on bank divestment

First Pacific, the diversified Hong Kong group, is negotia-ting the divestment of at least 80 per cent of its wholly-owned Californian retail bank, United Savings Bank, to the Salim family, large shareholders in the company, Reuter reports

from Hong Kong.
"The planned divestment of a majority interest in United Savings Bank will allow us to continue to re-allocate significant resources to Asia, and in particular to the group's telecommunications activities where investment require-ments are substantial," managing director Mr Manuel Pangil-

Cash call from Asian

By William Barnes

Bangkok Expressway, the construction consortium led by Kumagal Gumi of Japan and financed by Thai and for-eign banks, is to be floated on the Thai stock market.

consortium

The company, which is building an elevated motorway for Bangkok, plans to raise aboot Bt3.4bn (\$136m) by floating 129m new shares,

This suggests the initial public offer (IPO) price will be around Bt26 per share. The company has projected return on equity of 16 per cent a year. The IPO will put the shares on a prospective price/earnings ratio of around 35.

Total earnings at the company are forecast to rise from Bt816m in 1993 to Bt2.75bu this year.

The operating cash flow is forecast to grow strongly after this year, when a Bt15.7bn loan repayment is made. Net income is forecast to rise from Bt34m in 1993 to Bt327m this

Solid increases in income should be supported when a second arm to the motorway opens in the next few

The Ministry of the Treasury

All of these securities having been sold, this ennouncement appears as a matter of record only

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Sime Darby Group

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT

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	Sim		
	Sime Darb	y Group	
16 ACHEKO	PRELIMINARY AN HIGHLIGHTS OF UNAUDITED FOR THE YEAR ENDE	CONSOLIDATED	RESULTS
41 SHV		1994 RM Million	1993 RM Million
* , . *	TURNOVER	8,212.5	7,041.4
	PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	903.7	840.8
	EARNINGS	449.7	403.2
	EXTRAORDINARY PROFITS	34.4	60.5
		Sen	Sen
mited	EARNINGS PER SHARE	28.7	25.7
· 養養工 卷 一	DIVIDENDS PER SHARE - GROSS	21.0	20.0

The profit before tax for the year of RM 903.7 million is 7% higher than last year.

Earnings and earnings per share increased by 12%.

Obayashi Finance International (Netherlands) B.V. ¥4,500,000,000

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¥100,000,000 Payment Date: 3rd March, 1995 🟂 SAKURA TRUST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED 6th September, 1994

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES & CAPITAL MARKETS

MAN truck unit falls into the red

By Kevin Done

MAN Notzfahrzeuge, the German commercial vehicle maker, fell into loss in its last financial year to the end of June but will return to profit in the current year, according to Mr Rudolf Rupprecht, group chief executive.

The company, a subsidiary of MAN, the German engineering group, suffered a 9.2 per cent fall in production to 32,657 trucks and buses in 1993-94 from 35,948 a year earlier and a record 41,590 in 1991-92.

Turnover fell by 4.6 per cent to DM6.9bn (\$4.4bn) from DM7.2bn, and the group next month is expected to disclose a loss of between DM50m and

The financial performance of MAN Nutzfahrzeuge, Germany's second largest manufacturer of trucks after Mercedes-Benz, has been undermined by the steep recession in the European truck market. Pre-tax profits fell to

DM60 5m in 1992-93 from DM506m in 1991-92 and net profits to DM31.5m from

Mr Rupprecht said demand for commercial vehicles had begun to pick up in recent months, led by higher demand from MAN's European export markets.

The value of the group's order-book at the end of June had fallen marginally to DM2.3hn from DM2.4bn a year earlier, but the volume of new orders had been rising during the first six months of 1994. in the year to end-June the value of new orders rose by 8.3 per cent to DM6.8bn from DM6.3bn in 1992-93. New orders from foreign markets jumped

by 22.6 per cent to DM3.2bn. while those from the domestic market declined by 2.1 per cent MAN has been forced to restructure during the reces-

sion and is cutting 4,500 jobs or around 16 per cent of its workforce. The number of employees fell to 25,463 at the end of June from 28.917 in mid-1992 and another 1,000 jobs are to be cut during the current finan-

cial year, said Mr Rupprecht. Truck sales in Germany are expected to decline further in 1994 by between 5 and 10 per cent, said Mr Rupprecht, but will been to recover next year. Sales have begun to pick up in other west European markets, however, led by the UK, Scandinavia, France, Spain and the

Benelux countries.

Normandy Poseidon ahead

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

Normandy Poseidon, the Australian mining and resources group which, via its Poseidon Gold subsidiary, is now the country's largest gold producer, has announced profits after tax and abnormal items of A\$85.3m (U\$\$63.3m) for the year to end-June. In the previous year it made A\$58.2m. The result was achieved

after an abnormal gain of

A\$34.5m, against A\$9.78m in 1992-93.

Operating profit before abnormal items and tax was A\$191.5m, against A\$180.8m. Fully-diluted earnings per share, before abnormal items, were static at 9.7 cents,

During the year, Normandy said that there had been a 12 per cent increase in gold production, to 1.3m oz, causing PosGold to post a 9 per cent profits improvement.

Czech and Slovak fund offer to raise \$25m

By Vincent Boland in Prague

The Czech and Slovak Investment Corporation, a London-based investment fund managed by merchant bankers Robert Fleming, is to raise \$25m in a share and warrant offer to naw and existing sharebolders to finance further investment in the two

The offer, consisting of up to 340,000 units each including seven new shares and one new warrant, at a price of \$78.50 a unit, is underwritten by Fleming and co-managed with

S.G. Warburg.
The offer closes on September 21. Current shareholders include the IBM Pension Fund, Robert Fleming, and Confeder-ation Life of Canada.

The fund, set up early last year, has invested \$30m in the two countries. More than 90 per cent of the investments are in the Czech Republic.

Mr Leonard Ingrams, the fund's chairman, said the proportion invested in Slovakia may rise, depending oo the outcome of the Slovak general election at the end of this month. "Things are happening there that we view positively but it depends on the elec tion," he said.

The fund invests in a mixture of stock market-listed and unlisted shares and in joint ventures between international and local companies. lts portfolio, currently worth \$35m, includes a stake in British Petroleum's recent

The BP joint venture is with two investment funds and is aimed at extending the UK group's network of petrol sta-tions in the Czech Republic.

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Sett price Change 103-04 -0-15 102-08 -0-16 101-16 -0-17

108.10 107.10

\$23m investment in a petrol

retailing network in the Czech

UK gilts drift upwards in quiet trading

and Martin Brice

UK gilts drifted upwards yesterday in quiet futures-led trading, ahead of tomorrow's monthly meeting on monetary policy between the Treasury and the Bank of England Economic data showing a

slowdown in M0 money supply growth for August and modest consumer credit figures for July had little impact, analysis "The weaker-than-expected M0 figures are a hint that the

pace of economic expansion may be easing," said Mr Simon Briscoe, UK economist at S.G. Warburg. He said they were unlikely to lead to a rise in base rates from the current Wednesday's meeting.

The market view is that nothing will happen [on Wednesday, but there will be some degree of market nervousness, said Mr John Shepperd, chief economist at

There was little change in the yield spread between gilts and German bunds, which remained at about 140 basis points. On Liffe, the December long gilt future fell in early trading to 100% from the previous close of 100%, before recovering to 1014 in late trading, up % on the day.

■ Bunds started the week in dismal fashion as worries about an early overheating of

prompted an early sell-off. The market is worried that the west gross domestic product data for the second quarter, due on Thursday, could show

GOVERNMENT BONDS

quarter-on-quarter expansion

in excess of 1 per cent, which

would bring the yearly growth rate to close to 2 per cent.

Ms Wendy Niffikeer, senior economist at IBJ International. said that such an acceleration in economic growth would lead to inflationary pressures and would also cause the output gap - the difference between actual and potential growth - than expected.

These worries, coupled with concerns about the Bundesbank's large funding pro-gramme, are likely to keep a lid on bund prices. On Liffe, the December bund tuture stood 0.45 points lower at 89.67 in the late afternoon in volume of 75,473 lots, off the day's worst level of 89.38.

French government bonds were also weaker amid worries that recent base rate rises by French commercial banks would put pressure on the Bank of France to do likewise. On the Matif, the September notional bond future was down 0.14 points at the day's low of 112.62 late in the afternoon.

year Spanish government bonds rose 16 basis points to 11.17 per cent. Mr Simon Meges of UBS said the movement was driven by worries about the continuing negotiations over the government's budget, and performances were similar along the yield curve.

"It was a rocky ride today and the market may get littery if there is no firm news this week," he said. He added that investors were also concerned at the possibility of Spain being left out of the core of a multi-speed Europe.

Meanwhile, the yield on the 10-year Italian government bond rose 3 basis points to close at 12.06 per cent, moving in line with markets elsewhere

Abbey National launches L250bn three-year deal

By Graham Bowley

The eurobond market saw few new issues yesterday with the US, Canada and Luxembourg closed for holidays. However, issuance is expected to pick up over the next few days with both Pearson and the City of Yokohama expected to launch offerings.

INTERNATIONAL **BONDS**

Pearson, the media and antertainment group which owns the Financial Times, is expected to come to the eurosterling market with a 10-year offering, which syndicate managers expect to amount to about £100m.

The City of Yokohama is also rumoured to be considering a 10-year fixed-rate eurodollar offering of around \$300m, leadmanaged by Bank of Tokyo Capital Markets.

Abbey National Treasury Services launched a L250hn offering of three-year bonds

High

91,25 97,55

with a coupon of 11.5 per cent, lead-managed by Swiss Bank

Corporation. Syndicate managers said that the bonds were fairly priced, although they said that they were surprised by the relatively large size of the issue, especially with the Luxembourg market closed. Many recent eurolira issues have been placed with Luxembourg myestors.

There is much debate about whether the lira market is saturated, especially in the threeyear area, but we are seeing no evidence of that," said one syndicate manager.

Compagnie Ge'ne'rals des Eaux tapped the D-Mark sector with a DM300m offering of fiveyear bonds priced to yield 45 basis points over the five-year 64 per cent German government bond.

Around one-quarter of the bonds were placed with French institutions and a large part of the remainder will be targeted at retail investors in Switzerland, Belgium and Luxembourg, according to the lead

US DOLLARS (414-5) 100.00 Sep.2001 2.50 +45(6)4%-99) BHF-Benk/ CCF Frankfur Westdoutsche Landenber TTALIAN LIFE 11.50 101.055 Oct.1997 1.375 Swies Bank Corp 250bn

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

Final terms and non-callable unless stated. The yield spread (over relevant government bond) at leanch is supplied by the lead manager. §Conventible, \$Toxing rate note. R: their re-offer prior; fees are shown at the re-offer level. A) intermitional Container Terminal Services. Pricing: approx 7/9/94, indicated convention premium: 5-10%. Callable after 3 yrs, subject to 140% hardle, at 104% toling 1%pa to per. b) 6-mit Libor + 1/24.

manager Credit Commercial de

France. The D-Mark market currently offers favourable swap opportunities, particularly in the four- to five-year area, syndicate managers said. The pro-ceeds from the offering were believed to have been swapped

back into French francs. The market also digested the announcement on Friday by the World Bank that it plans to launch a giobal fixed-rate dollar bond issue later this month, expected to be about \$1.5bn.

The timing of the launch and

the maturity of the issue would be determined in light of market circumstances in the coming weeks, the World Bank

The market expects the offer-ing to have a life of five or 10 years. The deal will be leadged by Lehman Brothers

"There is a continuing demand for high quality dollar paper, which this certainly is, and we expect this deal to go well," said one syndicate man-

Previous recent global offer-

ings have struggled to find buyers outside the US. "It will be interesting to see how much is placed outside the US, whether there is now a broader interest, particular from Asian investors, in the dollar bonds," said one syndicate manager.

dennama

Teiekom Maiaysia rumoured to be assessing demand for a \$300m to \$500m 10-year convertible eurobond

offering.
The issue will be the first by a Malaysian company which is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service.

		Couper	Red Date	Price	Day's change	Yield	Week	Month
Australia		9.000	09/04	96.6800	-0.500	8.52	9.33	8.49
Belgturn		7.250	04/04	91.6500	-0.450	8.55	8.37	7.97
Canada *		6.500	06/04	_	-	-	8.65	ED.8
Denmark		7,000	12/04	86.8700	-1.080	9.01	8.75	8.22
France	BTAN	8.000	06/98	102,2500	-	7.34	7.17	6.51
	OAT	5.500	04/04	83,8500	-0.340	7,96	7.76	7.38
Germany E	Bund	6.750	05/04	96,5000	-0.340	7.40	7.19	6.89
Italy		8,500	04/04	80.9400	-0.530	11,891	11.57	10.57
Japan	No 119	4,800	06/99	102,9930	+0.170	4.05	4.06	3.93
		4,100	12/03	96,1830	+0.220	4.60	4.71	4.63
Netherland	13	5.750	91/04	89,1600	-0.240	7,39	7.25	6.96
Spein		E.000	05/04	81.6400	-0.720	11.16	10.86	10.30
UK Gins		6,000	08/99	90-18	-	8.37	8.32	A14
		6.750	11/04	87-20	+1/32	8.59	8.53	8.35
		2,000	10/08	103-30	+3/32	8.51	8.47	8.42
US Treasu	ry *	7.250	06/04	100-09	_	-	7.22	7.27
		7,500	11/24	100-01	-	-	7.48	7.53
ECU (Frenk	ch Govti	8.000	04/04	84,0000	-0.600	8.49	8.31	7.87
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UK GILTS PRICES

	Open	Sett price	Change	Hah	Low	Est. vol.	Open in
Sap	112.86	112.79	-0.66	113.00	112.54	105,480	
Dec	112.00	111.82	-0.68	112.00	111.60	22,198	53,862
Mor	111.36	111.20	-0.66	111,36	111.22	7	4,095
M LONG	TEAM FREE	NCH BOND	OPTION	S (MATIF)			
Striko		- CA	13-			PUTS	
Price	Oct	D	ec .	Mar	Oct	Dec	Mar
113	0.57	1.4	34		1.27	2.05	
114	0.25	0.5	30		1.80	2.60	
115	0.13	1.0	65			3.07	
116		0.3	36		-		
117 Est vot to Germa	0.01 Hal Colls 9,048 BATLY	0.5 Pura 21,65	20 54 . Provide			4,46 (5,601 Pura	
117 Est vot to Germa	0.01 Hal Com 9,048 BATLY SHAL GERMA	0.3 Puras 21,65 NN BUNO I	94 . Provious	(TILLE). Di	M250,000 10	4,46 15,601 Puls 10ths of 10	0%
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FT-ACTUARIES FIXED INTEREST INDICES III NOTIONAL ITALIAN GOVT. BOND (STP) FUTURES Price Indices Charge % Sep 5 Sep 2 Yr. ago Sep 5 Sep 2 Yr. ago Sep 5 Sep 2 Yr. ago ytd 8.01 5 yrs 8.82 15 yrs 9.81 20 yrs 8.83 bred.† -0.12 -0.08 -0.08 -0.22 -0.10 120.12 139.64 8.42 8.49 8.45 8.53 6.49 7.21 7.31 8.69 8.88 8.74 6.35 7.07 7.22 7.44 8.67 8.63 Up to 5 years (24) 5-15 years (21) Over 15 years (9) 8,86 8,88 LOW Est vol Open int 118,96 139.53 20301 52724 154,80 177,10 154.82 177.6 III TTALIAN GOVT, BOND (BTP) FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFTE) Line200m 100hs of 100% Sep 5 Sep 2 Yr. ago Sep 5 Sep 2 Yr, ago PUTS Up to 5 years (2) Over 5 years (11) All attocks (13) Up to 5 yes Over 5 yes 3.72 2.65 3.58 185,67 -0.03 165.73 2.57 2.60 3.05 3.93 9.67 9.80 7.70 9.61 9.55 8.19 9.55 Sep 5 Sep 2 Sep 1 Aug 31 Aug 30 Yr ago Hight Low 91.59 91.71 92.19 91.98 . 91.74 101.85 107.04 90.98 109.02 110.03 109.90 109.89 109.84 124.14 133.67 107.33 nt Beautiles high since complicator: 127.40 (81/35), low 40.18 (31/75), Fixed Intel 1288. SE entirely indices reg 121.7 89.8 III NOTIONAL UK GILT FUTURES (LIFFE) 250,000 \$2nds of 100%

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US activities advance 50% on lower crude prices and synthetic sales

Burmah Castrol rises 16%

By Andrew Bolger

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AL MOND ISSUES

Burmah Castrol. the lubricants, chemicals and fuels group, increased interim pretax profits by 16 per cent but said it would be unable to repeat in the second half an exceptional performance by Castrol in the US.

Pre-tax profits from £89.5m to £198.8m in the six months to June 30, and attributable profits climbed 15 per cent to £50.5m (£44m). The shares closed 14p lower at 891p. Mr Jonathan Fry, chief exec-

utive, said Castrol's US profits had risen by 50 per cent, thanks to increased sales, the move into profit of the new synthetic lubricant, Syntec, and a fall in the price of crude oil at the start of the period which had now been reversed.

In lubricants as a whole, trading profits rose 24 per cent to £86.6ml (£70m). In Asia, there were strong performances from India, Japan, Thailand and Vietnam, while Australasia benefited from economic recov-

ery. In Europe, although the industrial market showed some pick up, consumer demand remained subdoed, notably in Germany, the UK and France. Latin America suffered from "chaotic" trading conditions in Brazil.

Chemicals also increased trading profits by 24 per cent, to £22.1m (£17.8m). Profits from

Foseco Metallurgical Chemicals bounced back by 85 per cent, mainly because of the restructuring and rationalisation which has been completed in Europe and North America.

The group said Sericol Printing inks continued to power ahead, and adhesives also had a good first half. Coatings had a poor first quarter, although the second quarter was stronger. Fosroc Construction and Mining Chemicals suffered from difficult trading in Europe and a softening in key Middle Eastern markets.

In fuels, trading profits fell to £8.5m from £13.5m. Competitive markets in the UK and Sweden combined with eco-nomic turnoil in Turkey to its, LNG Transportation was also down, to £3.2m from £7m, mainly because the previous period benefited from the inclusion of a provision release of £3.5m.

Mr Lawrence Urquhart, chairman, said the group intended to pay up to a third of the year's total dividend as a Foreign Income Dividend, which would reduce the group's ongoing surplus Advance Corporation Tax problem. It declared an interim div-idend of 10p, compared with 16.5p. Last year's payment had been increased in case the use of an enhanced scrip dividend was blocked by the Budget.



From left to right, Lawrence Urquhart, Jonathan Fry and Brian Hardy, finance director: do not expect to repeat US performance

by only 9.4 per cent, to 25.6p scrip scheme and the £32m (23.4p), because of the greater acquisition of Tribol. a US number of shares in issue fol-

Flat demand balks British Vita

tor had good growth prospects.

of about 11 per cent, followed by Warburg Pincus with about

Ms Sutcliffe said the 5.08m

shares in Trio were acquired in

the market towards the end of

last week, when the shares

traded between 28p and 30p.

This would put a price tag.of

some £1.5m on the stake. Trio's share price closed at 34p yes-

10 per cent.

 $\{(a,b), a, b\}$

Shares in British Vita fell 11p to 259p vesterday after the foam and fibre group said it had been hit by pricing pressures and flat demand in important markets.

Although the group saw first-half pretax profits rise 46 per cent to £23.71m (£16.26m), it admitted that the figures were flattered by sizeable losses last time which disguised a more modest increase in operating profits.

"We are not seeing the kind of recovery that manufacturers of capital goods are enjoying," said Mr Rod Sellers, chief exec-

At the operating level, profits on con-tinuing operations were almost unchanged at £21.39m (£20.08m) and Mr Sellers warned that the company's main markets were static or improving only slowly.

Overall operating profits showed a group benefited from the disposal last year of its debt-burdened Spanish subsidiaries said recent trading had been quiet and it forward multiple of 18.

lost £2.62m last time.

Without contributions from the two subsidiaries, turnover fell back to £388m (£404.4m), hnt their disposal helped lift pre-tax profits with £550,000 of interest receivable, against payments of £99,000.

"We've got rid of the problem businesses and although our markets are not boom-

ing we've seen a small unturn in all our divisions," said Mr Sellers. That improvement was helped by last

year's rationalisation programme, which saw the workforce cut by 5 per cent to 12,800 and costs adjusted to meet lower Of the group's three divisions, cellular

polymers - the largest - saw profits increase 8.6 per cent to £13.85m (£12.78m). fibres and fabrics division moved ahead 7.5

was unrealistic to expect a rapid increase in demand.

Nevertheless, earnings per share rose 25 per cent to 7p (5.5p), after adjusting the 1993 figure by adding back the loss on the disposal of discontinued operations. An interim dividend of 3.75p (3.65p) has

British Vita is refreshingly candid about its prospects. It admits that its figures are fairly limp even after shedding the excess baggage which slowed it down during the worst of the recession. But the performance is not bad, given the margin pressures and increased raw material prices. To see any acceleration, it really needs to use its 232.5m reserves to make a cash-gen-The industrial polymers operation saw erative acquisition that would also boost profits rise from £2.33m to £2.65m, and the market share. If it did that, then profits could exceed the £47m forecast for this While welcoming the figures, Mr Sellers 309p in April - worth considering on a

Growth in **US** helps Haynes to £5m

By Caroline Souther

A strong performance by the US operations of Haynes Publishing Group, the car and motor cycle maintenance manual company, belped lift annual pro-tax profits by 27 per cent to £5.04m.

Turnover moved ahead to £25.7m (£22.8m) in the year to May 31, with US sales up 23 per cent at £12.9m (£10.5m) and UK sales up 5 per cent at £12.8m (£12.2m).

"As in recent years, much of our growth is expected to come from the US," Mr John Haynes, chairman, said. But, he added, the board had achieved the chievelys of achieved its objective of returning the UK operations to

their former levels of profit. Pre-tax profits for the UK rose by 23 per cent to £1.5m (£1.3m). This included a write-off of £223,000 largely caused by the closure of the contract printing business. Operating profits for the UK

stood at £2.3m (£2m). Mr Haynes said an improvement in new titles had helped reduce publishing losses and additional products were being considered. The replacement of old machinery

would mean an improvement in UK capacity. The US operation saw pre-tax profits grow by 32 per cent to £3.3m (£2.5m). Operating profits moved ahead from £3m to £4m. The

company now has book manufacturing facilities on both sides of the Atlantic following the opening of a print facility in Nashville in November.

Despite Mr Haynes' concern about expected rises in raw naterial prices - they account for 50 per cent of product costs - Mr Max Pearce, group chief executive, was confident the current year's profitability would not be affected.

A final dividend of 5p (3p) has been recommended making a total of 9p (6.5p) on earnings per share 12 per cent shead at 19.8p (17.53p). Last year's dividend and earnings per share have been restated for November's 1 for 2 scrip

The shares rose 12p to 450p.

Paper price rises put Bunzl up 26% at £33m

ond half payouts.

and loss account.

June 30 at £809.7m.

owed last year, to adjust the balance between first and sec-

During the first half, Bunzl

sold its building products business for £61m. The disposal

resulted in a net goodwill

write-off of £35m which must

be taken through the profit

Although this has no cash

effect, it left Bunzl with a

£2.2m interim pre-tax loss, against profits of £26m last time. Sales were 11 per cent

higher for the six mooths to

Of the group's four core husi-

nesses, cigarette filters and

Fine paper, which has seen prices fall by as much as 38 per cent in the last three years.

becelited from the geoeral

upturn and the withdrawal

from Sicily. Profits rose by 31

Mr Habgood said the grow-ing market for lower tar ciga-

rettes had helped Bunzl's filter

business return a 31 per cent

increase in operating profits to

fine paper returned the stron-

Bunzl, the distribution and cigarette filter company, yesterday wrapped up its first half with the promise of an increased final pay-out and a 26 ner cent jump in pre-tax profits, excluding goodwill write-offs, to £32.8m.

The profits rise was due in part to long-awaited price rises in the depressed paper indus-try, on which Bunzl depends for more than 70 per cent of its

Mr Tony Habgood, chief executive, said paper prices had risen by 1 percentage point, against a 2-point fall previously. They were expected to improve further in the second half, he added.

Although acquisitions also belped the return, he said Bunzl had still achieved underying profits growth of between 11 and 12 per cent. Margins in continuing operations rose from 4.6 to 5.1

Given the strong performance, "we expect to be able to increase the final dividend." Mr Habgood said. The interim was held at 1.8p, as foreshad-

Paper and plastic disposables enjoyed 18 per cent profit

per cent to £6.4m.

growth to £19.7m. Plastic prod ucts also returned an 18 per cent rise to £5.9m.

The loss per share was 3.5p. against a 3.9p profit last time. Excluding the goodwill writeoff, earnings advanced 21 per cent to 4.7p.

COMMENT

Tony Habgood appears to have confounded the sceptics who criticised bis strategy just two years ago as a misguided focus on mature markets. The rewards are undoubtedly rolling in. So far, they have been down to management's herculean restructuring efforts. Now, with little left to achieve on that front, the upturn in the paper cycle will do its bit for Bunzl. If Habeood is not to be caught out, however, be needs to look ahead to the next downturn. With the paper cycle expected to peak in 1997, Bunzl may have to find a sizeable acquisition to keep up the momentum. Forecasts are for about £71m this year, puttive p/e of about 15.5 times. This looks just about right for a solidly managed com-

Exceptional gain helps Peter Black rise to £12.4m

An exceptional gain of £1.1m on the disposal of its Factory Shops business helped to lift annual profits at Peter Black, supplier of footwear, cosmetics and accessories to Marks and Spencer, by more than 36 per

Pre-tax profits for the year to June 4 rose from £9.1m to £12.4m on sales 8 per cent ahead at £124.8m, compared with £114.9m

Mr Gordon Black, joint chairman, said the sale of the retail and leisure businesses had left the group both focused and ungeared. That, coupled with its cash generating ability. would allow it to remain at the forefront of the personal care and footwear industries, where there were clear prospects for organic growth.

tinuing operations improved from £9.16m to £10.8m on turnover of £117.1m (£105.5m), Margins improved from 8 to 9 per

The personal care division

lifted profits to £5.4m (£4.4m) on the back of a rise in turnover from £40.9m to £44.7m in markets described by Mr Black English Grains, which sup-

plies vitamins, dietary supplements and natural medicines to multiple outlets and chemists, had a record year.

Mr Black said the group was constrained by lack of capacity in this market - a situation that would change in 12 months' time when its new £10m factory opens in Derby-

Profits at the footwear and accessories division increased prospective p/e of 19.

A strong performance from its Asia Pacific operations helped

JIB Group, the insurance hro-

ker in which Jardine Matheson has a majority stake, turn in a 17 per cent increase in half-

year pre-tax profits from

tive, said that JIB was looking

By Christopher Price

Operating profit from con- from £3.7m to £4.6m oo sales of £67.2m (£60.6m). The group is confident that it can increase sales to M&S, which has a relatively low share of the footwear market.

Turnover from the group's discontinued retail and leisure operations was £7.74m (£9.4m) with operating profits of £757,000 (£698,000).

The profit from the disposal of the Hornsea Freeport retail and leisure division, sold after the year-end, will be in next

year's accounts. Earnings per share increased to 15.56p (11.18p) and the recommended final dividend is lifted from 2.77p to 3.35p, giving a total for the year of 4.47p

Analysts are expecting profits for this year to be just

above £12m, giving the group a

ness," he said. He added that the company

had been surprised by the

toughness of the UK insurance

market. Turnover here grew by

just 9 per cent in the first half to £46.1m (£42.2m), with mar-

gins coming under pressure as

Canadians buy holding in Trio

By Antonia Sharpe

Regent Pacific Group, an international financial services group which is majority-owned by Altamira Management of Toronto, said yesterday it had bought 9.1 per cent of the share capital of Trio Holdings, the UK money and securities bro-

ker.
"We are keeping an open investmind about further invest-ment," said Ms Jayne Sutcliffe, a director of Regent Pacific in charge of corporate finance. She noted that although Regent had invested in UK investment trusts in the past, this was its first entry as a significant shareholder into an operating financial services

She said the purchase share price closed at 34p y reflected Regent's view that terday, up 2p from Friday.

Lloyd's attracts US insurer

By Christopher Price

Medical Insurance Exchange of California, a professional liability insurer, has become the latest organisation to take advantage of the drive by Lloyd's of London to attract corporate

Trio represented a geared play on the sector since its restructinvestors. uring last year had improved its potential, she added. The US group will begin coutributing its corporate capacity to the Lloyd's market for 1995, and is expected to Mr David Hagan, Trio's chairman, said he was pleased that another institution had write premium income of decided to take a material stake in the company. Fidelity is thought to be Trio's largest single shareholder with a stake

It will allocate its capacity to specialist medical malpractices syndicates. Stace Barr has been appointed as MIE's Lloyd's adviser.

Lloyd's currently has 25 cor porate member groups, the first to be allowed since the insurance market changed its rules a year ago in a radical move to allow investors to take advantage of limited lia

The new protected members have been backed by institutional and private money and have been able to contribute £1.6bn in capacity for the 1994 underwriting year.

	Current payment	Date of phyment	Corres - ponding dividend	Total for year	Total
ASWht	3	Nov 4	3		6
Biotubley Motorint	5.375†	Oct 13	4.75	•	9.85
Black (Peter)fin	3.35	Oct 24	2.77	4.47	3.7
British Vitaint	3.75	Nov 7	3.65	-	7.4
Burnetbrit	1.81	Jan 3	1.8	-	4.1
Burmsh Castrol	10	Jan 5	16.5	_	27.5
Cakierburnknt	2.9t	Oct 31	2.8	-	7.7
Centorsfin	3	Nov 10	3	4	4
Computer Peopleint	1†	Nov 15	niii		1.5
Copymore §Int	2.6	Sep 29	2.5		4
Edinburgh Inc TrInt	14	Oct 20	1	-	4
Expernet	1.35	Nov 17	1.25		2.5
Haynes Publishto	5	Nov S	3*	e	5.3
Heywood Williamsint	5t	Oct 27	4.5		13
JIBint	2.51	Nov 14	2.5	-	7.5
Penthandint	1.25	Nov 1	1.16		2.8
Plasmec §int	1.5	Nov 3	0.75		3
RPS §int	1.3	Oct 26	1.1		2.4
C.des Int	9 54	Man 21	9.4		0.2

dividend for year.

BELL COURT Fund ent is to buy Waverley Unit Trust Management for 200,000 new ordinary shares BRIDGEND GROUP is selling SA St Gery to High Street Holdings for BFr30m (£600,000) cash. SA St Gery owns a long leasehold interest in the Halles St Gery, a property situated in

NEWS IN BRIEF the centre of Brussels. In addition to the disposal proceeds, Bridgend will receive 12.5 per cent of the expected total rental of the building.

BRITISH DATA Management has acquired Stelstor Systems for a maximum consideration of £605,000. Stelstor, a supplier of shelving and storage

systems, made pre-tax profits of £311,000 on £2.4m turnover in year to May 31 1993. BURFORD HOLDINGS has sold Gillingham Business Park and an office building in Mayfair to Grosvenor (Mayfair) Estates for £14.8m cash.

CAPITAL & REGIONAL Prop-

erties has acquired Humber-

stone House, Leicester, for £1.63m from Scottish Life. STANDARD CHARTERED, the UK-based international bank, has reached an agreement to

sell personal banking operations in Canada - comprising the deposits and loans of two branches - to Bank of

region rose 19 per cent to £19.7m as the company reaped the benefit of opening new offices in South Korea and India and reorganising its operations in the Philippines. Mr John Barton, chief execu-

to further expand its Far Eastern operations to benefit from the region's burgeoning economies. "We will be building on our successes in our Asian Pacific insurance operations

£11.7m to £13.7m. brokers reacted to strong com-Turnover grew 7 per cent to £114.6m (£107.4m), while earnpetitive pressures by reducing rates, particularly in the marine market. ings per share were unchanged at 6.4p, as was the dividend of JIB's US operations also per-2.5p.
Turnover in the Asia-Pacific

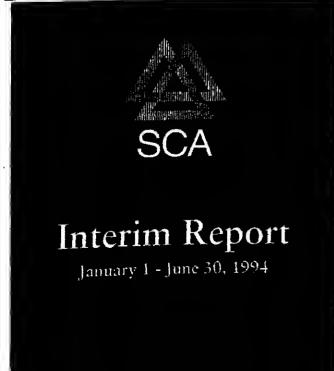
Asia Pacific side

behind 17% JIB rise

formed in competitive condi-tions, with Mr Barton blaming difficulties in the Lloyd's market as part of the reason for an increase in husiness remaining in the US. He added that the business was undergoing some restructuring.

Londoo was also a difficult market for the reinsurance business, with reduced demand dampening prices required for reinsurance cover. However, JIB was boosted by a good performance from its overseas reinsurance division.

7.0p



SCA in brief, SEK M	1994	1993
Net şales	15,580	16,751
Operating profit	1,394	1,057
Earnings after financial net	1,034	550
Earnings after financial net,		
excl non-recurring items	818	550
Earnings per share after tax		
and full dilution, SEK	3.73	2.15
Equity/assets ratio, percent	49	47*
Net debt	10,636	12,559
Shareholders' equity incl minority interest	21,072	20,879*
Debt/equity ratio, times	0.50	0.52*
Number of employees	24,070	24,069*
* as per Dec.51, 1993		

Forecast 1994: Earnings after financial net SEK 1,900 - 2,300 M excl non-recurring items.

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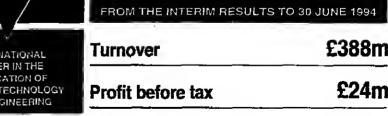
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the machine once more.

tial public offers.

an estimated 147 flotations

have sucked up £7.5bn of insti-

tutional capital and added

companies with an initial mar-

These statistics might sug-

gest a return to the euphoric reception of new issues during

tha bull market of the mid-

1980s, but the reality could

Institutions all demonstrate

an enormous wariness towards

the flood of new scrip. Compa-

nies such as Canadian Pizza,

United Carriers and Notting-

ham Gronp, which encoun-tered unexpected sales declines

shortly after flotation, have

made it more difficult to per-

suade fund managers to sup-

port less than quality issues.

As Mr Neil Austin, of Peat

Marwick Corporate Finance,

says: "One of the advantages of

the shake-out is that those

opportunistic, or downright

greedy, companies that

hardly be more different.

ket value of close to £13bn.

ASW maintains interim despite fall to £700,000

Holdings, Cardiff-based steel products and construction systems group, is maintaining its interim dividend of 3p a share in spite of a sharp fall in firsthalf pre-tax profits from £1.5m to £700,000.

The decision is based on the expectation that trading conditions will continue to improve following a much better second quarter in the company's main

The company is also expecting the benefits from its investment and cost-cutting programmes to come through. Total turnover edged op from £230.5m to £237m, but profits from continuing operations, excluding restructuring costs, fell from £5.2m to

The steel side suffered a slide in profits from £7m to £4.1m. A

tion of the poor trading conditions experienced at the end of last year, but the second quarter brought a significant recovery in selling prices and margins.

Prices continued firm and demand remained satisfactory, ASW said vesterday. An £11m-£12m upgrade of the

Cardiff bar and section mill has been carried out. which ASW said would achieve substantial cost reductions when it came into full operation next vear. Meanwhile, as a result of this and other restructuring to be undertaken in the second half, there would be exceptional restructuring costs estimated at £3.5m this year, due mainly to redundancies. Some £600,000 of this was incurred in the first half.

The construction systems business showed some

loss of £100,000 in the first improvement, helped by the quarter reflected the continuaend of last year, reducing its first-half loss from £1.8m to £700,000. The company reiterated that the business would be profitable in the second

> The group's net borrowings stood at £43.4m on June 30, only slightly up from £42.8m a year earlier despite a rise in capital spending from £3.4m to

> Net profit rose from £700,000 to £1.6m following the release of an earlier provision related to the tax treatment of the takeover of Manchester Steel in 1985. A favourable agreement with the Inland Revenue was reached early this year. After payment of preference

and ordinary dividends, the retained loss for the period was to £27.2m (£24.1m). reduced from £2m a year earlier to £1.1m. Basic earnings per share were 1.8p (0.0p). subsidiary is just below

break-even point. Provisions for bad and doubtful debts fell 22 per cent to £17m (£21.8m) - less than the falls experienced by some

other societies. Mr Trevor Bayley, finance director, said that Britannia's provisions had not had as far to fall as those of some societies, and that it had also

view of property prices.

The society's administrative expenses rose to £51.6m (£49.9m), part of which was attributable to the cost of closing 25 branches earlier this year. Mr Bayley said that this closure programme, which leaves the society with 201

Mr Bayley said that historically the society's had been improving over the

One example of this bad been the society's very selective approach to the prices at which it was prepared to offer fixed-rate mortgages. At 7.75 per cent, its standard variable rate is above the lowest headline variable rates offered by any of the 10 largest societies.

Britannia **Building** Society **64%** rise

Britannia Bullding Society, the UK's ninth largest, yesterday reported a 64 per pre-tax profits, from £28.5m to

its new issues pipeline. A for-Mortgage lenders across the ther 25 have made initial sector bave benefited from approaches, which could be falls in provisions for had and doubtful debts; Britannia also translated into flotations by the year-end. attributed the rise to better The net result is that 1994 nanagement of interest will overwhelmingly break margins and an increase to both the 1986 record of £9bn of

non-interest income. Net interest receivable for the six months to June 30 rose to £88.2m - some 16 per cent higher than to the first half of last year. Other income and charges, including those from insurance sales, rose by £2.9m

The society's estate agency

taken a relatively cautious

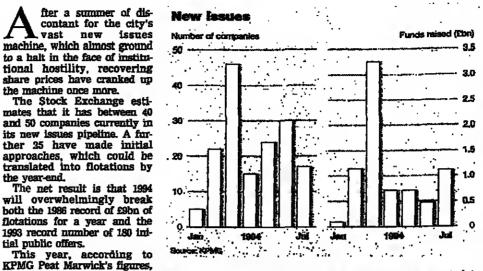
branches, was now broadly complete. Group assets rose by about 2 per cent to total

interest margins had been slim for the sector, but that this last 18 months.

just over 0.1 percentage point

New issues machine back in gear

Institutional mood towards flotations is changing. Simon Davies reports



shouldn't float will not be able to. I think we have lost that fringa elemant for the

Primary causes of the recov ery in confidence were the 3i and Exco flotations. Both received strong institutional support for share offers despite uncertain market conditions. Backers were rewarded with share price increases of 18 per cent and 19 per cent respectively.

tempered by less successful flotations such as on-line business information group MAID, whose shares fell 61 per cent below the 110p issue price, before recovering to a 36 per cent discount.

Investors are likely to be faced with a mixture of both. Larger companies, such as Thorn Lighting and ED & F Man, hava experienced managements and long track get positive responses at the right price. By contrast, there are a number of smaller companies that have been touting themselves over too many months, which may encounter less enthusiasm.

The list of impending floats will include names such as Ashbourne Homes, Bright Reasons, Century Inns, Compell Group, Datrontech, Filtronic Comtek, Optus, Seaperfect, Servisair and USM Texon.

Brokers said they hoped that these would be evenly spread throughout the remainder of the year, but the reality will be the opposite.

There is a sense that there is only a limited window of opportunity. Companies and their advisers are therefore already jostling to get to the front of the line, to ensure that they are not left exposed when institutional

appetites are satiated. The dangers for those that miss the boat are great. London Capital's flotation was pulled at the last minute, as major shareholder Citlhank refused to sell out at the prices dictated by its advisers - close to a 15 per cent discount to

Analysts said there were concerns over the LCH's management, which might bave been ignored in a stronger market. However, having with-drawn once, it would be likely to struggle to get a positive response a second time and a trade sale is now considered a more likely exit for Citibank. British Printing Company was another casualty, hut it

was beaten more on price than quality and is expected to relaunch its offer, after completing accounts for the current year. in the past, marginal flota-tions could be propped up

through support from the small retail investor, but this year the public have played only a limited role. The Capital Shopping Cen-

tres public offer was only 14.4 per cent subscribed, and even after an aggressive marketing campaign, the public portion of the Si offer was only 1.1 times subscribed. Institutional shareholders

are therefore the key to success, and they are returning from summer holidays with money to spend from recent bids and dividends and a more positive outlook for the mar-

The race is now on to see how many new issues can get through before the mood

Suter at £12m as Wilkes integration continues

By Andrew Bolger

Suter. tbe industrial conglomerate chaired by Mr David Abell, said it was proceeding well with the integra-tion of Wilkes, the Sheffield engineering group it acquired full control of to May. Suter's pre-tax profits were

£12m in the six months to July 2, compared with £29.6m which included a £19.1m disposal gain. The group said a better guide to underlying performance was profits before tax and exceptionals, up 14 per ceot from £10.5m to £12m. Sales rose 11 per cent to £110.1m. Savings of more than £1m have been achieved at Wilkes, and Mr Abell is seeking closer integration of Avon Transmissions with the group's existing Mitchell Cotts Remanufacturing business.

The group intends to concentrate on completing the inte-gration of Wilkes, continuing its capital expenditure programme and pursuing additional opportunities to enhance low inflation in the UK, our I were 4.8p (3.6p losses).

core activities. Negotiations are continuing for the sale of substantial property assets and certain non-core subsidiaries.

Suter's refrigeration business increased operating profits from £2.2m to £2.7m. The UK and continental European markets had been depressed, but husiness had picked up strongly in South Africa. Trading profits from the

suffered from pricing pressure. The group's automotive and engineering husinesses performed well, raising operating profits from £2.3m to £3.6m. The exception was Floform, acquired from Wilkes, which had disappointing volumes in the first half, but this has been addressed. Consumer products

Mr Abell said: "If we can . as I believe - expect a period of steady economic growth with

confidence in it as a healthy location for our main manufacturing operations is justified." Stripping oot gains from property, analysts expect full-year profits of about £22m, which puts the shares - down 11p yesterday at 198p - on a prospective multiple of nearly 16. Earnings per share were

6.6p, compared with 6.3p before exceptionals, an increase of 4.8 per cent. The interim dividend chemicals businesses fell from £4.2m to £3.6m, Speciality rose to 3.5p (3.4p). chemicals businesses performed well, but fine chemicals Plasmec recovers to £352,000

increased operating profits from £400,000 to £700,000.

Pre-tax profits at Plasmec, the electronic and electrical equipment manufacturer, made a sharp recovery for the six months to June 30 to £352,000 against a loss of £237,000.

Turnover was up from £5.96m to £7.23m, boosting operating profits to £642,000. The USM-quoted company doubled the interim dividend to 1.5p. Earnings per share

Interest income cuts Scotia loss to £1.54m

By David Blackwell

Scotia Holdings, the drugs company which raised £37m from its flotation last October, reduced its interim pre-tax loss from £2.59m to £1.54m, helped by net interest income of £839,000, compared with interest paid of £282,000.

However, the previous result was after net exceptional charges of £15m. Profits before R&D, exceptionals and interest eased from £2.97m to £2.92m on sales 14 per cent ahead at £8.81m (£7.76m). Scotia finances research into new drugs with the profits from sales of evening primrose oil. Research focuses on lipids, important constituents of the membranes which surround cells.

Mr David Horrobin, chief executive, said the company had five products in phase 3 trials, yet its cash balances had fallen by only £467,000 in the six months. Spending on research and development had risen by more than 40 per cent to £5.29m.

The pharmaceutical division's sales and royalties fell from £3.97m to £3.85m, reflecting price reductions in the UK,

Sales of distribution rights and other operating income were down 34 per cent at £1.51m (£2.3m).

The nutritional division increased sales and royalties by 31 per cent to £4.97m (£3.79m) following a return to the US market and a change of UK distributor.

Mr Horrobin said the flotation had allowed the group to accelerate patient recruitment for trials. Drugs in the pipeline include treatments for diabetic complications, pancreatic cancer and the side effects of radiotherapy. Losses per share were 2.5p (6p).

FINANCIAL TIMES

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Interest cut bolsters **Expamet**

A 39 per cent cut in interest charges to £830,000 helped Expamet International to raise pre-tax profits hy 30 per cent from a restated £2m to £2.6m in the first half of 1994. Turnover on continuing businesses rose

from £62.8m to £64.3m. The company's security and building sectors both showed improvements - at £1m (£0.9m) and £1.8m (£1.7m) respectively - while the industrial side although £0.5m lower than last time at £0.6m, showed a recovery on last year's difficult second half.

The lower interest charge reflected both reduced borrowings and a fall in French interest rates. At June 30, borrow-ings including leasing, had reduced by 20 per cent or £4m compared to mid-1993.

Earnings per share were 2.71p (2.59p) and the interim dividend has been lifted from 1.25p to 1.35p.

RPS shares jump after 35% increase

Shares in RPS jumped by 10 per cent from 60p to 66p after the USM-quoted environmental consultancy reported a 35 per cent increase in first-half pre-tax profits and sounded an optimistic note for the future. Pre-tax profits increase from £388,000 to £525,000 for the first half of 1994, on turn-over up by 22 per cent at £4.27m. Margins also increased from 11 per cent to 12 per cent. Mr Roger Looker, chairman, said tha forward order book

level was more encouraging than at any time since the recession first affected the group in the second quarter of Earnings per share climbed from 2.17p to 2.89p and the div-

idend has been stepped up to 1.3p (1.1p). Cantors improves

towards end of year

Cantors, the retail furnishing group, reported pre-tax profits of £2.54m for the year to April 23, a 52 per cent increase on the comparable £1.67m. Turnover rose 3 per cent from

£60.4m to £62m. Mr Harold Cantor, chairman. said the January sale was successful and there was an improvement in trading in the last quarter of the year.

which accounts for 60 per cent of the total. NEWS DIGEST

month of the present year but the tax rises and the bot weather in June and July resulted in very poor trading.
Earnings per share came out at 10.33p (6.66p) and the dividend is being maintained at 4p with an unchanged final of 3p.

This continued into the first

Panther wins **Etonbrook Props**

Mr Andrew Perioff has gained control of Etonbrook Proper-

The offer by his Panther Securities, an investment and property dealer, has bean accepted by holders of 397,351 shares representing 8.12 per cent of the voting rights taking the company's share of the vot-ing rights to 50.45 per cent. The offer is now uncondi-

Oliver reduces first half loss to £1.65m

Oliver Group, the shoe retailer now trading from 335 branches, cut its losses from 22.24m to £1.65m for the six months to

July 2. The group made a £244,000 full-year profit; however "footwear, like most other forms of retailing, is heavily dependent on the peak Christmas trading period for a profitable outcome for the year," said Mr Denis

sidy, chairman. Turnover was down at \$32.2m (£33.2m), but this was achieved from 43 fewar branches than in the first half of 1993. Losses per share were 6.55p (8.86p).

Computer People doubles to £733,000

Computer People, the computer recruitment service and consultancy, reported pre-tax profits doubled from £364,000 to £733,000 for the half year to end-June.

The outcome was struck after an exceptional charge of £530,000 relating to management reorganisation, and came from revenue up from £33.5m

The shares rose 10p to 195p.

Earnings per share emerged at 3.42p (1.45p) and the com-pany is restoring the interim dividend with a pay-out of 1p.

Edinburgh Income net asset value 46.5p

Edinburgh Income Trust, the split capital investment trust formerly known as EFM Income Trust, reported a net

asset value per ordinary share **Energy Capital** of 46.5p on July 31 1994, against **Investment Company** 50.7p three months earlier and

50.2p on July 31 1993. **Energy Capital Investment** Net asset value of the zero dividend preference shares was 50.3p against 48.3p at the begin-Company, which came to the market via an institutional placing to Fehruary, reported a ning of the quarter. Nat revenue for the first net asset value per share of

quarter was £129,000 against 43.39p at June 30. Gross revenue for the period £172,000 last time, for earnings per share of 0.9p (1.1p). The first interim dividend is from incorporation on November 1 to end-June amounted to £68,255. The interim pre-tax unchanged at 1p. loss of £84,927 was struck before revenues began to flow John Mansfield from investments negotiated to

in black midway

£36,000 loss last time.

were 0.37p (0.12p losses).

£3.74m and earnings per share

The company said that cash inflow following the flotation

had significantly strengthened the balance sheet. Reduced

bank borrowings had only a

small effect on lower interest payments of £95,000 (£105,000)

for the period and the main

benefit would be seen in the second half.

Calderburn advance

Calderburn, the Preston-based

office furniture group, reported pre-tax profits up from £1.41m

to £2.84m for the six months to

The outcoma was struck on

Banking Furniture, acquired in

Earnings per share emerged at 7p (3.6p), or 6.1p (3.5p) fully diluted, and the interim divi-

Advanced Media Group, the

interactive multimedia com-

pany, has placed 400,000 ordi-

the mainstream of multimedia

began yesterday.

dend is raised to 2.9p (2.8p).

Advanced Media

share placing

December last year.

Acquisition helps

June 30.

Losses per share emerged at Better conditions to all its mar-0.47p. kets helped John Mansfield Group, the timber processing and manufacturing concern ECIC is an investment vehicle specialising in project finance for the oil and gas which came to the market to industry in the US.

the early months of trading.

June, to turn in a pre-tax profit of £102,000 for the first half of Copymore ahead 1994. This compared with a 46% to £1.1m Turnover grew 8 per cent to

Copymore, the USM-traded photocopying machine supplier, increased pre-tax profits from £758,000 to £1.11m for the six months to June 30, a rise of 46 per cent.

Turnover rose 37 per cent from £17.2m to £23.5m. The company sold the distribution division of its Birming-ham-based subsidiary. Mekom Computer Products, for £1.35m in August.

Earnings per share were 6.5p (4.5p) and an interim dividend of 2.6p (2.5p) is declared. The share price rose 10p to 115p.

Mithras Investment above benchmark

Net asset value per share at turnover up from £12.9m to £28m, and included a first con-tribution from Spacialised Mithras Investment Trust improved from 54.2p at February 21, when it came to the market, to 61.5p at June 30.

This marked a 13.5 per cent increase compared with a 11.7 per cent fall in the benchmark FT-SE-A All-Share Index. Net revenue for the period was £65,000 for earnings per share

Bletchley Motor

rental side was disappointing,

Merinancial Firmer 5 SHEET

on Wednesday

The second secon

Tuas your annual or FT Surv

advances to £1.13m

Bletchley Motor Group contin-ued to improve with a 44 per nary shares, with warrants attached on a 1-for-5 basis, at cent increase in pre-tax profit for the six months ended June 110p each.

The placing, which represents 38.9 per cent of the equity and values the company 30, up from £785,000 to £1.13m. Turnover was ahead at £52.7m (£39.6m). Contract hire at £1.3m, will fund the next and dealership showed good stage of AMG's expansion into growth, although the self drive

development and publishing.

Dealings on the 4.2 market, formerly the 535(2) market. the company said. Earnings per share came out at 18p (10.9p) and the dividend

Wilson Bowden 46% ahead to £16.5m

Construction Correspondent

Maria Carlos Car

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Pre-tax profits of Wilson Bowden jumped 46 per cent to £16.5m during the first six months of this year - after discounting a "one-off £5.5m pension fund surplus" in the first half of 1993.

However, Mr David Wilson, chairman and chief executive, struck a cautious note following reports last week that new house sales had recovered sharply during August from disappointing levels in June

He said: "Our sales are slightly higher than in Angust last year, but nowhere near the margin suggested by other builders." Persimmon, the country'a eighth largest housebuilder, had said that its Angust sales were a quarter higher than last

Mr Wilson said his company traditionally did better in September and October, but there were signs that the market was beginning to

Its sales in southern England last week were double those of the corresponding week last year, although sales in the Midlands were only slightly higher.
The company is increasing its interim dividend by 7.5 per

cent to 2.85p after earnings per share rose by a fifth to 11.8p, excluding last year's pension fund surplus and reflecting last November's £57m rights issue.

Housebuilding profits rose by 56 per cent to £12.6m (£8.7m). The number of houses sold increased by 17 to 965, while operating margins increased from 13.4 per cent to 15.5 per cent, which Mr Wilson claimed was the

Margins were boosted by a It is difficult to find areas 15.3 per cent rise in the average price from £78,900 to £91,000. Of this about 2 per cent represented a genuine price rise and removal of discounts; the remainder reflected a change in product to more expensive, higher-margin prop-Increased volumes for the

same fixed overheads also helped enhance margins. Mr Wilson said the company had used up most of the more expensive land bought in the late 1980s and early He remained concerned

about government environ-mental policies stifling the supply of land for housebuilding, although the big increases in prices paid for land since the beginning of the

to improve when you are already top of the class. Less well managed competitors, which have more to gain from a housing recovery, receive buy recommendations for their shares while most of Wilson Bowden's virtues are already in its price. One area of gain may be commer-cial property where profits, in spite of a slip to £3.4m (£4m) at the half year, are likely to be comfortably above last year's £6m. The company has reported an upsurge in demand for inclustrial units. The balance sheet remains strong in spite of recent land purchases. Pre-tax profits of £37m this year and £47m next place the shares on prospective multiples of approaching 16 and almost 18 respectively - high enough at this stage of the



David Wilson: concerned about supplies of building land

US purchases behind Heywood advance

US acquisitions boosted the first-half results of Heywood Williams, the building materials and automotive components group, which more than doubled the pre-tax profits of its continuing husinesses to £16.1m, writes Andrew

Last year's interim profit of £22.74m was not comparable as it included a £15m gain on the £95m sale of the UK glass division to Pilkington.

Proceeds from the sale were used to buy two US companies; LaSalle-Deitch, which supplies components and furnishings for factory built homes, and Bristol Corporation, the plumbing products concern. The latter also sells heavily to suppliers and occupiers of factory built homes.

The acquisitions, which joined the group after the first half of last year, added £7.8m to operating profits which rose

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Ralph Hincheliffe: Finalex price was low

from £7.6m to £16.1m. Profits from existing US operations increased by £300,000 and the US total reached 29.6m, compared with £1.4m.

suffer from the failure of the repair, maintenance and do-tt-yourself markets to

Profit margins on plastic windows and doors have been squeezed by hig rises in polyvinyl chloride raw material prices. Overall UK profit, including AntoWindscreens, fell by 6.8 per cent from \$6.21m to £5.81m. Continental European glass

profits rose sharply from £77,000 to £265,000 reflecting an improvement in construction markets. It is thought the group intends to sell this busi-

In the UK it has accepted an offer for Finalex, "reflecting the asset value" of the aluminhum extrusion business which has been losing market share to plastics in the replace window and door market. Mr Ralph Hinchliffe, chairman,

material by comparison with Heywood's remaining busi-

Earnings per share of continuing businesses increased from 5.5p to 9.7p, including the effects of last December's £52.4m rights issue. The company, therefore, is

proposing to increase the interim dividend by 11 per cent to 50.

COMMENT

Heywood is the latest building materials producer to complain of slow progress in UK repair and maintenance markets. These fare better when

the bousing market is per-forming well. General bouse gish compared with new bouse sales. Meanwhile, PVC prices seem set to rise further. Heywood shareholders should be grateful, therefore, for some shrewd earnings enhancing US acquisitions. These should help increase group profits to £36m this year and £42m next. This places the shares on forward multiples of 16 this year and more than 13 for 1995. It is difficult, however, to see how the group will improve this rating until there is a more positive outlook for UK

Redundancy Speedo swimwear for head of Lloyd's agency

By Richard Lapper

Mr Terry Hayday is parting company with Sturge Holdings after three years as chief executive of the Lloyd's agency's insurance operations.

Mr Hayday's departure fol-lows the appointment of Lord David Poole as group chief executive early last month, and the decision of Mr David Coleridge, the chairman and former chairman of the Lloyd's market, to retire next

"Both the company and Mr Hayday have agreed that it is in their mutual best interests if Mr Hayday left the group,

the company said.
"He has accordingly accepted that he is made redundant effective from 16 September 1994, on which date he will resign all his director-

ships with the group."

Mr Heyday originally became a director at Sturge when his own underwriting sgency was taken over by the

larger group in 1990. His tenure in office has coincided with a difficult period for Sturge, with the capacity managed by its underwriting agency falling from over £1bn to some £660m after losses at a

number of syndicates. Sturge, under Mr Coleridge's direction, grew rapidly in the late 1980s. But it closed eight of its 22 syndicates early last year, including two - 206 and 210 - which had generally been regarded as "flagships" in the market. The closures and dismissal of 40 staff were part of a rationalisation geared to improve efficiency.

helps Pentland jump to £16.8m

Pentlend Group yesterday claimed a share in recent Commonwealth Game victories as the branded consumer goods company announced a sharp jump in interim pre-tax profits from £6.7m to £16.8m.

The 96 medal winners in the 32 swimming events were all wearing Speedo swimsuits, eccording to Mr Frank Farrant, finance director. "It is the first time that has happened and shows our strength in the performance-related swimwear market."

Strong growth in the Speedo division, which manufactures and distributes swimwear, was partly behind the sharp rise for the six months to June 30 with-

acquisitions, on which Pen-tland spent £20m in the first half, also helping. The advance was further fuelled by the absence of £9.5m in losses and charges arising

from the closure of the US trade finance business in 1993. At the operating level, profits rose from £5m to £10.2m. Sales rose by 42 per cent to £280.9m (£198.4m), or by 43 per cent oo e continuing basis.

Pentland was disappointed by the performance of its US footweer husiness, which incurred losses of £5m for the whole of last year. Mr Farrant said the group was behind its target to halve losses for 1994, but was confident the division

could break even next year. The consumer goods division suffered from higher prices for commodities such as copper. used in the manufacture of

largest part of the business at Woods Wire, the cables maker and distributor acquired last

Woods, which accounts for about half of total turnover, had been unable to pass on price increases to retailers. Mr Farrant said. However, increases of between 5 and 10 per cent had recently been introduced and there would be further rises in the second

Pentland finished the first half with net cash of £145m. against £185 at the December year-end. The drop in cash and ower interest rates accounted for a fall in net interest income from £9.5m to £4.2m.

Mr Farrant said the group's strategy of making medium sized acquisitions had been vindicated by the results. "We have come a long way and peo ple have not recognised that fact because we have not done one major acquisition.

Although Pentland would continue to be acquisitive, the group now intended to focus more on managing brands, Mr Farrant said.

The dividend was increased by 7.8 per cent to 1.25p (1.16p) from earnings up from 0.41p to 2.71p, although the rise was a more restrained 19 per cent when non-recurring Items were

Analysts upgraded forecasts for full-year profits before exceptionals from about £31m to £35m, compared with £28.3m before exceptionals. The shares were marked up 4p to close at



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Where hunger or poverty is the underlying cause of deforestation, we can provide fruit trees.

The villagers of Mugunga, Zaire, for example, eat papaya and mangoes from WWF trees. And rather than having to sell timber to buy other food, they can now sell the surplus fruit their nursery produces.

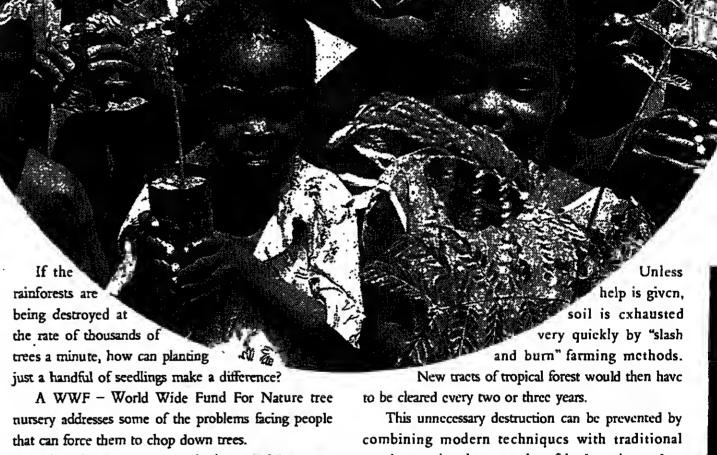
Where trees are chopped down for firewood, WWF and the local people can protect them by planting fast-growing varieties to form a renewable fuel source.

This is particularly valuable in the Impenetrable Forest, Uganda, where indigenous hardwoods take two hundred years to mature. The Markhamia lotea trees planted by WWF and local villages can be harvested within five or six years of planting.

Where trees are chopped down to be used for construction, as in Panama and Pakistan, we supply other species that are fast-growing and easily replaced.

These tree nurseries are just part of the work we do with the people of the tropical forests.

WWF sponsors students from developing countries on an agroforestry course at UPAZ University in Costa Rica, where WWF provides technical advice on growing vegetable and grain crops.



practices so that the same plot of land can be used to produce crops over and over again.

In La Planada, Colombia, our experimental farm demonstrates how these techniques can be used to grow a family's food on a small four hectare plot. (Instead of clearing the usual ten hectares of forest.)

WWF fieldworkers are now involved in over 100 tropical forest projects in 45 countries around the world.

The idea behind all of this work is that the use of natural resources should be sustainable.

WWF is calling for the rate of deforestation in the tropics to be halved by 1995, and for there to be no net deforestation by the end of the century.

Write to the Membership Officer at the address below to find out how you can help us ensure that this generation does not continue to steal nature's capital from the next. It could be with a donation, or, appropriately enough, a legacy.



WWF World Wide Fund For Nature

International Secretariat, 1196 Gland, Switzerland.

FOR THE SAKE OF THE CHILDREN WE GAVE THEM A NURSERY. By Kenneth Gooding,

China yesterday puzzled western analysts by revealing its annual gold production. It was the first time since 1949 this statistic had been given by China which previously insisted that gold output was a state secret.

Mr Song Ruixiang, Minister of Geology and Mineral Resources, told Reuter that last year China produced 90

tonnes of gold. This was well below the 127 tonnes estimated by the Gold Field Minerals Services research group in its annual review of the market, regarded as one of the most authoritative evailable Mr Kovin Crisp st GFMS said his organisation's estimate included unofficial gold production while the minister obviously was referring only to official output. producers were

required to sell all their gold to the People's Bank of China, the central bank. As the bank did not vary its price in line with western bullion markets, there was a big incentive for miners to dispose of their gold else-where when prices rose. "I think a production figure between 120 and 130 tonnes is more realistic," said Mr Crisp.

This still left the question of why China had suddenly browith tradition. Usually it simply reveals a percentage change. Official newspapers previously reported that China's 1993 production ross by 7.5 per cent from the 1992 level. One analyst suggested that it possibly was significant the revelation came from the Ministry of Geology and not the State Gold Bureau, "The Ministry is keen to attract foreigners

into China's gold business and knows that foreign companies

want an indication of the offi-

their farm-income data for this

year and last, are expected to

report this week that farmers' net cash income in 1994 will be

substantially lower than last

The USDA recently esti-

mated that net cash income to

government payments to farm-

ers are expected to drop to

about \$8bn, far below last year's \$13.4bn. Throughout

much of the midwest. In

Bank of Kansas City.

the spring in early summer".

in farm profits.

Bumper US crop but farm incomes to fall

By Laurie Morse

in Chicago ldeal harvesting weather across most of the mid-West is allowing US grain farmers to reap near-record maize and

soyabean harvests The bountiful crop will recharge siles and grain bins drawn low after last summer's drought and flood-ravaged season, but will do little to improve farm profits. Producers have watched market prices for feed grains sag

steadily through the summer as crop prospects brightened. Now, with only scattered chances for damage from frost or disease remaining, analysts say official estimates of a 9.21bn-busbel maize harvest and a 2.28bn-bushel soyabean

crop are almost certainly on The output gains come not only because there were more acres planted this year - for the first time in recent history artment of Agriculture did not require farmers to set aside unplanted ground but because yields per acre are

up in many states. Although domestic food processors and livestock feeders will consume more grain than ever this year, export markets for maize and soyabeans are on decline.

A dip in farm income this year could slow the current mini-hoom in agricultural machinery sales next year and limit the recovery in farm real estate prices. The big crop will also require Washington farmpolicy makers to reconsider acreage set aside rules.

Kerb close

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Open int. Total delly tumover

■ COFFER, grade A (\$ per tonne

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2478 5-79.5 2490-1 2485

215,896

2494-94.5 2504.5-5.0 2504/2494 2498-99 2500-1

planned

By Nikki Talt

CRA, the Australian mining company in which Britain's RTZ holds a 49 per cent stake, yesterday said it would need to see permanent stability on the strife-torn Pacific island of Bongainvills before it would consider re-opening the controversial Panguna copper

also a decision by the locals to support the reopening of the mine we won't be going back," the company said

However, CRA's caution did not prevent a surge in the shares of Bougainville Copper which , though controlled by CRA with a 58.6 per cent stake, is also quoted sepa-rately on the Australian stock exchange. When trading opened, they hit A\$1.25, before dropping back for a gain of 12 ents at A\$1.18

farmers was a record to have been killed. US\$62.5bn in 1993, when higher prices and government payments more than offset income lost due to crop disasters. However, that figure will be revised downward to \$58.4hn, according to Mr. Bob McElroy, senior financial analyst with the He says 1994 farmers net cash income will be below that record, in the range of \$53 to \$57bn. The dip in net cash income this year is the result of several factors, Expenses, including interest rates, are higher this year, and mothballed in 1989.

MARKET REPORT

LEAD prices ros prices are an important factor "In our seven-state area, livestock accounts for about 60 per cent of farm income," says Mr. Mark Drabenstott, senior economist with the Federal Reserve "We think farm incomes will he down this year largely because of sour cattle prices in Cattle feeders had a bad first half in part because high feed grains prices prompted many livestock producers to slaugh-ter herds, creating a glut of red Now, with the feed situation

Panguna

"Until we've got political stability on the island....and

Speculation about the repening of the mine follows a ceasefire agreement reached over the weekend between the Papan New Guinea govern-ment, which controls Bougainville, and the Bongainville Revolutionary Army, which represents the demand of locals who want to secede from PNG. The PNG government and the BRA havs been fighting a six-year guerrilla war on the island, and hundreds of people are estimated

The mine, operated by CRA was a catalyst for the outbreak of the hostilities back in the late-1980s. At one stage, Panguna provided about 30 per cent of PNG's export revenues and accounted for 10 per cent of the nation's gross domestic product. However, locals claimed that they had been inadequately compensated for allowing the mine to be built. and that income was flowing out of Bougainville, into the coffers of CRA and the PNG government. The mine was

e to a tresh two-year peak of US\$622 a tonne on the London Metal Exchange following speculative buying and short covering ahead of stock figures today expected by some traders to show another fall. This should spark more gains towards \$850. ALUMINIUM vacillated, driven down by the end of the threeweek strike at Australia's Tomago smelter, which cost output of about 80,000 tonnes, but given support by news that the Volta River Authority in Ghana had told Kaiser to halt output at its 200,000-tonnes-ayear Valco smelter. OIL prices slipped back as more evidence

fringes of the Kalahari desert in Botswana, is known as "a gem in the world of gems" because it almost certainly is the richest diamond mine in the world - at least in terms of the value of the gen stones it yields. Jwaneng's position is being reinforced by a US\$160m expansion programms at pres-ent being completed three months ahead of schedule and

Meanwhile, 160km west of Kimberley in the northern Cape Province of South Africa. another diamond mine, the Finsch, where operations started in 1964, has been given a new lease of life.

under budget.

Having dug an open pit 423 meters deep, miners have now gone underground. Mr Simon Wehh, the general manager, says that the underground development has given it another 35 to 40 years of

All this goes to show that De Beers, the South African group that dominates world trade in rough (uncut) diamonds, still has complete faith in its ebility to maintain stability in the diamond market despite short-term difficulties such as those the company is experiencing with Russia. It also remains intent on maintaining lts diamond output even

The South African group

though its 100-year-old mines

at Kimberley are now running

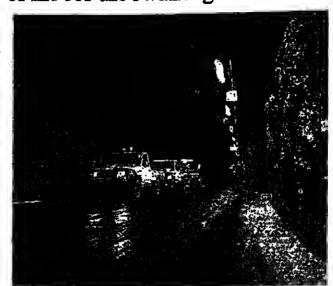
The Jwaneng mine, on the mond production gives it a powerful base from which to nagotiate with the other producers who have marketing contracts with Ds Beers Central Selling Organisation,

In Botswana De Beers con trols half of Debswana, the company that owns the Jwaneng mine with the government owning the rest. The value of Jwaneng to Botswana cannot be overstated. It, and the country's two

other (smaller) diamond mines between them account for 50 per cent of the government's revenue and 40 per cent of the country's gross domestic prod-nct. No wonder Jwaneng's company slogan is Re phias imisa Botswana, which trans-lates as We make Botswana sparkle.

Production started at Jwaneng in 1982. Now a so-called fourth stream is being com-pleted which is adding onethird to processing capacity. In turn, this is mean a 21 per cent rise in the number of carats produced. Last year the mine treated 5.8m tonnes of ore which yielded 8.548m carats of diamonds, well below the 1992 output when the 5.77m tonnes treated gave up more than 9m

reached a depth of 190 meters. Already it is 2kms long and 1km wide. Mr Loz Shaw, chief geologist, says drilling down to 600 meters shows there are still plenty of diamonds at that believes that its control of at depth and so the pit will go least 50 per cent of world diadown at least that far.



Underground development at the Finsch mine in Cape Province

Mr Derrick Moore, the gen-eral manager, says this indi-cates mining in the open pit will last another 35 years -"and then we might go under-

If experience at De Beers' wholly-owned Finsch mine in South Africa is anything to go by, planning the underground development at Jwaneng might already have started.

Planning for the underground mine at Finsch started in the 1970s and the first work began in 1979. Yet the bottom of the Finsch open pit - 423 meters - was not reached until

Unfortunately, things did not

go completely as expected when underground mining started, to some extent because the development was designed by a management whose expertise was mainly in open pit mining.

However, Mr Mark Button, mining superintendent, says: "Finsch has come of age as an underground mine after two

the best in the group. Among the innovations that have helped Finsch achieve its objectives are some remotelycontrolled LHD (load-hauldump) trucks which are similar to radio-controlled toy vehicles or boats. Using VHF radio signals, a driver can stand back and send a truck on lts own to dig out material from areas between the old pit wall and the underground development that would not otherwise be mined because of the dangers involved. When, as occasionally happens, rock crashes on to the LHD trucks It is relatively simply to haul the vehicles out virtually unda-

Mr Webb says the objective is to mine down to a depth of 830 meters at which point there are not enough diamonds left in the ground to maks recovery viable.

insch - named after the discovers, Messrs Fincham and Schwabel who stumbled across the kimberlite pipe containing the dia-monds when actually they were looking for asbestos - is ons of the victims of the pres ent turmoil in the diamond market caused mainly by uncertainties about Russian exports.

About 500 of its 1,900 employes were laid off in August 1992. It is mining only five days a week at present and processing on four days. Last year Finsch mined 2.68m tonnes and recovered 2m carats of diamonds compared with 4.7m tonnes mined and 3.446m carats in 1992.

Mr Webb suggests 1994 output will be similar to last years. But, when market conditions improve, production can be brought back up to previous

Majors weigh India's alumina potential

In Calcutta

India with the world's fifth largest bauxite reserve will be emerging as a significant supplier of ahumina to the world, the international aluminium majors believe.

Their faith in India can be en the recent conclusion of joint ventures formed with the local companies for mining bauxite and producing alumina for export. Impressed with the vastness

and quality of Indian bauxite reserve, Alcoa of the US has chosen Larsen & Tonbro, India's largest engineering company, for a project simed at producing and exporting 1m tonnes of alumina a year.

By Deborah Hargreaves

The image of the French

peasant with a string of garlic around his neck could be

threatened by a huge surge in imports of the pungent bulk from China, Vietnam and

Taiwan to the European Union. French farmers have com-

plained that the livelihood of

Norsk Hydro of Norway will be working with Indian Aluinium, an associate of Alcan of Canada, and Tata Industries, part of India's largest indus-trial group, to build a 1m tonne export oriented alumina plant. Both projects are located in

Orissa which accounts for

nearly half the country's baux-

its reserve. Gujarat Alkalies & Chemicals is talking to Kaiser Aluminium for technology for its proposed 500,000 tonne ainmina project in the Kutch district of Gujarat.

Kitply Industries, India's biggest producer of plywood, has signed a memorandum of understanding with the Madhya Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation to build a plant.

EU moves against Asian garlic

increased by 680 per cent

between the beginning of June and August 19 compared with

the same period last

wanese producers raised their

demands for licences by 4,611

The French farmers' union

per cent.

Licence requests from Vietnam the bulk of garlic produced in

the EU.

imports in June.

Im tonne alumina project. Mr Goenka, chairman, said that Kitply was talking to some aluminium majors in the US and Europe about technology, equity participation and marketing assistance.

At the same time the Andhra Pradesh Mineral Development Corporation, a state undertaking, is looking for a private sector partner to mine bauxite at Srikakulam-Vizianagaram belt and refine it into alumina. However, the lack of infrastructure and a growing extremist movement in the region may make the search for a partner difficult.

RPG Enterprises, India's fourth largest busin also wants to build an alumina

that Taiwan and Vietnam are

being used as conduits for Chi-

nese garlic following the plac-

ing of restrictions on Chinese

Last year China sent 40,000 tonnes of garlic to the EU -

almost 20 per cent of the entire

\$302.5

-0.5

-1.50 -1.50

the alumina refining capacity of its existing plant to 1.35m tonnes from 900,000 tonnes. The company exports around 400,000 (repeat 400,000) tonnes of alimnina a year.

Meanwhile. Nalco is raising

Explaining the reasons for the growing interest of aluminium majors in alumina ventures in India, Mr Tapen Mitra, managing director of Indian Aluminium, said: "We are the least cost producer of alumina in the world. The alumina production cost in our proposed export oriented project is estimated at \$80 a tonne, which is much lower than the world

tonne Indian Aluminium project will cost \$800m, a similar project elsewhere in the world will need an investment of at least \$1bn, according to Mr RN Parbat, director. He points out that the for-

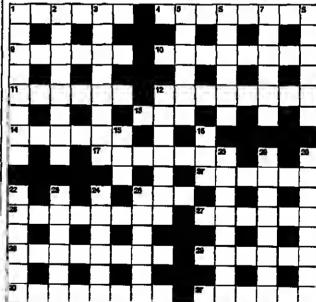
eign companies were particularly impressed that a major portion of proven Indian reserves of about 3bn tonnes of bauxite is of the Gibbsitic variety which allows refining at a low temperature and low pressure. It is found along India's Eastern Ghats running through Orissa, Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu.

4

Burney Bridge

CROSSWORD

No.8,551 Set by DANTE



Analysts say will also kee USDA official export subside move grain o economists, wi	p pressure is to been y program verseas. U ho are rev	e on are f up sion is to stre ISDA flow rising the	contemplating herd expan- , a factor that may keep s am of inexpensive heef an end.	at the strike in the industry, which cally 4, was coming to the from Reuters in the family growers in the European has revoked glicences from Tainam until May	Commission imports until the mid arlic import next year. The French wan and Viet- hacked by Spanish go	an on have been restricted to 10,000 idls of tonnes. Growers complain that the Chinese garlic is of a low rowers quality and has undercut EU	22 25 24 25
BASE META		HANGE	Base metals continued	GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS	Softs continued Not presulte raw sugar LCE (centa/be)	LONDON SPOT MARKETS CRUDE OIL FOR (per berns/Oct) +or-	20
Pricos from Amalga III ALUMINIUM, 98, Close Provious High-flow AM Official Kerb close Open Int. Total daily turnover	meted Metal Ti	racing)	LIME Closing 2/5 rate: 1.5476 Spec: 1.5465 3 rate: 1.5446 6 rate: 1.5413 9 rate: 1.5363 PRECIOUS METALS JULION MARKET	Set Day's Open Price clamps High Levr Wil Vol	Sett Bay's Open Int Vot	Dubel \$15.00-5.07t -0.180 Brent Blend (closed) \$15.49-5.48 -0.285 Brunt Blend (Oct) \$15.90-6.95 -0.285 W.T.L (Tprn ceop \$17.35-7.36 III OIL PROCUCTS NWE prompt delivery CIF (torne) Premium Gauchne \$184-187 -2 Gas: Of \$150-151 -1.5 Heavy Fuel Of \$72-73 -2.0 Naphtha \$157-168 -1.5 Jet toel \$167-168 -1.5	ACROSS 1 Check demand for material (3) 4 The Utopian has his own collection of notions (8) 9 Completely exhausted bnt making maximum effort (3.8) 10 A round about way to get a letter (3)
E ALUMENIUM ALL Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerb close	1550-80 1550-5 1545-50	1570-80 1570-5 1575 1585-70 1670-80	Prices supplied by N M Rothschild) Gold (Troy oz.)	Sep 103.50 -0.40	New 220.00 +0.30 320.50 320.00 550 3 Aug 270.20 +0.50 - 370 · Oct 306.30 +0.50 - 266 - Total 17,800 434	OTHER S387.20 -0.05	11 Roll includes any new writer (6) 12 A number expelled are down- cast (8) 13 Inspired piece of music (3) 14 Many move up, being bright
Open int. Total daily turnover III LEAD & per tonne Close Previous High/fow AM Official	2,857 523 e) 609-11 604.5-5.5 605 605-5.5	621-22 617-8 622/615 618.5-19.0	Doy's Low 385.50-386.90	Now 1900	LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Strike price & tonce — Cells — Puts — B ALLIENNUM (SE.7%) LIME Oct Jen Oct Jen	Copper (US prod.) 120.0c Lasd (US prod.) 36.25c Tin (Kusia Lumpur) 13.46m -0.19 Tin (New York) 248.5c Cattle (the weight)†© 118.27p +2.08* Sheep (the weight)†© 89.00p -0.51* Figs (the weight)†© 73.87p -1.56*	(6) 17 Point wrongly claimed (7) 21 A stern guide (6) 25 A mercenery will fight for it (3) 26 Brief case (8) 27 Digs out stories that make

349.25 353.70 358.60 S72.00 623, 680 25 554 244 60 2,425 Lon. day sugar (was) Lon. day sugar (was) Table & Lyle export 1493 1506 1506 1503 1503 546.90 563.95 570.35 1480 1506 1500 1490 1485 1380 -2 +13 +10 -4 -5 -10 1488 1495 1500 1490 1485 Open int. Total daily turnover \$338.5 2306.0 1525 1550 MICKEL (\$ per tonne) Barley (Eng. feed) Make (US No3 Yelk Close Previous High/low AM Official 150 121 95 17 31 53 Rubber (Octi♥ 86.50p COFFEE LCE Open trit. Total daily tun 492 465 Coconut Oil (Phil) \$595 Dz Pain Oil (Malay.)§ Copra (Philips 133 153 439 TIN (\$ per tonne) 3700 \$415.0 E COCCALCE Soyabeans (US) Cotton Outlook 5385-75 5435-40 5400/5350 Mar Previous HighViour AM Official Kerts Close SOFTS 5310-20 **ENERGY** 1100 ■ COCOA LCE (E/tonne Tringging in Methysian cartaing, in Novillan, 1 Oct. 25.

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Sulfon mariest close, 4 Sheep (Live weight prices).

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15.95 -0.37 16.15 15.95 58,378 16.13 -0.28 18.19 16.02 37.285 16.25 -0.27 16.26 16.12 20.235 16.26 -0.22 16.28 16.15 84.28 16.12 8.828 -0.12 16.28 16.12 4.512 8.828 -0.12 16.28 16.12 4.512 8.828 -0.12 16.28 16.12 4.512 Total daily turnover -30 -18 -18 -15 -14 -12 946 214 954 33,251 III ZINC, special high grade (5 pe Sep Dec Mar May Jul Sep Total 15.85 58,376 11,525 16.02 37,285 6,524 16.12 20,235 1,651 16.15 8,428 215 16.12 4,512 395 19.13 5,097 74 997-98 1007-8 1015 3Z,059 1028 11,274 11,874 481 5,173 445 9,817 148 02,712 4,926 Tes There was reports the new season interest, with the season of 200 per absorbed at fully firm 1 brighter fine nom good 117p, low m ised this we 874-4.5 9.617

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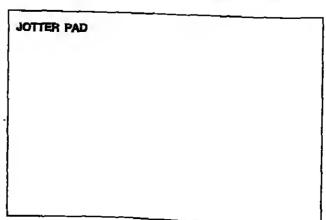
1 Flinch because of a handicap 2 A gremlin disposed to swing ths lead (8)

3 Cried out - to the police? (8) 5 This club needs a licence (6) 6 He takes his bow before per forming (6) 7 Listen out for bays (6) 6 Abusive words from one engaged in commerce 12 Watch, no hands! (7) 15 It is among the more domi-nant colours (3)
16 Sailor possibly low in cigarettes (3) 13 Meal takes an age sarily (8)
19 Hs should know how to press a suit (8) Showed anger in hair raising fashion (8) the headlines (6) 23 Hard lines (8) 22 Catch in Antwerp on the loose without wife (6)

23 Leader of the squad tried to change step (6)

24 Wraps around one's shoulders (6) haps (6)
30 Trying hard to persuads one it's urgent (8) 31 Undoubtedly the trendy thing 25 Lose a wicket but don't declare (4,2) to do (6)

Solution to Saturday's prize puzzle on Saturday September 17. Solution to yesterday's prize puzzle on Monday September 19.



LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

TERMINAL CONTRACTOR

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Economic data help share prices move ahead

By Terry Byland, **UK Stock Market Editor**

Favourable data on UK money supply and consumer credit, both indicating reduced pressures for a rise in base rates, enabled the London stock market to move ahead yesterday. Share prices opened iower against a background of weakness in bond markets and nervousness ahead of this week's meeting between the UK chancellor of the exchequer and the Governor of

the Bank of England. However, an early decline of 16 points on the FT-SE 100-share Index for a pre-emptive increase in base was recovered following the news that MO money supply had risen by an annualised rate of only 6.2 per cent in August, below market pre-

By the close the FT-SE 100 was a

market brushing off weakness in the US dollar and in other European bourses. But in the absence of a lead from Wall Street, closed for Labor Day, trading volume in London was unconvincing and the market was dominated by the placing of stock in WPP, the advertising group, and by activity in a handful of small company shares.

London's performance, which reflected an easing of worries that the meeting of the UK chancellor and the Governor of the Bank of England might focus on arguments rates, ran counter to the general mood in other markets. Nervousness over the outlook for European interest rates increased following wider publication of the bearish views on German rates expressed

The FT-SE Mid 250 Index, which incorporates a wide range of second line issues, gained 7.4 at 8,788.7. But traders admitted that yesterday's market was not fully tested and that London could yet follow the trend seen elsewhere in Europe.

Seaq volume of 765.5m shares was higher than Friday's total but was swollen by the placing of 120m shares in WPP, double counted as they were passed through the market. Non-Footsie business, which included the WPP placing, made up 75 per cent of the day's total, well above the normal average. On Friday, 715.8m shares through the Seaq electronic network were worth £1.49bn in terms of genuine retail business in equities, comfortably towards the higher end of this

At least two trading programmes were reported yesterday, and the market was often led from the stock index futures sector. A fairly strong list of company profits due this week opened yesterday with trading news from Burmah Castrol, which disappointed some market specialists, and Coats Viyella, which responded more favourably to good

half-time figures.

There was demand for UK bank shares yesterday and oil stocks looked firm in spite of a more sluggish trend in crude prices. Retail and consumer shares

joined in the general improvement, although the July consumer lending total fell well short of market expectations. Analysts said that the unexpectedly low lending figure of £296m reduced the dangers of early action on base rates - a factor

ing sector, triggering weakness

in key stocks such as Cadbury-

Schweppes, 4 softer at 480p, and good rises in Tate & Lyle, 9

firmer at 449p, and Hillsdown,

4 up at 182p. CLL also unsettled Hazel-

wood Foods, which dipped 4 to

139p as the broker shifted its

There was mild disappoint-

ment in the market with

interim results from Burmah

Castrol, the lubricants group.

Net income was below best

stimates, as was the dividend.

But analysts said the market's

reaction was more a reflection

of the stock's recent strong

outperformance; the shares hit

an all-time high of 915p last

week. They closed 14 lower yesterday at 891p. Ms Irene Himona, oil analyst

stance from hold to sell.

favourable to retail stocks. Later this week the market will take in profits reports from a number of leading blue chip companies,

including Glaxo, RTZ, Sun Alliance

and British Gas.

While good figures are widely expected from Glaxo, the market is likely to show more interest in any comments on the progress of Zantac, Glaxo's anti-ulcer drug, which still provides nearly half of group profits but now faces the prospect

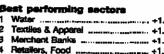
of competition from generic rivals. There will also be news this week from the building and construction sectors, which ere areas seen as sensitive to the pace of economic recovery. Whila some market analysts have recently recommended UK housebuilding stocks as due for recovery, the news from the industry remains somewhat mixed.





■ Key Indicators





400

Equity Shares Traded

and ratios	,		
0	3241.5	+18.8	FT Ordinary index
id 250	3788.7	+7.4	FT-SE-A Non Fins p/e
350	1634.1	+8.0	FT-SE 100 Fut Sep
All-Share	1620.76	+7.39	10 yr Gilt yield
All-Share yield	3.68	(3.69)	Long gilt/equity yid ratio
			Wa

t performing sectors	
zier	+1.7
extiles & Apperel	+1.7
erchant Banks	
stallers, Food	+1,2

3247.0 vid ratio: 2.40

2512.2

20.04

(20.27)

Engineering, Vehicles-0.6 Distributors

Heavy session for WPP

Activity in WPP, the advertising and marketing services group, dominated yester-day's business in the London stock market. Banks that bailed out the company two years ago through a convert-ible share issue sold much of their stake into the market, raising £138m.

The heavily oversubscribed placing by S.G. Warburg on

Stock index futures had a very

quiet day, with turnover of only

FT-SE 100 MOEX FUTURES (LIFFE) 225 per full index point

FT-SE MED 250 INDEX FUTURES (LIFFE) 210 per full index point

M FT-SE MID 250 INDEX FUTURES (OMLX) 210 per full index point

M FT-SE 100 INDEX OPTION (LIFFE) (3240) £10 per full index point

MI BURNO STYLE FT-SE 100 INDEX OPTION (LEFF) \$10 per full index point

III BURG STYLE FT-SE MED 250 INDEX OPTION (OMLX) 210 per full index point

3241.5

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2375,77

3476 3129 5 812 10 422 2012 1742 3 1282 5 812 10 422 2012 186 1742 14572 26 10842 40 7872 5872 1872 3972 101 727 189 54 12572 88 241 8212 181 120

FT - SE Actuaries Share Indic

E FT-SE Actuaries All-Share

10 MINERAL EXTRACTION(18)

20 GEN MANUFACTURERS(26Q

21 Building & Construction(32) 22 Building Masis & Mercha(31) 23 Chemicals(22)

26 Printing, Paper & Poky(26) 29 Textiles 9 Appere(20)

30 CONSUMER GOODS(87) 31 Brewerles(17) 32 Spirita, Wines & Ciders(10) 33 Food Manufacturera(23)

33 Food Manufacturers(23 34 Household Goods(13)

Health Care(21) Phermaceuticals

44 Retailers, Food(16) 45 Retailers, General(45) 45 Support Services(40)

51 Other Services & Bu

89 NON-FINANCIALS(638)

80 INVESTMENT THUSTS(123)

Open 9.00

70 FINANCIALS(104)

37 Phermaceut 38 Tobacco(1)

42 Leisure & Hot 43 Media(38)

80 UTILITIES(36)

68 Water(13)

71 Banks(10)

70 Property(41)

FT-SE 100

12 Extractive Industries(4) 15 Oil, Integrated(3) 16 Oil Exploration & Prod(11)

FT-SE 100

FT-SE-A 350 FT-SE SmallCap

FT-SE Mid 250 FT-SE Mid 250 ex law Trush

3785.0 -

3247.0 3262.0

3288.0

12,242 lots. The low volume

made for volatility, with the

3214.5 3228.0

September contract yo-yoing

EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

3783.0 -2.0 3804.5 -2.5

Open Sett price Change High Low Est. vol Open Int.

21.0 3258.0 2205.0 14261 21.0 3259.0 3221.0 3844 21.0 e

behalf of the syndicate of 28 banks led to total turnover of 246m shares in the stock yes-terday and represented a third of the whole volume in London equities on a day dulled by closure of Wall Street for the Labor Day holiday.

The shares converted for around 50p each and had been expected to realise about 100p. By Friday, marketmakers were talking about a price some 10 to 15 per cent higher. In the event, demand at the top level of the auction-style book building process was such that applications could only be 40 per cent satisfied, and 120m shares were sold at the top of the range price - 115p.

between low and high points,

shaky start, down 12 from

The FT-SE 100 contract for

77 45 55 894 1 129 1 176 54 834 344 114 204 1494 11 190 54 1242 25 194 76 138 42 2024 132 189 924 2254

Sep 5 chge% Sep 2 Sep 1 Aug 31 ago

+0.9 3222.7 3216.5 3251.3 3059.0 +0.2 3761.3 3794.3 3816.6 3475.7 +0.2 3785.4 3901.2 3820.8 3493.3 +0.5 1626.1 1625.0 1640.7 1532.3 +0.1 1911.09 1910.54 1908.90 1785.77 +0.1 1875.97 1874.38 1870.62 1786.65

+0.5 1613.37 1612.27 1626.64 1519.21

+1.2 1925.59 1917.34 1962.54 1988.00

+0.7 1203.86 1201.38 1204.85 1158.70

+0.5 2016.67 2017.83 2029.73 1806.30 +0.1 2606.04 2516.77 2524.67 2236.90 +0.9 2032.76 2037.68 2049.10 1925.50 -0.8 2021.96 2031.88 2049.20 2143.60

+0.2 1909.24 1893.70 1911.02 1685.60 -0.6 2378.62 2394.96 2391.70 1869.00 +1.2 2879.70 2893.36 2912.95 2472.20 +1.7 1705.46 1699.22 1722.21 1917.70

+0.4 2874.45 2870.78 2903.19 2840.70 -0.1 2368.84 2365.36 2382.98 2108.30 +0.3 2368.29 2398.43 1307.49 2365.27 -0.9 2369.09 2369.81 2414.05 2374.16 -0.4 2531.14 2581.00 2848.57 2449.30

-0.1 1727.57 1725.51 1727.12 1911.40

+0.6 8160.73 3166.33 3218.72 3138.90

+0.2 2014.57 2021.73 2033.48 1838.16 -0.4 2742.09 2753.66 2757.01 2820.00 +0.4 9106.03 2118.23 2131.35 1983.90 +0.2 2993.14 2987.08 2992.19 25353.00 +1.2 1854.48 1854.96 1889.48 1939.50

-0.1 1732.88 1743.55 1753.88 1859.90 +0.6 1594.25 1590.20 1577.91 1648.50

-0.3 2363.22 2365.91 2415.11 2307.00 +0.1 1327.94 1321.86 1321.06 1313.00

+0.8 2251.56 2235.20 2249.07 2191.60

+0.5 2502.63 2519.23 2562.15 2504.80 4.10 7.49 -2658.57 2668.16 2747.96 1920.50 3.45 9.26 +0.8 1078.72 1972.82 2010.58 2178.50 8.01 ± +0.4 2078.52 2063.73 3110.57 2114.90 3.96 7.54 +1.7 1847.49 1881.96 2011.71 1841.20 4.81 11.86

+0.8 ZZ31.55 ZZ32.20 ZZ49.07 Z191.60 4.20 6.73 +1.1 2988.77 2884.54 2873.61 2599.80 4.13 9.19 +0.9 1279.86 1229.49 1284.17 1440.10 4.93 12.47 +1.1 2224.56 2515.66 2546.91 2820.90 4.89 7.12 +1.3 3154.27 3167.93 3180.21 3094.40 3.22 10.34 +0.7 2008.77 2003.96 2001.75 1918.30 3.52 7.81 -0.4 1560.06 1564.77 1562.08 1584.30 3.88 4.00

3214.1 3211.5 3217.4 3232.1 3231.8 3236.1 3235.9 3226.8 3240.5 3241.5 3206.4 3772.2 3770.6 3772.2 3780.3 3781.9 3782.7 3783.8 3783.6 3787.6 3788.7 3789.1 1821.3 1920.7 1623.1 1629.6 1629.7 1631.4 1631.4 1627.9 1633.6 1634.1 1618.8

1169.3 1167.6 1169.7 1171.8 1171.8 1172.6 1172.5 1171.7 1174.9 e106.4 3107.5 e115.8 3125.2 3129.4 3189.4 3180.0 3122.9 3142.6 1932.4 1945.0 1949.7 1873.6 1673.9 1674.2 1976.8 1975.6 1979.4 2916.8 2817.8 2924.6 2945.8 2944.9 2950.5 2949.3 2944.4 2853.2

2915.37 -0.2 2920.15 2914.67 2943.17 2554.40 2.08 1.78 58.65 49.64 979.13

+0.5 1613.37 1612.27 1626.64 1519.21 3.68 6.28 18.93 42.74 1270.98

+0.7 2781.79 2749.51 2773.91 2329.90 3.24 +0.2 4020.76 3998.27 4012.21 3412.20 3.19 +0.8 2740.36 2708.04 2727.80 2232.50 3.33

+0.4 2041.84 2043.42 2058.10 1913.00 3.68

writes Clare Gascoione.

Of the 70m shares remaining, half had been sold forward by the banks and the other half had been moved into the banks' own fund manager arms for investment purposes. The underlying WPP share price ended 8 higher at 123p.

year'a daily averages.

Standard upgraded The best individual performance in the FT-SE 100 Index came from Standard Chartered, tha banking group, whose shares extended last Friday'a good showing, finishing 10 higher yesterday at 265p.

Dealers said the impetus for

the shares' bout of outperform-

ance came from Lehman Bro-

the 3,200 level early in the

dropping too far, and after

tested after lunch as locals -

independent traders - called

afternoon, reaching a high of

no direction from the US.

steadily throughout the

touching the day's low of

profits forecast for Standard. The US brokerage was thought to have increased its current year estimate from £480m to £506m and lifted its forecast for next year from

thers, one of the leading US

investment banks, with UBS

also reported to have been rec-

ommending the stock. Lehman

was said to have been an

aggressive buyer of the stock

last Friday and throughout

yesterday after upgrading its

Food sector active Credit Lyonnais Laing was behind a number of significant moves in the food manufactur-



De Le Ruof Décorse Entate Micand Bect, Ent Micand Bect, Ent Christophes Onf Enforces Units Priories & Col. LT. Royter Gentand Best, T Glesof Glyswed

1,500 123 1,000 765 200 3,904 1,500 1,700 4,700 1,600

the premium which allows for dividends and the cost of Bullish traders who suggested the contract would move higher in the next few days, testing the 3,280 level, received some comfort from rose to 3,254.

Activity was equally slight in traded options, with volume of only 16,740 lots. FT-SE and Euro FT-SE tumover totalled 1,405 contracts. Hanson was the most active stock option, with 1,222 lots traded. followed by Zeneca with 1,020.

3.87

2.48

4.03

3.04

3.42 3.02 2.56

3.53

6.73 9.19

+0.4 1747.07 1748.15 1784.55 1848.57 3.64 6.00 20.04 43.57 1234.98

Day's Year Div. Earn PAE XS adj. Total Sep 5 chge% Sep 2 Sep 1 Aug 91 ago yleid% yield% ratio ytd Return

6.73

5.48 5.93 6.44 4.11 4.56 6.28

2.48 5.04

P/E Xd ed). Total ratio ytd Return

17.53 90.23 1221.68

21.91 89.03 1406.70 20.41 91.77 1406.32 18.36 43.68 1259.61 31.14 38.21 1478.86

18.93 42.74 1270.88

5.05 24.86 54.71 1116.45 5.00 25.06 54.24 1088.06 5.42 22.98 59.98 1124.88 1.25 80.00† 20.34 1117.11

4.58 25.70 52.08 1040.25

29.49 21.47 942.16

91.15 72.57 1109.89 26.90 64.86 1044.54 19.05 56.09 961.67 25.82 38.89 1088.90

58.00 54.23 1137.56

20.13 40.49 976.54

7.00 16.53 83.37 988.65 7.27 18.72 80.23 1058.63 6.41 18.08 89.92 1007.00 7.33 15.85 71.03 1011.88 7.28 18.43 52.80 906.12 3.10 44.42 35.06 907.25

6.87 16.87 70.05 994.98 9.04 11.89 217.07 867.83

5.94 20.31 42.01 988.43 6.48 18.21 62.63 942.58 4.58 25.53 48.93 1041.87 6.09 22.87 60.09 1028.26 8.39 14.75 45.10 1119.92 6.20 20.12 85.85 922.45 5.99 20.03 28.12 971.72 5.10 22.80 42.82 926.24 2.10 80.007 21.48 1137.83

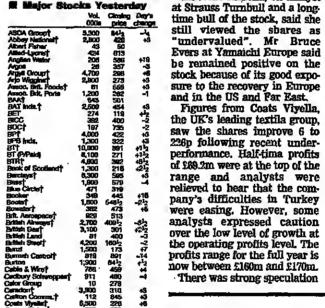
7.49 16.26 73.42 968.81 9.26 12.91 83.46 1105.63

13.15 80.07 889.65 12.40 114.94 877.40 8.98 48.55 882.88

17.24 85.34 970.01 11.27 76.42 961.09 15.24 46.80 1072.39 31.15 38.08 886.88

1175.0 1165.1 3142.3 3124.8 1979.4 1946.2 2956.3 2324.9

TRADING VOLUME



NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1994

NEW HIGHS (54). BREWERIES (2) Hot (J), Maraton Thor BALLDING & CHETRN (1) Severiald-Reove.
CHENICALS (1) Wolsenholme Rink,
DISTRIBUTORS (0) Jacks (Win), Norbols,
DIVERSIPED MOLS (1) TI, ELECTRICITY (1) DIVERBIRED HIGHS (I) TT, ELECTRICITY (I) Nal. Power, ELECTRICI & ELECT EQUIP ES Copymore, Plasmec, Telepac, ENGRIBERING (Booth Inda, Expanst Int'l, Remomes, Rarold, Tinday (E), ENG, VERICLES (I) Aution Streemines, EXTRACTIVE INDS 88 Anglo Am Cost, Boutder Gold, Distinguist, Gencor, Harmony, Kloof Gold, Rand Minas, Western Aveas, HOUSEHOLD GOODS (2) Stack 67.

ARBITANT, NOOTO, CATE ARBITANT, PARTIES, P. CONTROLOGY, C. SWINDOWSKI, DIVERTMENT TRUSTE (S. CONTROLOG), S. GWINTO, WORLD GEOWAL, C. S. CONTROLOGY, WORLD GEOWAL, C. S. CONTROLOGY, WORLD GEOWAL, C. S. CONTROLOGY, C. S. CONTROLOGY, C. S. CONTROLOGY, C. S. C. STANDOWSKI, C. S. CONTROLOGY, C. S. C. S. CONTROLOGY, C. S. C. S. CONTROLOGY, C. S. C

AMERICANS (1) Anderl.
MEN LOWS (33).
GELTS (5) OTHER POCO INTEREST (1) BANKS CANS (1) Ambiel

(5) Bank of Scotland Oliço Ind Pri., Do. Stipe Pl. Standard Chnd 7%pc Pl. DISTRIBLITORS (1) Wolpac, Enthilateristino (1) His & Smith, EXTRACTIVE BIDS (2) Ashanti, Bracken, POOD ENTRACTIVE BNDS (2) Ashenti, Bincken, FOOD MARKET (1) Continental Foods, HOUSEHOLD GOODS (1) Tombinsons, INVESTIMENT TRUSTS (4) First Spenish Withits, Do. Winns 1907, Johnson Fry Zero Pri, Jupiter Euro Zero Div Pr, OTHER BERRY, S. BURNES (1) Seniets, PHTNO, PAPER & PACKO, (r) Senie, PHOPERTY (5) Brit Land Spc Cv Bd, Smith (5) Exts., Expecially Shops, RETAILERS, FOOD (1) Nurdin & PARCOCK, RETAILERS, FOOD (1) Nurdin & PARCOCK, RETAILERS, FOOD (1) Nurdin & PARCOCK, RETAILERS, FOOD (1) Nurdin & ROCKONS, DESTAILERS, PAPAREL (4) Abbon, Bockinssi, All, Peage (4), Limont, mus (A), Foster (A), Lamont,

in the electricity sector of for ther share buy-backs by the "recs", although the only significant individual deal was a trade of 1m Eastern Electricity shares at 788½p. Eastern has already been active in the market to buy in its own shares,

Other recs rumoured to be

about to embark on buy-backs included Northern and South Wales. Northern was one of the best performers yesterday, the stock climbing 14 to 824p. South Wales rose 9 to 796p. Oil shares put on a good

showing in spite of the end of the strike by Nigerian oil workers. BP led the sector, racing ahead to a record 422p, albeit in thin turnover of 4m, as marketmakers spoke of US buying and a chart breakout. Traders were picking up stock ahead of a presentation to analysts in London on Thursday week by the bead of the group's explo-ration division. BP recently announced a substantial new gas discovery in Colombia and

the market is expecting more good news from that region. Shell, which reports its interim dividend the same day as the BP presentation, rose 5% to 758p.

among the market's best performers, with institutional buyers continuing to chase the sector. TSB reached its highest level for six months, closing a further 51/2 up at 233p on turnover of 4.7m, still boosted by last week's Hoare Govett buy note and also by hints of possible takeover activity.

Fund management groups kept up their recent good form, with Mercury Asset Management appreciating 17 to 670p. The aerospace sector was an

oasis of calm as most analysts left their desks to attend the first day of the Farnborough acquiring around 5 per cent of Air Show. News that Airbus was to take over the European military transporter project came as no surprise and Brit-ish Aerospace, one of the four Airbus partners, was unmoved at 513p.

Positive comments from Siebe's chief executive Mr Allen Yurko at the company's annual meeting helped to take the shares up 5 to 595p. The market had been expecting the good news - on Friday the stock bounced 18 to 590p - but was particularly pleased with boro, the US industrial controls group, which showed it gaining market share.

Disappointing figures from Suter, whose interim profits dropped to £12m from £29.6m previously, cot 11 from the share price to 198p.

BTR added 81/2 at 392p ahead of results due on Thursday. Kleinwort Benson reiterated its positive stance.

o 758p. Paper group Bunzl improved Bank shares remained 7 to 173p following top-of-therange balf-year profits of £32.8m. Many analysts responded to the confident statement and strengthening margins by edging up forecasts for the full year above £68m. Hoare Govett went to £68.5m and Panmure Gordon to £73m. Elsewbere in the sector, Bowater, which reports today,

> group is expected to produce profits of around £102m. MARKET REPORTERS:

> moved forward 6 to 473p. The

Peter John, Clare Gascoigne, Steve Thompson.

M Other statistics, Page 22

LONDON EQUITIES

LIFFE EQUITY OPTIONS Hoy Feb May Nov Feb May Oct Jen Apr Oct Jen Apr Alled-Lyons 589 37 -- 9 -- (*512) 638 12 -- 3414 -- Argyd 280 2514 32 38 6 13 171/2 240 21 24% 27% 4% 8 12 280 2514 92 36 6 13 1714 300 13 21 26 15 2314 2714 80 7 10 11 214 4 514 70 2 5 9 714 914 11 (*155) Luces inde (*187) 850 42% 59 67% 22½ 33% 47 700 18 34 44% 52 62 74½ 180 24% 25% 31 4 7 9% 200 12 15% 195% 12% 15% 19 330 18% 30% 31 14 18% 26% P & 0 (*676) Plikington (*137) Prudentie HTZ 420 t6 29 37 14 22 27½ 460 6 13 20 42 47 51 186 5 13½ 18 6½ 11 13½ 180 2½ 6 19 21½ 23½ 25½ 550 42 51½ 05½ 8 22 34 600 14½ 24 34 32½ 80 60 (*885) Rediand (*560) Royal in (*298) 240 21 27k 31k 75 12 10 255 19k 17 21 17k 21k 25 200 18k 18 23 11k 15k 18 217 0 11 - 22 25k -354 27k - 9k - -364 07k - 27 -Tesco (*253) Votatione (*200) (-368) Option Gct Jan Apr Oct Jan Apr BAA 600 18% 27% 37 14% 21 28 (501) 525 5 18 25% 30% 36 40 Teames the 500 48 62 61 51 17% 178 (636) 550 16 29 34 25% 40 43 500 589% 789% 811 0 222% 363% 850 27 58 62 29% 447% 51 500 353% 50 81% 12 20% 253% 550 189% 26 27 38% 48 51% Option Sep Dec Mar Sep Dec Mar Land Secur 600 54 8t 72 3 8t 13 [7845] 650 1714 26 42 10 2014 33 Marke 8 5 420 1914 38 8814 9 1714 2114 (*428) 460 314 1214 21 3414 4014 44 kmmtest 500 2334 48 4514 10 26 8014 (*501) 550 6 16 2414 53 56 70 Abboy Nati 420 15% 25 29 6 17 27 (*426) 409 216 12 20% 37 41% 80 Austrad 30 3 416 6 116 3 4 (*51) 35 1 20% 37 40 516 71 19 (*594) 600 14 34 45% 17 31 41 Schedury 420 48 54 54 516 14 1816 (*456*) 460 18 301/4 41 19 301/4 33 5hell Trans. 750 21 38 48 20 291/4 11/6 (*758*) 600 5 171/4 25 50 63 731/4 (*220*) 240 31/6 71/6 121/6 23 28 291/6 (*220*) Blue Circle 300 22 20% 39 3% 11% 17 (310) 330 5 15 24 19% 27 33 Estish Gas 300 9 16 22 7 17% 19 (301) 330 1% 6 16 30% 39% 40% (301) 300 1% 6 16 30% 39% 40% (301) 200 11% 20% 20% 20% 5 11% 18 (205) 220 3 11% 15 16% 23 28 90 51½ 18½ 14 4½ 6 11 100 3 6½ 0 11½ 14½ 17 1180 41½ 63 78½ 24½ 41½ 57 1200 18 36½ 60½ 54½ 65½ 55½ 600 45 61½ 74 16½ 25½ 43 850 18½ 73 16½ 24 16½ 25½ 43 860 18½ 74 16½ 25½ 43 Hilledown (*162) Loutho (*139) Hed Power 500 2814 41 52% 7 21 24% (517) 550 4 18 31% 36 48% 52 7 390 2616 3616 4416 5 15 19 420 0 2316 2816 2016 28 3316 126 0 0 12 316 7 0 130 116 416 7 11 1316 152 220 2116 28 31 2 616 11 Sept Power (*407) Septs (*121) Forte Franci Met 420 40% 47% 54% 9 17% 22% (*447) 450 17 28 34 27% 37 42% Ladbroke (*164) 180 8 11 14 24 28% 30 Utd Blacotts 330 16 24 25% 17% 22% 31 (*351) 360 5% 12% 16% 36% 42 61 Option Sep Dec Mar Sep Dec Mer Tarmac (*162) Thorn EM (*1014) TSB (*233) 180 8 18 19 5% 13 10 180 2 7% 12 20 26% 26% 1500 34 85% 86 18% 34 52 1050 11 40 56 45% 62 78 220 17 25% 28 24 7% 13 240 5% 14 17% 11% 17 23% 140 14 17 19% 2 8% 9 160 2% 6% 10% 12 19 20% Nov feb likey Nov feb May 220 26 27 30% 2 5% 10% 240 5 14% 19 8% 15 19 650 56 80% 80% 0 21 32 700 28% 51 89 22% 41% 53% Oct Jan Apr Oct Jan Apr 500 30 54% 64% 28% 39% 48 550 16% 21 43% 56 65% 74 420 44 55 80% 8% 13 22 460 18 31 37% 28% 30% 42% Tozokine (*296) Welicom (*899) Opison STR 390 18% 25 28% 18% 23% 28% (391) 420 8 12% 17% 38% 42 48 8h Telecom 390 17% 22% 39% 14% 23% 25% [791) 420 8% 11% 17% 35 43 44 Cadouy 5ca 480 22 43% 46 11% 10 24% 600 4314 59 59 21 35 4574 650 1814 38 47 51 63 74 700 66 53 110 18 3514 58 750 3814 6814 55 3814 5814 824 500 26 42 5314 14 25 32 512 18 - - 21 -500 10 23 29% 32 38 45% C508) 750 79 85% 89 23 32% 39% 300 41 61 73 45% 55 52% 460 39 58% 67 8 14 21 500 16% 27 39% 28 3 41 280 27 30 28 5 8 11 300 14% 18% 26% 12% 17 19% New Feb May Nov Feb May Rolls-Rayce 180 141/4 181/4 22 9 131/4 17 (*183) 200 61/4 181/4 14 23 26 281/4 * Underlying security price. Prerolums shown the based on closing other prices. September 5, Total contractor 16,316 Calle: 10,457 Price: 5,836

There was strong speculation its shares last year.

FT GOLD MINES INDEX Son Machen Son Asse Year Gross My 52 week

	2	as day	1	st	Ago	yield %	High	Law
Bold Minus Index (26)	2139.25	+1.9	2098.26	2052.57	1819.70	2.00	2367.40	1522.65
■ Regional Todices								
Africa (16)	3303.73	+2.5	3222.24	3192.66	2257.50	4.13	3440.80	1902.23
Australiasia (S)	2717.92	+0.8	2896.90	2758.41	2153,58	1,93	3013.89	1693,10
Horth America (12)	1710.06	+1.9	1678.20	1653.92	1635.10	0.35	2039.85	1369,00
Copyright, The Financial	Times Lim	ged 199	4.					
Figures in brackets show	raumber o	af compa	rdes. Bas	be US Do	Attens. Bass	o Yakasa: 10	300 <u>.00</u> 31/	12/92.

	Rison	Falls	Sarre
British Funds	1	55	14
Other Fixed Interest	Ö	5	10
Mineral Extraction	45	75	79
General Manufacturers	134	123	387
Consumer Goods	32	40	115
Services	115	83	304
Utilities	20	14	11
Prencies	67	100	201
revealment Trusts	50	121	296
Others	25	58	26
l'Otals	489	674	1442
			vember 2
east Dealings September 5 Settlement	Manufic	D	ecember
	Mansfie	D	ecember
Lest Dealings September 5 Settlement Calle: Alfance Ree, Bik treland, Bluebird Toys, John Tretand, Puts & Calls: Abbey National. LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE	s	D	ecember
LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE Issue Ant Mid. Cale: Affence Ree, Bit Ireland, Bitebird Toys, John Ireland, Puts & Cale: Abbey National.	S	Old, Radius.	ecember Puta: B
Last Dealings September 5 Settlement Calle: Alfance Res, Bik treland, Bluebird Toys, John reland, Puts & Calle: Abbey National. LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE Issue Ant Mid. price paid cap 1994	S	old, Radkin.	ecember Puta: B
London Recent Issues: Equific Issue Ant Mic. price peld cap 1994 p up (Pm.) High Low Stock	S	old, Radius.	ecember Puta: B
LONDON FRECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE Support Suppor	SS	old, Radkin.	ecember Puta: B
cast Dealings September 5 Settlement Dalis: Alfance Ree, Bik Ireland, Bikebird Toya, John reland, Puts & Calis: Abbey National. LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE base Ant Mid. price peid cap 1994 price price peid cap 1994 price P.P. 25.8 100 82 (Arcmascur 5 P.P. 20.1 69 80 Battle G Shr Wrts	SS ===================================	old, Radkin.	ecember Puta: B
LONDON FRECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE sue Ant Mid. price paid cap pup (2m.) High Low Stock F.P. 25.9 100 82 Arrenascan	S +/-	old, Radkin.	ecember Puta: B
Lost Dealings September 5 Settlement Callis: Alfiance Rice, Bik treland, Bikebird Toyu, John retand, Puts & Calis: Abbey National. LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE issue Ant Mid. price paid cap 1994 Cap price paid cap 1994 pup (Em.) High Low Stack - F.P. 25.9 100 82 (Anomascan F.P. 20.1 69 80 Baille G Shn Wits 8 100 F.P. 19.4 102 100 Beacon tw Tot 10 F.P. 1, 178 48 43 00. Worants	6 -1 -2 -7	Not Div.	Gra P/E
cast Dealings September 5 Settlement Callac Alfance Ree, Bik Ireland, Bluebird Toys, John reland, Puts & Calls; Abbey National. LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIE baue Ant Mic, p up (2m.) High Low Stock - F.P. 25.8 100 82 §Anomascan - F.P. 20.1 69 80 Baille G Shn Wits & 100 F.P. 19.4 102 100 Beacon law Tot - F.P. 1.78 48 43 Do. Warants 4 105 F.P. 74.1 173 165 Chembertain Ph. 166	SS	old, Radkin.	Gra P/E
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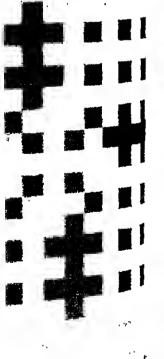
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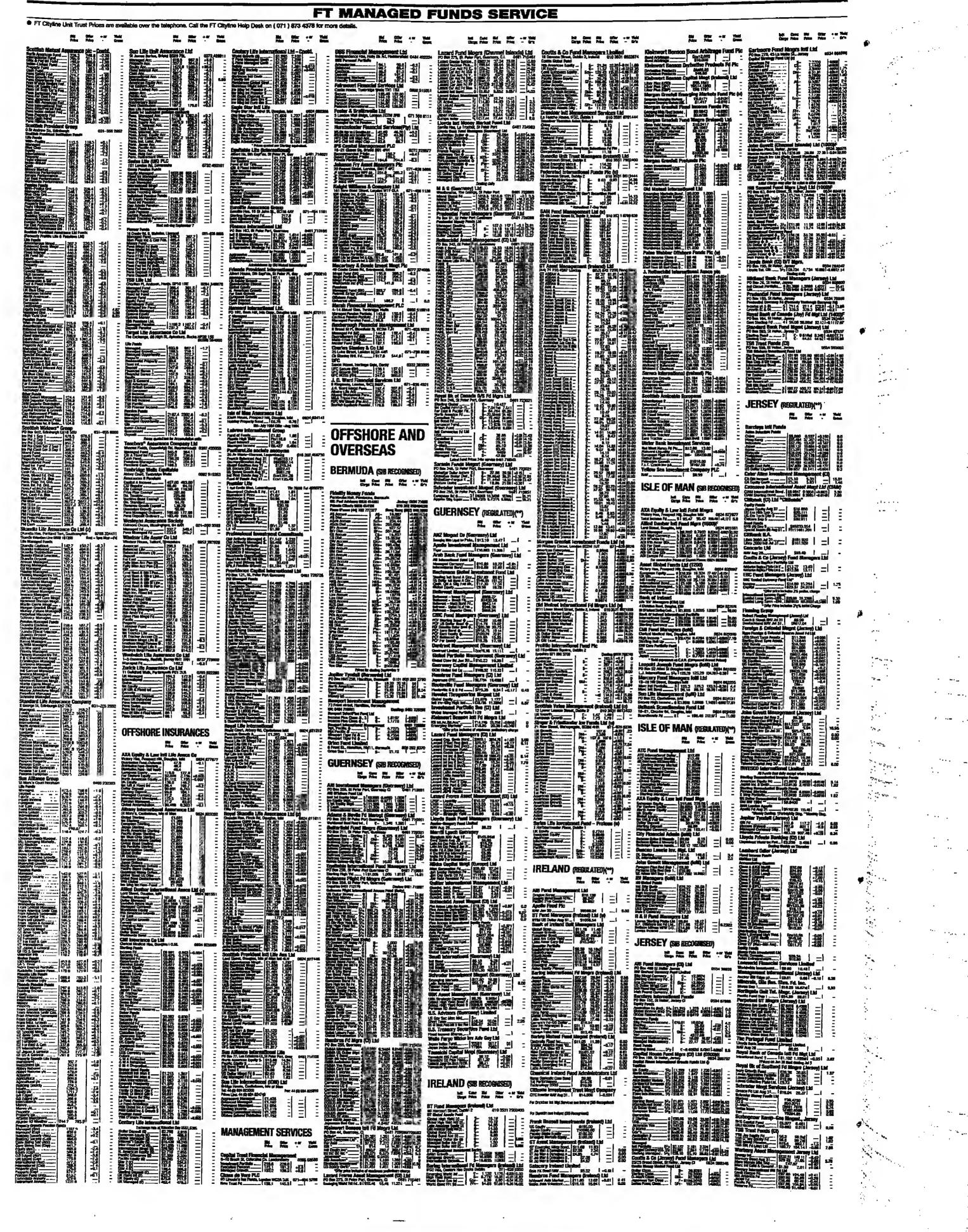
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CURRENCIES AND MONEY

MARKETS REPORT

Swedish krona stumbles

Fears of a weak minority government following elections on September 18 yesterday undermined the Swedish krona, writes Philip Gawith.
The polls showed that the

opposition Social Democrats (SPD) might fail to win an outright majority, lessening the prospects of a yes vote in the November referendum to join the European Union.

A poll in Finland, which votes in October on EU membership, also showed a move towards an anti-EU vote. Both currencies weakened as a result. Traders said there was evidence of small scale intervention from the Finnish central bank to support the cur-

The Swedish krona closed in London at SKr4-94, from SKr4-905 on Friday, against the D-Mark.

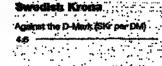
Market activity was generally very subdued with US markets closed for the labour day holiday. The dollar showed no sign of recovering from its three pfennig fall on Friday, trading in a very narrow range to close at DM1.5537 from DM1,5602. Against the yen it finished at Y99.25 from Y99.395. The counterpart of a weaker dollar was generalised D-Mark strength. It closed at L1,011 against tha Italian lira from

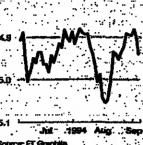
L1,009. Sterling also had an uneventful day, with the trade weighted index finishing at

Swedish markets were disturbed by two opinion polls which showed the Green and the Left parties making progress at the SPD's expense ahead of the election.

Financial markets are concerned at whether a new gov-ernment will be able to cut the mushrooming debt/GDP ratio. estimated by Citibank to be 93 per cent of GDP. The krona recently stabilised when the SDP released details of a proposed SKr61bn austerity package, but its ability to implement these measures would be hampered if it lacked an outright majority,

Traders are predicting that currency volatility is likely to continue until the election and the EU referendum, on November 16, are out of the way.





Markets will be keeping an eye on the meeting today of the EU monetary committee, and a meeting later in the week of EU finance ministers, where the problem of countries with high deficits will be dis-

1,5475 1,5473 1,5456 1,5329

Mr Jeremy Hawkins, senior economic adviser at the Bank of America, comments: "The meetings have refocused the market towards those currencies that are weakened on the public finance front." The tendency, he said, has been towards selling the currencies of countries which combined high fiscal deficits with forthcoming elections (Sweden) or

political instability (Italy).

The outlook for sterling is, for different reasons, also affected by EU issues. With controversy having sprung up again about the possibility of a multi-speed Europe, traders are focusing on a keynote speech prime minister John Major will be giving later this week in the

Mr Hawkins said the market wanted to hear Mr Major affirm that the UK belonged at the core of Europe. He said sterling would come under pressure if the prime minister was seen accepting second division status for the cur-

Also important for sterling will be the monthly monetary meeting tomorrow between the chancellor, Mr Kenneth Clarke, and the governor of the Bank of England, Mr Eddie George. Mr Mark Austin, treasury strategist at Midland Global Markets, said expectations of a change in policy were low fol-lowing good inflation data, a fall in house prices and weak car sales recently. If rates were to rise, this would be a surprise to the markat, which would probably lend support to sterling. If policy stayed on hold, said Mr Austin, sterling's

fate would be likely to remain

in the hands of the dollar.

■ The general expectation is that today's quarterly Tankan survey of business conditions by the Bank of Japan will show that the Japanese economy is in the early stages of recovery. What this will mean for the ven is less clear. Some analysts argue that a recovering economy will suck in more imports, curb the trade and current account surpluses.

causing the yen to weaken. Others warn that the trade surplus is unlikely to decrease before the end of the year. partly because of stronger than expected exports and firm overseas demand. Further, economists at New Japan Securities in London argue that the combination of stimulatory fiscal policy and high real interest rates is the classic recipe for keeping a currency overval-ued. They predict the yen at Y97.50 against the dollar at tha

■ The Bank of England provided UK money markets with £75m late assistance, Earlier it had provided £110m liquidity, at established rates, after forecasting a £400m shortage.

in Germany call money rates rose to 4.90/5 per cent from 4.85/4.95 per cent. With the repo rate fixed at 4.85 per cent for a further two weeks, after six weeks at this level already, traders said they were scaling back their expectations of when a rate cut could be expec-

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Europe													
Austria	(Sch)		-0.1432	159 - 291	17,0788	16,9092	16,9182	0.3	16.9063	0,4			115.4
Seigkan	(BFr)		-0.1029	451 - 766	48,5820		49,5259	6.0	49.5750		49,3559		
Deramark	(DKI)	8.4874	-0.0389	843 - 905	9,5118	2.4633	9,4946	-0.9	9.5142	-1.1	9.5485	-0.6	
Finland	(FM)		+0.0318	161 - 341	7.8370	7.7770	-	•	, -	•	-	• •	84.0
France	(FF+)	8.2402	-0.0242	372 - 481	8.2481	8.2257	8.2438	-0.5	8.2445		8.2075		
Germany	(DMG)	2.4062		042 - 061		2.401B	2.4052	0.0	2.4025	0.4	2.3747	1.3	126.4
Greace	(Dr)	365,727	-2.928		367.191		•	-	-		.		
ireiand .	(82)	1,0105	+0.0019	100 - 110		1.0080	1,0109	-0.5	1.0123	-0.7	1,018		104.4
Itely	(L)	2431,21	-1,62	043 - 199	2433.16	2424.97	2438.21	-3.5	2450.71	-3.2	2512.21	-3.3	
Emodulary	(LF+)	49.5609	-0.1029	451 - 768	49.5820		49.5250	6.0	49.5759	-0.1	48,3550	0.4	
Netherlands	(FI)	2.6087		978 - 995	2,7020	2,8954	2,8989	-0.1	2.8969		2.864		
Norway	(MIC)	10.5562		529 - 594	10,8057		10.5532	0.3		-0.8	10.5497	0.1	86.4
Portugal	(Es)	245.567		450 - 684	245,916		247.297	-8.5	250.A77	-8.0		· _ =	
Spein	(Pta)	200.024		914 - 138	200.296		200,464	-26	201.289	-2.5	204.044		
Sweden	(SK)	11.8826	+0.0021	749 - 903	11,8970		11.9041	-22	11,9546	-24	12,1751	-25	
Switzerland	(SFr)	2.0215	-0.0042	211 - 225	2,0267	20187	2.0204	. 0.8	2.018	1.1	1.9638	1.9	
UK .	(2)						4 5545				4		76.9
Ecu	-	1.2608	-0.0021	601 - 616	1.2825	1.2592	1,2615	~0,7	1_2621	-0.4	1.2616	-0.1	-
SORT	_	0.941157	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aznericas	-	1,5483		400 400		1.5438							
Argentina Smzli	(Peso)	1.3770		469 - 466	1.5491	1.3689		-	-	-	-	•	_
zsrazii Cenada	(FII) (CS)	2.1127		780 - 780 120 - 134	2,1168	2.1106	2.1121	0.4	21123	0.1	21121	0.0	86.8
	Pesch	5.2366		308 - 402	5,2408	5.2291	2,1121		21123	0.1	21121	0.0	90.0
USA	5	1.5481		478 - 483	1.5510	1.5450	1,5479	0.2	1,5481	0.5	1.5334	19	82.7
Pacific/Middle			+0.0033	410 - 403	1,3510	1.3400	120778		1.3401	ш	1.000	-	02.7
Australia	(AS)	2.0936	+0.0132	925 - 948	2,0089	2.0854	2.0935	0.0	2.0949	-0.2	2.1131	-09	_
Hong Kong	0-14(3)	11.9630	+0.0132		11.9852		11.9591	0,4	11,958	0.2	11.965		
india	(Fis)	48.5623		506 - 740	48,6510		,			•		-	
Japan	'n	153.644		542 - 748	153,758		153,334	24	152,449	6.1	147.804	3.8	189.3
Maleyala.	(MS)	3,9606		492 - 520	3,9560	3.9405		:				-	
New Zeeland	(NZS)	2.5856		630 - 681	2.5704		2,5695	-1.8	2.5778	-1.8	2.5996	~1.3	_
Philippines	(Peec)	40,7525	40.0482	750 - 300	41.0325								_
Saudi Arabia	SFO	5.8050		046 - 071	5.8186	6.7947	-	-	-	_	_	_	· _
Singapore	(35)	2.3218		206 - 229	2.3253	2,3172	-		-	_	-	_	
S Africe (Com.)		5.5308	+0.0048	287 - 329	5.5432	5.5192	-		-	_	-	_	-
a Africa (Fin.)	070	7.0049	-0.0006	683 - 215	7.0226	6.9779	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
South Korea	(Word	1240.22	+3.26	994 - 050	1242.51	1237.72	-	-	-	·-	-	-	_
Telwen.	(13)	40.5380		287 - 600	40,8075	40.4848		-	-		-	-	
Thelland	(80	38,8849	+0.0384	532 - 765	38,7330	38 6100	-		-	-	-	_	_

Sep 8		Closing	Change	Bid/offer	Day's	mid	One m		Three in		One ye		J.P Morge
		mid-point	on day	spread	high	low	Rate	%PA	Rate	16PA	Rate	%PA	index
Europe													
Austria	Sch	10.9315	-0.116	290 - 340	10,9560	10.8100	10.9315			0.0	10.8585	0.7	104.4
Belgkım	(BFr)	32.0150	-0.135	100 - 200	32.0600	31.9320	32.04	-0.9	32,055	-0.5	32,175	-0.5	106.0
Denmark	(DKI)	6.1286	-0.037	276 - 296	6,1474	6.1248	6.1351	-1.3	6.1581	-1.8	6.2336	~1.7	105.0
Finland	(FM)	5.0548	+0.0008	495 - 598	5.0718	5,0283	5.0548	0.0	5.0823	-0.6	0.1248	~1.4	78,5
France	(PPI)	5.3230	-0.027	219 - 340	5,3330	5.0283	5.3259	-0.7	5.3322	-0.7	5,2925	0.6	106.4
Semany	(D)	1.5537	-0.0065	533 - 540	1,5580	1.5501	1.5539	-02	1.554	-0.1	1.5497	0.3	107.
Greece	Òń	236,250	-2.4	200 - 300	237,400	234,760	238.55	-1.5	237,225	-1.7	240,025	~1.6	89.2
reland	Œ	1,5320	+0.0004	315 - 325	1.5371	1.5279	1.631	0.8	1.527	1.3	1,5065	1.7	
taly	(L)	1570.50	-4.4	025 - 075	1571.00	1585.80	1575.06	-3.5	1585.5	-38	1641.5	-4.5	75.5
principourg	(LFr)	32,0150	-0.135	100 - 206		31.9320	32 04	-0.9	32.065	-0.5	32,175	-0.5	106.0
Vetherlands	(F)	1.7433	-0.0072	430 - 435	1,7490		1.7436	-0.2	1,7437	-0.1	1,7895	0.2	105.7
Vorway	NEG	6.8190	-0.0247	190 - 200	6.8570		6.8215	-0.4	6.834	-0.9	8.751	1.0	96.
Portugal	(Es)	158,630	-1.39	580 - 680		158,360	159.58				188.63	-6.3	95
Soatn	(Ptsi)	129.210	-0.39	160 - 260		128,960	129,515		130.145		133.14	-3.0	80.1
Sweden	(SKI)	7.8750	+0.0238	721 - 796	7.8934		7,8954	-30	7.7359		7,9459	-3.5	79.5
Switzerland	(SFr)	1.3061	-0.0054	058 - 063	1.3090	1.3030	1,3054	0.6	1.3039	0.7	1,2943	0.0	105.
JK		1.5481	+0.0033	478 - 483	1.5510	1.5450	1.5479	0.2	1.5461	0.7	1.5334	0.9	87.
	(E)												
Ecu	-	1,2278	+0.0045	273 - 283	1.2300	1.2251	1.2269	0.8	1,2251	0.9	1,2174	0.8	•
SORT	-	1.45164	-	-		-		*	-	-	-	·	
unerices													
irgantina	(Pesc)	0.9989	+0.0004	988 - 989	0.9989	0.9984	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Brazil	(FI)	0.8895		890 - 900	0.8960	0.8890	-	-	-	-		-	1
Cenada .	(CS)	1.3648	-0.0021	645 - 650	1,3666	1,3645	1.3654		1.3571	-0.7	1.3803	-1.1	83.3
Aexico (New	Pesc)	3,3820	-0.0025	796 - 645	3,3845	3.3790	3.383	-04	3.3848	-0.3	3.3922	-0.3	
JSA	(5)	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	96.
acific/Middle	Enst/	Africa											
uestralla	(AS)	1.3524	+0.0056	519 - 528	1.3545	1,3490	1.3527	-0.2	1.3534	-0.3	1.3607	~0.6	87,
long Kong	(HICS)	7.7278	+0.0007	273 - 283	7.7283	7.7272	7.7276	0.0	7.7283	0.0	7.7433	-0.2	
ndie	(Pla)	31,3700		875 - 725	31,3725	31.3675	31,455	-3.3	31.8	-29		-	
lecen	m	99.2500	-0 145	000 - 000		98.8000	99.06	2.3	96.6	2.6	98,395	29	148.0
Anlavala.	CMS	2,5520		S15 - 525	2,5540		2.5428	43	2.5315	32	2,605	-21	1101
low Zesland	NZS	1.6573	+0.0048	599 - 586	1.8598		1.6583	-0.7	1.8601	-0.7	1.8654	-0.5	
hillopines	Pesol	26.3250		500 - 000		26,1500	1.0000		1,000.1	-0.7	1.000		
		3.7504		502 - 506	3,7508	3.7502	3.7517	-0.4	3,7558	-0.6	3,7744	-0.6	
aud Arabia	(SF)												
ingapore	(55)	1.4998		993 - 003	1,5003	1,4995	1.4985	1.1	1,4986	0.9	1.4898	. 0.7	
Africa (Com.)		3.5728	-0.0045	720 - 735	3,5835	3.5596	3,5883	-5.2	3.6166		8.6933	-3,4	
Africa (Fln.)	FO	4,5250	-0.01	160 - 350	4,5350		4,5587	-20	4,6175	-8.2		•	
coulth Kores	(Won)	801.150	+0.4	100 - 200		801.100	804.16	-4.5	807,65	-3.2	826,15	3.1	
Simpli (16mig	(13)	26.1858	-0.0522	315 - 900		26,1315	26,2058	-0.8	26,2458	-0.9			
hailand	035	24,9765	-0.0285	730 - 800	24,9850	24 9790	25.049	-3.5	25,1765	-32	25,6565	-2.7	

CROSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES EXCHANGE CROSS RATES EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES 23.97 12.52 14.42 4.940 11.78 0.489 4.402 11.25 4.639 5.940 5.875 11.88 5.622 7.674 77.34 9.421 2.018 1.054 1.214 0.418 0.961 0.371 0.371 0.547 0.542 0.485 1 0.473 0.673 0.783 16.63 8.686 10 3.426 8.158 0.339 3.053 7.803 3.256 4.120 6.936 4.075 8.240 3.900 5.325 6.534 4,853 2,535 2,979 1 2,381 0,099 0,891 2,277 0,980 1,203 2,024 1,138 1,554 1,554 1,907 5.446 2.845 3.275 1.122 2.672 0.111 1 2.556 1.098 1.355 2.698 1.277 1.744 17.57 2.140 21.31 11.13 12.82 4.391 10.454 5.913 10 4.301 5.280 5.223 10.56 4.996 6.822 6.822 6.874 3.123 1.832 1.879 0.644 1.533 0.064 0.574 1.466 0.774 1.903 0.766 1.548 0.733 1 10.08 2.088 1.065 1.226 0.420 1 0.042 0.374 0.956 0.411 0.505 0.850 0.500 1.010 0.478 0.652 0.6576 0.801 4.080 2.131 2.454 0.841 2.002 0.083 0.749 1.915 0.824 1.011 1.702 1 2.022 0.957 1.305 16.19 1.603 4.264 2.227 2.564 0.879 2.092 0.087 0.783 2.001 0.861 1.079 1.045 2.113 1 1.385 13.78 1.676 309.9 181.8 188.4 63.87 152.1 6.316 56.91 145.5 62.57 76.80 129.3 75.96 153.6 72.69 99.22 1000. 121.8 495,4 258,8 297,9 102,1 243,1 10,10 90,98 232,5 100, 122,8 206,6 121,4 245,5 116,2 158,6 194,7 409.6 210.8 242.7 83.16 198.0 198.0 189.4 91.47 100. 168.4 98.91 200.0 94.65 1302 1302 4905 2562 2960 1011 2407 100. 900.7 2302 990.2 1218 2046 1202 2431 1150 1570 15827 1928 2.19472 1,94964 40,2123 0,808628 6,53683 192,854 7,43679 154,250 2.14656 1.91382 39.4056 0.803088 6.55353 195.472 7.55892 159.138 -0.00471 -0.00391 -0.0674 +0.005221 -0.00968 +0.012 -0.00648 +0.078 -2.28 -1.84 -2.01 -0.69 0.22 1.36 1.64 6.17 5.58 5.10 5.28 3.88 2.94 1.79 1.50 0.00 ABERS 264.513 1793.18 0.786748 is set by the S 290.861 1931.61 0.795569 -0.364 +7.72 +0.006855 9.96 7.72 1.12 Est. vol Open Int. 31,680 96,406 5,355 17,459 80 2,689 Est. vol Open int. 15,106 58,046 943 11,524 18 1,751 High 0.6434 0.6435 0.6430 Sett price 1,0101 1,0168 1,0241 High 1,0102 1,0170 1,0235 Low 0,9988 1,0050 1,0195 Oct 9.32 5.66 4.71 2.77 1.41 0.59 PUTS Oct -0.05 0.28 0.83 1.90 3.52 Nov 0.06 0.25 0.00 1.36 2.51 4.04 Nov 9.32 7.06 5.00 8.24 1.95 1.06 +0.0010 +0.0010 +0.0010 1.5458 1.5438 1.5408 1.5500 1.5480 1.6460 16,979 1,334 21 34,163 2,523 184

Company Comp	0.75	66 0.7	652	+0.0084	0.7655	.0.75	03 1	6.846	36,169
WORLD INTEREST RATES									5.664
All Dor		0.7	886	+0.0092				1	59
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CU United Do mid rates: 1 min: 5%; 3 min: 5½; 6 min: 6%; 1 year: 6%, 8 LBOR intended as no offered states for \$10m quoted to the market by four reference barries at 11cm such min: The barries was higher a Trust, Barrier of Todyo, Bernslays and National Weathfrister. In the triangular of the domain of the dom		_				4	-	-	-
this are offered situs for SIOn quoted to the market by four reference banks at 11em each $_{1}$. The benks were Bridger Trust, Bank of Tokyo, Bernslays and National Weathinston. It refers to the domastic Monay Plates, US 2 CDs and SDR Linked Deposits g SURRO CURRENCY INTEREST RATES one Three Six term notice month months with the second state of the second stat		-			-	-	-	-	-
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utch Guilder 5 - 4월 6 - 4월 5 - 4월 5 - 4월 6 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	ante .	44 - 41	41 -	417 417	- 412	5 - 4%	5 ² g		5,2 - 5,3
emech Franc 5½ - 5¼ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 55½ 55½ 55½ 55½ 55½ 65½ 65½	th Guilder	5 - 4弦	6 - 4	選 5	- 4名	54 - 4	5 5lg .		5½ - 5¾
ortuguesee Enc. 121g 117g. 103g 10 111g 11 115g 117g. 113g 117g. 113g 117g. 113g 117g. 113g 117g. 113g 117g	ch Franc	53 ₄ - 5 ¹ 4	54 -	512 512	- 53			5H	63 - 64
pamish Peneta 7,2 - 7,3 - 7,2 - 7,2 - 7,3 - 7,2 - 9 - 7,4 - 8,5 - 8,4 - 9 - 9 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -			10-2	10 11		11% - 11	4 114.		112 - 112
terforg 61g - 47g 4½ - 47g 5½ - 4½ 51g - 5½ 8 - 57g 6½ mate Franc 4 - 37g 41g - 37g 4½ - 4½ 4½ - 4½ 41g 41g 41g an. Doller 5½ - 5 5½ - 5 5½ - 6½ 57g - 51g 6½ 6½ S Doller 4½ - 4½ 4½ - 4½ 4½ - 4½ 6 - 47g 5½ - 5½ 5½	nish Peseta	74 - 74	72 -	7& 7%		9 - 7%			9 - 83
was Franc 4 37 4 4 37 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	ling:	5la - 4%			- 433				6분 - 6년
an. Doller 5 12 - 5 5 22 - 5 5 24 - 6 25 - 5 2 6 2 - 6 15 6 15 6 15 5 12 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 15 6 15		4 - 37							44 - 44
S Doller 4년 4월 4월 4월 4월 44 6 44 5월 5월 5월									612 - 612
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EUHO C	JARENC	Y IN	TER	EST R/	LTES		
Sep 8	Short term		days dice	One month	Three	Six months	One
Belgian Franc	41 - 41		4%	5 ¹ 8 - 5	5 ¹ 2 - 5 ³ 8	54 - 54	53 - 64
Danish Krona	54 - 47		- 5,6	6 - 5%	6 2 - 63	74 - 7	74 - 74
-Mark	44 - 4		- 417	41 - 412	5 - 4%	5 ² a - 5	5,4 - 5,6
Juich Guilder	5 - 4弦		- 4聲	5 - 4登	5쇼 - 4હ	5½ - 5½	5월 - 5월
rench Franc	53g - 53g		- 516	5 ¹ 2 - 5 ³ 2	55 - 52	6월 - 5段	63z - 614
Ortuguese Est			- 10	1112 - 11	1152 - [114	114 - 114	
panish Pesek			- 72	75 - 7%	9 - 7 ³ t	83g - 81g	8 - 83
Starling	5 ¹ e - 47		- 47	54 - 44	51 ₂ - 5 ₁₄	8 - 57	6월 - 6월
Avent Franc	4 - 37		- 97	44 - 44	44 - 44	412 - 418	44 - 4%
ian, Dollar	5,2 - 5		- 5	516 - 616	5 ⁵ z - 5 ¹ z	6j 6jş	6많 - 6값
IS Doker	417 - 417		- 4}}	43 - 44	6 - 47	52 - 52	5记 - 5私
taten Ura	9 - 712		- B	84 - 84	46 - 왕	81 ⁵ - 83 ⁸	1012 - 1014
ren	2급 - 24		- 24	24 - 24	24 - 24	25 - 26	24 - 25
leien SSing	37 37.		- 3%	46 - 46	44 - 45	54 - 54	512 - 513
inot tem min Tigner us					-		
	Open Se	t price	Cheng	je Higi	ı Low	Est. vol	Open int
iep	94.31 9	4.30	-0.03	3 94.3	2 94.28	5.718	43,173
	93.88 6	3,81	-0.12	2 93.8			47,742
Aar	93,49 9	3.43	-0.13	93.4	9 93,41	0.484	28.625
lun	93,16 9	3,12	-0.13			2,252	28,902
THREE M	ONTH BUR	DOLL	AR (LIF	FE)* \$ 1m p	oints of 100	%	
	•	t price	Chari	pe High	Low	Est. voi	Open Int
		L98	-0.01		94.97	50	2802
		l.31	-0.02		94.32	36	1987
Ular	- 9-	1.03	-0.01			0	1436
		171	-0.03				

THE							
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vo	Open Int
3ep	94.98	94.97	-0.02	94.99	94.94	15722	133671
Dec	94,80	94.77	-0.02	94.81	94.75	31475	170861
Mar	94,42	94,42	-0.01	94.45	94.87	26757	165156
lun	94.06	94.05	-0.04	94.09	94,02	12134	107897
THE		EUROLINA					
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est vol	Open Int.
ЭФР	90.80	91.00	+0.08	31.01	90.80 89.73	2195 3290	21846
Jec Am	89.80 89.20	89.80 89.31	-0.02	89.95 89.35	93.19	1788	33704 18030
lun .	88.75	88.89	-0.03	88.93	88.75	374	13522
		EURO SWEE					
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. voi	Open Int
iep	95.66	95.66	+0.02	95.70	95.65	1208	17101
ec	95.26	95.28	-0.01	95.30	95.26	1372	15750
Age	95.00	94.99	-0.02	95.03	94.98	596	11534
un	94.95	94,69	-0.04	94.70	94.06	20	5965
THE	E MONTH	ICU FUTUR	ES (LIFTE)	Courlem po	ints of 100	% .	
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. voi	Open int.
ер	93.99	94.02	-	94.03	83.99	341	9278
lec	93,47	93.44	-0.06	93.47	93,44	924	6949
	99.10	92.05	-0.08	93.10	83.04	356	4111
lun	92.70 turns traded o	02.84 n APT	-0.09	92.70	92.61	200	1715
un UFFE fut	92.70 tures traded o	n AFT	AR (IN) 1	tm points	of 100% (\$	Sep 2)	
UFFE for	92.70 tures traded of E MONTH I	Sett price	AUR (IMINA) 1 Change	im points	of 100% ជ្រ Low	Sep 2) Est. vol	Open int.
UFFE fut	92.70 tures traded of E MONTH I Open 94.95	Sett price 94.96	AR (IN) 1	im points High 94.99	of 100% (S Low 84.94	Sep 2) Est. vol 60,049	Open Int. 385,168
UFFE fut	92.70 tures traded of E MONTH I	Sett price	AUR (IMINA) 1 Change	im points	of 100% ជ្រ Low	Sep 2) Est. vol	Open Int.
UFFE fut THIRE	92.70 base traded of E MONTH Open 94.95 94.31 94.04	Set pice 94.95 94.31 94.03	ARR (INSA) 8 Change +0.01 -0.01	Tim points High 94.88 94.40 94.13	of 100% p Low 94,94- 94,31 94,02 0% (Sep 2)	Sep 2) Est. voi 60,049 72,008 62,548	Open int. 385,168 491,555 381,859
UFFE fut I THINE SEP SEC SEC SEC SEC SEC SEC SE	92.70 Butter traded of E MORTH I Open 94.95 94.31 94.04 05ASURY 2	Sett price 94.96 94.31 94.03 BLL FUTURE	ARR (IMM) \$	Tim points High 94.88 94.40 94.19 Tim per 10	of 100% § Low 94.94- 94.31 94.02 0% (Step 2)	Sep 2) Est. voi 50,049 72,008 52,548	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,859
UFFE fut I THINIM EQ EQ EQ EQ EQ EQ EQ EQ EQ E	92.70 burns traded of E MONTH Open 94.95 94.31 94.04 05ASURY E 95.38 94.86	Sett price 94.95 94.31 94.03 BELL FUTURE 95.37 94.87	ARR (INSA) 8 Change +0.01 -0.01	High 94.98 94.40 94.13 Firm par 10 95.42 94.95	of 100% & Low 94.94- 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 35.37 94.86	Sep 2) Est. vol. 60,049 72,008 62,548	Open int. 385,168 491,555 381,859 12,053 10,140
UFFE tut I THINE lep lec fer I US TF	92.70 bases traded of E Michael III Open 94.95 94.91 94.04 95.38 94.86 94.63	Sett price 94.96 94.31 94.03 BLL FUTURE	ARR (NAM) \$ Change +0.01 -0.01 85 (MM) \$ +0.01	Pim points 94.88 94.40 94.13 Pim par 10 95.42 94.95 94.89	of 100% § Low 94.94 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.88 94.54	Sep 2) Est. vol. 50,049 72,008 62,548 1,407 923 466	Open int. 385,168 491,555 381,859
LITTE for LITTE	92.70 Super traded of the super supe	BURGOOLL Sett price 94.96 94.31 94.03 BLL FUTURE 95.37 94.56 9 5.37 94.56	AR (AMA) S Change +0.01 -0.01 BS (MM) S +0.01 day	High 94.88 94.40 94.13 High par 10 95.42 94.95 94.99 Hints of 100	of 100% g Low 94.94 - 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.86 94.54	Est. vol. 60,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 499	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,859 12,053 10,140 4,112
LIFFE to TRIVERS OF THE STATE O	92.70 Spen traded of Part of P	Sett price 94.96 94.31 94.03 HELL FUTURE 95.37 94.56 95.37 94.56 For previous FIORES (LIFFE	ARR (IMMA) 5 Chamge +0.01 -0.01 85 (IMMA) 5 +0.01 day 9 DM1m pr	High 94.88 94.40 94.13 PM per 100 95.42 94.95 94.89 PM soft 100 PM	of 100% g Low 94.94 94.31 94.02 95.37 94.86 94.54	Est. vol. 60,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 469 PUTS	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,659 12,053 10,140 4,112
UFFE fut I THISTER I US TE EC CC I US TE I SURIO TRICO TR	92.70 bases traded of Deen 94.95 94.31 94.04 05ASURY 2 95.38 94.65 94.65 94.65 94.65 94.65 94.65	Sett price 94.96 94.31 94.03 BELL FUTURE 95.37 94.58 94.58 94.58 CALL OCE 0.11	ARR (NAM) 5 Change +0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01	1m points 94.89 94.40 94.13 1m per 10 95.42 94.93 bints of 100	of 100% p Low 94.94 - 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.84 94.54	Sep 2) Est. vol. 50,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 495 PUTS — Nov. 0.12	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,959 12,053 10,149 4,112 Dec 0,18
UFFE fut UFFE fut in Tringen iop	92.70 Denn traded of Open 94.95 94.91 94.93 94.94 95.38 94.63 Parest figs. at 94.63 Parest figs. at	Sett price 94.95 94.31 84.03 94.97 94.95 9	ARR (SAMA) 1 Chamge +0.01 -0.01 85 (MMA) 1 +0.01 day 9 DM1m pt	High 94.88 94.40 94.13 11m par 10 95.42 94.95 94.99 117 0 0 17 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.0	of 100% g Low 94.94 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.86 94.54	Est. vol. 60,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 499 PUTS	Open Int. 385.168 491,555 381,859 12,053 10,140 4,112 Dec 0.16 0.30
UFFE fut UFFE fut I THINE IN I THINE IN I US TH IS I US	92.70 States traded of the states of the sta	Sett price 94.96 94.31 94.03 94.97 94.56 94.57 94.56 94.57 94.56 95.37 CALL FOR CALL COLUMN (LIFTE CALL COLUMN CALL CALL COLUMN CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CAL	ARR (NAM) 5 Chamge +0.01 -0.01 85 (MM) 5 +0.01 day DM1m pr 15 Nov D 14 02 02 02 02	High 94.88 94.40 94.13 94.13 94.95 94.89 94.80 9	of 100% g Low 94.94 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.86 94.54 0% 0.08 0.08 0.28	Est. vol. 60,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 469 PUTS Nov. 0.12 0.25 (J.60)	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,659 12,053 10,140 4,112 Dec 0,16 0,30 0,51
UFFE fut UFFE fut lep lec fer US 77 Ep lec far U	92.70 Super traded of the super supe	Sett price 94.95 94.31 84.03 94.97 94.95 9	ARR (NAM) 5 Change +0.01 -0.01	1m points 94.89 94.40 94.13 1m par 10 95.42 94.93 1m par 10 95.42 94.93 1m par 10 95.42 94.93 1m par 10 95.42 94.93	of 100% p Low 94.94 94.94 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.54 94.54 0% 0.08 6 0.49 6 0.49 6 0.49	Est. vol. 50,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 466 PUTS	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,659 12,053 10,140 4,112 Dec 0,16 0,30 0,51
UFFE fut UFFE fut lep lec fer US TF Ep LEC FER EX LEC FER US TF EX LEC FER EX LEC FE	92.70 Super traded of the super supe	Sett price 94.96 94.31 94.03 BELL FUTURE 95.37 94.56 94.56 94.57 94.56 94.56 0.11 0.03 0.03 0.03	ARR (NAM) S Chamge +0.01 -0.01	High 94.98 94.40 94.13 11m par 10 95.42 94.95 94.99 117 0 0 17 0 0 17 0 0 18 0 2 9 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	of 100% g Low 94.94 94.31 94.02 9% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.86 94.54 9% 0.009 6 0.26 6 0.49 0.49 6 0.49	Est. vol. 60,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 499 PUTS	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,659 12,053 10,140 4,112 Dec 0,16 0,30 0,51
Tritism Lep Dec Adar II US TF Lep Dec Adar II US TF Lep Dec Adar II STURIO 15 STURIO 16 STURIO 16 STURIO 16 STURIO 17 STURIO 17 STURIO 18 STU	92.70 Super traded of the super supe	Sett price 94.95 94.31 84.03 94.97 94.95 94.95 94.95 94.95 94.95 94.96 CALL PUTURE 10.11 0 0.	AR (AMA) 1 Change +0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.02 -0.05	High 94.98 94.40 94.13 11m par 10 95.42 94.95 94.99 117 0 0 17 0 0 17 0 0 18 0 2 9 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	of 100% p Low 94.94 94.94 94.31 94.02 0% (Sep 2) 95.37 94.54 94.54 0% 0.08 6 0.49 6 0.49 6 0.49	Est. vol. 50,049 72,005 62,548 1,407 923 466 PUTS	Open Int. 385,168 491,555 381,659 12,053 10,140 4,112 Dec 0,16 0,30 0,51

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Cents of Tax	dep. (£100,	,000)	11/2	4	34	3%	-
Carts of Tex of Are, tender re	hp. under £10	00,000 to 1	apc. Deposit	s withdrawn	for costs lips	Salarian care of the	Aur
1994. Agreed period July 30	Pate for period	Sep 26, 1	994 to Oct 2	6, 1994, Sch	mes 9 & II (JS2pc. Refere	100 E
Sep 1, 1984	1 1984 ID AD	31, 1994,	OCHERINE IA	a v o.srepc.	Hallande Mou		Pabl
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S THEFT	HOKTH ST	ENTHIS	FUTURE	(LIFFE) 25	00,000 poir	ts of 100%	
	Open	Sett price	_	High	Low	Est. voi	Ope
Sep	94.29	94,32	+0.03	94.32	94.27	6667 17526	87
Dec '	93.38	93.42	-0.01	93.43 92.68	93.56	7789	16
Jun	92.14	92.13	-0.03	92.18	92.11	2935	62
Torried Cor AS	T. All Open i	nterest figs	To for but	vicus day.			
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E SHORT	THE PLANT			500,000 po	inta of 1005		
E SHORT !		CAI	18 —			PUTS -	
Strike	Sep	CAI	LS —	War	Sep	PUTS	
E SHOFT ! Strike Price 9425		CAI	LS	Mar .03	Sep 0.11 0.22	PUTS Dec 0.87 1.10	1.6
Strice Price 9425 9430 9475	Sep 0.18 0.04	O.0	LS	Mar .03 .02	Sep 0.11 0.22 0.43	PUTS Dec 0.87 1.10 1.34	1,1
E SHORT !	Sep 0.18 0.04	O.0	LS	Mar .03 .02	Sep 0.11 0.22 0.43	PUTS Dec 0.87 1.10 1.34	1.6 1.6 2.0
Strike Price 9425 9450 9475	Sep 0.18 0.04	O.0	LS	Mar .03 .02	Sep 0.11 0.22 0.43	PUTS Dec 0.87 1.10 1.34	1.0
Strike Price 9425 9450 9475	Sep 0.18 0.04	CAI Do 0.0 0.0 0.0 Puts 3345.	LS IG 1 Id 0 22 0 If 0 Previous du	Mar .03 .02 .01 e/e open int.	Sep 0.11 0.22 0.43 , Calls 34774	PUTS Dec 0.87 1.10 1.34	1.0
Strice Price 9425 9430 9475	Sep 0.18 0.04	CAI Do 0.0 0.0 0.0 Puts 3345.	LS IG 1 Id 0 22 0 If 0 Previous du	Mar .03 .02	Sep 0.11 0.22 0.43 , Calls 34774	PUTS Dec 0.87 1.10 1.34	1.6 1.6 2.0

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Adem & Company 5.25. Alled Trust Bank	Duncan Lawde	* Radurghe Gustantee Corporation Limited is no
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@Henry Anabacher 5.25	eRobert Fleming & Co 5.25	a banking institution. 9 ·
Benk of Beroda 5.25	Grobenk 5.25	Ployel Bk of Scotland 6.25
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Bank of Scotland 5.25	6+8 Samuel 5.25	Western Trust 5.25
Bardaya Bank 5.25	C. Hoere & Co 5.25	Writeently Luidius 5.25
Brit Bk of Mid East 5.25	Hongitong & Shanghal, 5.25	Yorkshire Bank 6.25
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MONEY MARKET

Money Market Trust Funds 455 3-100 - 474 3-100 or Bidg Sac Asset) **Money Market Bank Accounts** 5.12 Mg 4.76 5.00 3.80 4.90 4.31 4.57 2.78 3.30 2.50 3.82



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INDICES								_						_	TUS II	IDICE:	5			_		
	Sep 5	Sep 2	Sep 1	_	High	1884	OW .		. 9		Sep 1	Hgh	1984	Low	- Dow Jone	s 5e			19 19	94 Low	Sizes of High	Low Low
Augustina General (29/12/77)	44	21812.14	21211,23	25170.4	0 16/2	17758.90	2014	PC (Nov 1978)	04	2574.83	2993,51	200L17 6/2	105	7.53 204	industrials.	3885	58 3901	A4 3813.0	2 387E36 (31/1)	3523.35 (4/4)	39/8.36 (31/1/94)	\$1.22 (27/32)
Australia								CBS TOPENGENERA &	9 444	445.8	463.6	6430 31/	40	L30 21/6	Home Bonde	98	78 50	O4 98.1	7 105.81	95.43 (13/5)	100.77	54.96 (V10/81)
All Ordinaries(1/1/80) All Maning(1/1/80)	2005.5 1072.9	2107.0 1073.9		2340.0 1136.1		1957.40 904.60		CBS AL Siv (End 83) New Zantand	251,1		290.3	29430 31/	25	7.80 21/6	Transport	1627	96 1633	48 16422		1545.02	1862.29	12.32
Amptria Cresis Addyc(30/12/84) Traded Index(2/1/81)	419.96 1136.68		424.46			398.97 1611.38		Cup. 40 (1/7/86) Norway	2178.51	2178.75	2187.02	2439.64 3/2	196	151 11/7	Citities	154	55 185	.67 18S.1		176.71 G469	255.45 (31.4/33)	10.50 (8/4/32)
Relation	13000	11-11-22						Oslo SElind(S/1/83)	1108.30	1123.09	1119.19	1211,19 23/	2 580	191 21/B	DJ Inc. Day	9 high 3928.6 918.82 (3913	42) Low	5) Low 3	871.98 (387 5867.44) (4	1,66) (The ctual#)	cretical (1)	
86.20 (1/1/61)	1472.62	1482.73	1479.04	1642.6	9/2	1363.96	13/7	Philippicos Manta Comp (2/1/85)	3104.30	3096.25	3079.39	3308.37 47I	250	33 93	Standard : Corposite 2		ri a			438,92	42.00	4.40
Boverpa (29/12/83) Cassale	64)	53675.0	54369.0	54969.0	1/9	3860.90	3/1	Portugui STA (1977)	2951.0	2960.4	2957.1	3226.60 187	2 2812	JB 208	balantuis (553.	Z7 555	93 558.1		510.05	2294 596.50	3.62
Metats Mints + (1975)	41		4066.32			3255.06		Singapore SES AL-6 pore(2)4/73	5 578.35	575.70	57527	661,81 4/1	577	25 44					(2/2)	(21/4) 41,39	D259	(ZV5/92) 8.54
Composite (1975) Porticio SS (4/1/83)	台	4344.20 2078.48				3950.00 1053.17		South Africa				-			Rencal	48.	18 45	35 46.5	(146)	(4/4)	(26-9-93)	(1/10/74
Chillio PGA Gan (\$1/12/80)	04	4821.0	4832.6	4957.8	42	3901.28	4/4	JRE Gold (28/9/75) JRE tool. (28/9/75)	2453.0¶			2459,00 5/9 6757,90 15/1		LDD 14/2 LDD 19/1	MYSE COMP.	259.	93 260	98 261.9	9 267.71 (2/2)	243.14	257.71 (2/2/94)	4,45 (25/4/42)
Destaurk.								South Kerns KerenCoopEx(4/1/86)*	969.61	944.52	949.23	97425 2/2	-	37 24	Aropa Mile Va	455.	54 454	DE 454.3	4 487.29	422.67	457.80	29.31 9/12/72
Copenhager(SE(3/1/63) Retard	360.07	360.34	356.73	415.7	9 2/2	336.73	LAF	Spain	50600	3-1.32	3462 3	3/4.03 02	•		NUSDAZ Czp	756.	23 750.	95 765.6	2 863.93	653.79	100.00	54.57
HEX General(28/13/90)	1951.6	1961.2	1933.6	1972.0	4/Z	1601.10	3/1	Madrid SE (20/12/65)	299.50	303.95	307.12	358.31 31/1	251	A3 67					(18/3)	245	(18/3/94)	(31/10/72)
France	1542 10	1758 49	1364,46	1585.2	2/2	1265.36	47	Bereden Atterstantingen (1/2/3	7) 1439.6	1466,2	1459.2	1603.00 31/1	1234	ZO 67	E RATIOS							
SBF 250 (31/12/90) CNC 40(31/12/67)	1998.20	2020.37	2034.91		2/2	1866.18	47	Sellected							Down Indow	md Div. Y	Soid	Sep 2 2.63	Aug 2 2.84	6 Aug		2.80
Вегини у			828.50	897	185	75751	27/8	Seizes Bik Ind (\$1/12/ SBC General (1/4/87)	847.44			1422.34 31/1 1083.25 31/1		197 197 189 137	O(# \$40.03			Aug 31	Aug 2			eer ego
FAZ Aldien(31/12/58) Commerciani(2/12/53)	824.29 2343.8	831.86 2365.0		2105.5		2149.30	27/6	Taleon							S&P Ind.			2.33	2.37		43	2.45
DAX (30/15/63/1)	2174.52	2204.71	2200.80	2271,1	165	1988.32	20/6	WeightedPr.(30/6/66)*	6866.32	7010.63	6874.1S	700552 295	5154	193 193	S & P Incl.			21.11	20.73			27.66
Greece Alberto SE(31/12/80)	849.82	853.27	847.89	11945	18/1	908.07	255	Theliand Burgick SET (30/4/7)	9 1531.30	1530.06	1525.84	1753273 471	1150	E9 44	E STAND	ARD AND	POORS	500 Hil	EX FUT	FRES \$5	00 times	Index (Se
Hang Kong Hang Seng(31/7/64)	9862.04	9901,56	9890.90	12201.0	4/1	2300.44	45	Today Elabat Cop. (len 19	25941,6	25457.2	25795.7	MM4180 13/1	12980	JO 243		Open Sett	price (1.55	Trange -2.25	High 475.50	470.20	Est. vol. 69,484	Open Int. 181,780
India			45.45 74	ACRE U	n one	3654.08	5/1	WORLD			***			-			4.05 7.15	-2.30 -2.40	477.85 481.00	472.80 475.95	15,750 107	
8SE Sens.(1979)	4510.75	430521	4542.76	-	2110	•	-	MS Capital int (1/1/7) CHOSS-BORDER	\$5 B41.4	- 644.0	042.3	644.00 5/9	-	<i>1</i> 0 44		Squeer are			401330	-,,,,,,,	101	-,-10
indomesia Jaicarta Comp.(10/6/62)	519.42	\$15.56	S1271	512.8	5/1	46.72	127	Eurotrack 100/28/10/				1540.19 31/1		AB 21/8	MEW YORK ACTIVE STOCKS			CKS	E TRADBIG ACTIVITY			
ireland ISEO Overall/4/1/88)	1941.27	1932,79	1915.50	2082.1	20/1	1894,14	1/7	Buro Top-100 (26/07 JCspelDayra (31/12/6 Berings Brang (7/1/07	B) (4	342.40	341.77	365.19 5/1 167.50 29	290	25 21/3 25 21/4	Friday	Stocks traded		Change so day	Volume		2 Sep 1	1 Aug 31
Tody	e22 24	685.03	686.01	817.5	1045	500,05	10/1								R.H. Rabicor	3,890,500		_	New York			43 357.58
Sence Contro Rei (1972) MB General (4/1/94)	673.24 1088.0	1107.0				94450		E CAC-40 \$100			_	_			Limited Arres Express	3,574,800	21%	+19	MASCAD			75 18.82 67 293.78
Japan				*****	17.5	17358.74	AM.	Seo 2009.0	Sett Price 2005.0	-20.0	_			Open Int.	Amer Bartick	2,691,400	73%	+34	MYSE			
	20409.18 295.07	20653.83 299.37	200.22	311.7	13/5	208.22		Sep 2009.0 Oct 2020.0	2015.0	-20.0			20,168	40,146	Philip Monts	2,718,100		-79	Rises Trac		529 2,53 540 B	73 2,875 44 1,216
Mildes 300 (1/10/62) Taobi (4/1,68)	1618.46		1639.91			1465.97		Dec 2039.0	2034.0	-20.0			1,897	8,054	Compaq Lileo	2,231,100		-74	Feits		068 1,2	
2nd Section (4/1/68)	2384.41	2405.05	2405.61	250.8	67	1673.23	4/1	Open interest ligures	for previou	s day.					Mag Maharit Oxy Peta	2,159,000		_	Unchanged New Highs			31 711 49 85
Metapsia KLSE Comp.(4486)	116951	1160.88	1156.34	1314.4	5 5/1	928.33									Amer T & T	2,029,200		-44	New Louis			29 16
was a same of a Zaharan V	TIMORO.		-		4-1	-	OF 48 A	dices are 100 except: Au p-100, 1960 Overalt To rampa – 100 and Standar 173.80 -22.75	etralia Ali O rooto Comp d and Poor	rdrary and Motals (a - 10. 5)	† C	he CV Incil in is, whereas th	dez thecretic e actual day	rai day'a bigi 't highs and	 Excluding to a and lows are loss (aupplied); produce day? 	y Tolehura) re	CA SEC 14	hest and he highest	owest price and lowest	S PERCHASO	DUTING ETE	day by each

ASTER RECO

Keeping an eye out for you.

EUROPE

Bourses savaged by interest rate bears

falls in ness in

FRANKFURT saw its main falls in the interest rate-sensi fell 30.19 to 2,174.52 on the session, touching 2.163.30 in the post-bourse before recovering to close at an Ibis-indicated

Turnover fell from DM6.1bn to DM4.7bn. Among the financials. Allianz lost DM48 at DM2.440. Deutsche Bank DM12 at DM719.50 and Bayernverein DM12.50 at DM448.

A Goldman Sachs study said that German government bond yields were set to rise because of accelerating economic growth, a likely rise in official rates in the first quarter of 1995 and heavy new supply. Yesterday, the Bundesbank's average bond yield rose by 9 basis points to 7.19 per cent. However, at the same time, fund managers in Germany were detecting a light shift

Wall Street and Toronto were closed yesterday for the Labor Day holiday

towards debt from shares, saying that the benign inflation outlook should overcompensate for the likely end in the short term to Bundeshank rate cuts, while shares - which rose by nearly 11 per cent in July and August - appeared unpre pared for the next stage in the

economic cycle. in this context, it seemed odd that the day's main blue chip winner was Viag, utility based and rate-sensitive. How ever, there was talk of a big buying order in the stock for US, or at least foreign con-

PARIS saw the CAC 40 index breach 2,000, and hit 1,978.54 before it closed 22.17 lower at 1,998.20. Ona or two banks were savaged, Suez losing FFr5 at FFr263 and BNP FFr5.90 at FFr253.70, but there was just as much pain in industrials: Bouygues lost FFr15 at FFr632, Peugeot FFr18 at FFr846 and Air Liquida FFr15 at FFr748.

itself aptly named after trading was resumed following an early suspension. The company said that It planned to change

US markets were closed Labor Day holiday yes-	FT-SE Ac	tuade	s Sh	are in	dices				
European bourses were last Friday afternoon's treasuries in New York.	Sep 6 Hourly changes	Open	10.30	11.00	12.00	13.00	THE EUR	OPEAN 15.00	SERIES Close
l as by ongoing weak- the dollar, urites Our	FT-SE Suretrack 100 FT-SE Eurotrack 200	1367.25 1440.59			1387.71 1443.54	1387,47 1444,18		1379.80 1436.81	1380.11 1438.12
s Staff.			Sep 2	Sep	1 A	ug 31	Aug 30	Aug	25

ship to public limited company, and this, at a time of transpational hid talk in the supermarket business, saw the shares hit FFr175 before closing FFr6.40 up at FFr170.

MADRID's general index fell through 300, bottoming at 297.50 before it ended 4.45, or 1.5 per cent, lower at 299.50. Selective interest rate-sensitives lost ground, Argentaria Pta160 at Pta5,100 in banks and

Endesa Pta150 at Pta5,430 in utilities, but here, too, industri-



als kept pace, with Repsol Pta95 off at Pta4,030 and Telefómica down Pta30 at Pta1.755. In construction, Agroman fell Ptass, or 15 per cent, to a 1994 low of Pta500 after a similar loss on Friday; beavier first-half losses last week were followed yesterday by a mooted capital reduction

ZURICH saw further foreign demand early in the day before activity slowed in tha absence of US demand during the afternoon, leaving shares slipping back from their best levels. The SMI index finished 2.5 higher at 2,674.5 after a peak of

Rocba certificates added Seres at Sere,35 while UBS bearers picked up SFr4 to SFr1,203 amid foreign buying after last week's optimistic earnings outlooks.

SFr4 to SFr1,233 and BBC bearers eased SFr7 to SFr1,197. Sulzer put on SFT4 at SFT940 on news that its Sulzer Hydro

division had won a SFr54m

contract to provide Francis turbines to India. MILAN remained under pressure, the Comit index falling 11.79, or 1.7 per cent, to 673.23, with blue chips leading the decline. Turnover picked up from recent levels, but it was

Among the higgest losers, Telecom Italia fell L150. or 3 per cent, to L4,440 and Generali was LL.000, or 2.4 per cent, lower at L40,700. BCI gave np L125, or 3.4 per cent, to L3,550, with the bank's rights plummeting 14.8 per cent to L484.7. Olivetti, heavily sold last

week, fell another L50, or 2.3 per cent, to L2,090. Cir, its bolding company, gave up L100, or 4.5 per cent, at L2,100. AMSTERDAM was deflated

by the US boliday, softer bonds and slight pressure on the dol-lar. The AEX index closed 1.17 down at 417.97. Heineken lost Fl 1.80 at

Fl 241.00 ahead of results, and analysts noted that BolsWessanen, another drinks group, turned in unexpectedly poor figures last week.
STOCKHOLM dived with its debt market after opinion polls pointed to the weakness of the

opposition SDP party, and the risks implicit in minority government after the general election in 12 days' time. The Affărsvărlden General index fell 28.60, or 1.95 per cent, to 1,439.60. Astra A lost SKr6 at SKr180 oo profit-tak-

ing, and the banking and insurance index dropped by 3.5 TEL AVIV celebrated today's Jewish New Year holiday with the seventh consecutive rise in the Mishtanim index, which

Written and edited by William

for Mr Cardoso to be elected as

president, which would prompt a sharp market rebound in

share prices before the end of

Telebras saw its preferred

stock drop 7.1 per cent to R\$48 as analysts warned that It

could fall further to R\$47.50.

Petrobras preferred lost 7.0 per cent at R\$153.50, while Eletro-

higher at 192.19.

N Ireland peace hopes boost Dublin

Bv William Cochrane The FT-Actuaries World Index came out virtually unchanged

last week bnt, across the world, there were some big individual market movements. Europe's best performer was Ireland, one of the smallest stock markets in Europe, and up by 4.5 per cent in local currency terms after a 3.5 per cent gain the week before. In its current EuroLetter, Morgan Stanley acknowledges that the announcement of an IRA ceasefire and the hopes for peace in Northern Ireland could only be good for tha

However, Mr Richard Davidson, the bank's European tegist, bases his argun for Ireland's equity market mainly on the transformation of Irish economic performance in recent years. We believe that the combination of an attractive valuation and a remarkable economic story, plus respectable profit growth, more than outweighs the historic investor worries about low liquidity and a restricted Another smaller market, Finland, was Europe's next

best performer, its 4.1 per cent

per cent for this year so far, against a 3.7 per cent fall for Europe, excluding the UK.

Goldman Sachs believes that the Helsinki market remains attractive, and its analysts Mr Anders Braténius and Mr Klas Andersson forecast a further 20 per cent gain over the next 12 months; they expect continnously strong earnings with a stronger Finnish Marka being the only material risk for earnings disappointments.

They say the macro picture is improving in Finland. Posi-tive factors Include strong growth ahead as the effect of booming exports spreads into domestic activities, subdued inflation and scope for declining long-term interest rates. On the distaff side, they note a very high unemployment rate, and weak public finances.

Europe's higgest fall of the week, 2.4 per cent, was in Spain. Ms Clare Miles at Kleinwort Benson notes that the Madrid market was making good progress in July and at the beginning of August, but that the Swedish and Italian official interest rate rises on July 10 left the outlook for further interest rate cuts in Spain

looking precarious. Ms Miles advises a reduction stocks in Spain, and a switch into cyclicals.

Mr Marcus Grubb, the Salomon Brothers strategist, says the broker's Spanish equity year-end target for the Madrid General index from 365 to 325. a rise of only 5.8 per cent from last Friday's level, and that Salomon has reduced its weighting in Spanish equities In favour of German and Swiss

In the Pacific Basin, Hong Kong topped the ratings with a rise of 5.8 per cent on the week. Nomura'e global strategy team of Mr Nicholas Knight and Ms Allson Southey have moved 4 per cent of their equity allocation ont of Tokyo

and into Hong Kong. They take the view that, in the US, long rates have not yet peaked and the dollar still has farther to go on the downside. The Dow, moreover, should be pressured by concerns with regard to earnings and higher

bond yields," they say. In Europe, they reckon that the global interest rate environment will continue to put pressure on equities; and in Janan, that the stock market is valuerable to a renewed burst of dollar weakness, and

% change 4 change storing † in US S † +0.99 +4.24 +0.41 +39.38 +4.45 +6.40 +15.84 +1.09 -0.13 France . +11.77 -2.97 +0.46 +9.20 +10.86 -3.46 -2.44 +1.26 +2.86 -1.18 +1.67 EUROPE -2.13 +0.47 Hong Kong +26.45 -4.54 +11.14 +0.33 -0.45 +6.58 +4.32 +2.28 -2.59 +40.17 +12.85 -9.40 +2.95 -6.84 +10.77 Singapore +4.58 +2.90 +9.42

+1.84 +40.49

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MARKETS IN PERSPECTIVE

strength in the yen.
"Only South East Asia wins as far as we can see," they declare, "as coocerns with

+0.07

egard to the upward march in US short-term retes ameliorate. The biggest winner from pope calls of

Sarajevo visil

as shells tall

ASIA PACIFIC

Nikkei retreats as Shanghai surges 13.7%

20,645.23 and low of 20.395.98.

do so until the end of the

ated with the leading brokers e corporate earnings outlooks later this week, and investors are expected to boost trading In individual companies with earnings revisions. Fears of lower earnings at Capcom, a video game maker, burt the whole sector. The stock weakened Y500 to Y2,750, while Sega Enterprises retreated Y480 to Y6,420 on selling by overseas investors. Machine tool producers, on the other hand, were higher on

it-taking by corporate investors depressed share prices, while trading volume declined as many institutional investors remained inactive ahead of the listing of Japan Telacom shares, writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

worried about the expensive public offering price of JT at Y4.7m, while some analysts feared that investors might sell other shareholdings to buy JT stock. Selling to realise profits ahead of the interim book closing by most corporations had already finished. However. many banks, which need to offset write-offs for bad loans,

Volume fell to 272m shares from 355m. Some investors chose not to trade, citing the Labor Day holiday in New York. The Topix index of all first section stocks declined 22.68 to 1,618.46 and the Nikkei 300 shed 4.30 to 395.07. Losers led gainers by 824 to 205, with

hopes of increased capital spending. Okuma climbed Y42

180.47 173.70 113.69 147.99 153.42 180.80 159.85 169.02

to Y958 and Ikegai Y9 to Y428. 973.48 in record turnover of share index climbed a more

Arbitrage unwinding and prof-

The Nikkei 225 average ended 244.65, or 1.2 per cent, off at 20,409.18 after a high of

Traders said investors were share market.

147 issues unchanged. In London the ISE/Nikkei 50 index eased 0.84 to 1,317.82. Bearisbness over JT prompted declines in the telecommunication sector. Nippon relegraph and Telephona, the

leading telecom operator, dropped Y24,000, or 2.6 per cent, to Y906,000, while DDI, a second section company, receded Y27,000 to Y971,000. Earnings-linked trading was also evident. Think tanks affili-

South Africa

WORLD INDEX

Tokyo

Steelmakers were actively traded bnt lost ground on profit-taking. Nippon Steel, the day's most active issue, slipped Y8 to Y377 and Sumitomo Metal Industries Y5 to Y340. In Osaka, the OSE average dipped 181.06 to 22,718.31 in volume of 85.3m shares.

Roundup

Fortunes were mixed in the Pacific Rim.

SHANGHAI'S A share index surged 13.7 per cent in extremely activa trading as institutions, major individual shareholders and small investors launched a buying spree, their confidence boosted by news that Beijing was pressing ahead with a plan to invite foreign funds into the domestic A

The index gained 116.98 at

Yn15.5bn, topping the previous record of Yn12.80bn on August 11. In Shenzhen, the A share index soared 35.07, or 19.8 per cent, to 212.62.

Shanghai's B index closed 3.30, or 4.2 per cent, up at 82.17 in heavy volume of 10.6m shares and the Shenzhen B index rose 0.78 points to 115.59. SEOUL put on 2.3 per cent in active trading on expectations of a market rally by the end of

the year. The composite index ended 21.73 higher at 969.61. Volume totalled 40.6m shares, against a previous 36.02m. HONG KONG was firmer but below tha psychologically important 10,000 level after a sharp, but unexpected, rally that drove the Hang Seng

index up to a peak of 10,064.86 ran out of steam. The index was finally 60.48 ahead at 9,962.04, while the H

modest 5.91 to 1,381.62. Brokers said foreign investors, particularly US and Japanese funds, spearheaded the buying spree, while many local

investors sought to sell Into

strength and take profits. TAIPEI lost 1.2 per cent in late selling on news that the August consumer price index rose to a higher than expected 7.1 per cent, prompting concern that the central bank may move further to tighten mone

tary policy.
The weighted index finished 84.93 off at 6,866.32, after a day's high of 6,966.21, in turnover of T\$63.4bn.

SYDNEY was lower in thin volume following Wall Street's modest fall on Friday and with investors besitant to trade ahead of the Labor Day holiday

in the US. The All Ordinaries index

WELLINGTON finished flat, the NZSE-40 capital index losing 2.24 at 2,176.51, after recovering from an intraday low of 2,162.53, in NZ\$38.4m turnover. SINGAPORE was consolidat-ing after last week's gains and the Straits Times Industrial

index eased 2.55 to 2,328.06. Keppel closed 20 cents up at S\$11.50 after news that it was joining a consortium to bid for a mobile phone licence. KUALA LUMPUR was mixed to slightly lower following a final push by traders which

forced the market up from the day's lows during tha last bour. The KLSE composite index ended a mere 1.37 softer at 1,159.51. JAKARTA found unexpect-

edly strong support from local and foreign investors and the official index moved forward 3.86 to 519.42.

dry witter

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Associated British Foods plc

(formerly George Weston Holdings plc)

Reorganisation of the share capitals of

Associated British Foods plc, George Weston Holdings plc

and

Wittington Investments Limited

Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited acted as financial advisers to and sponsors of the public listing of George Weston Holdings plc (now Associated British Foods plc)

Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited

September 1994

Issued by Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited, a member of the Securities and Futures Authority Limited.

ADRs were marked as much as 10 per cent lower from the for an excuse to take profits. Mr Barclay added that he investors sold on concern that still expected the PSDB party prices at which they had closed to recover from the crisis and on Friday on Wall Street.

Brazil plunges 8.6% as minister quits

São Paulo plunged 8.6 per cent in heavy mldday trading as Mr Fernando Henrique Cardoso's presideotial candidacy would be damaged by the resignation of Mr Rubens Ricupero as economy minister.

The Bovespa index fell 4,630 to 49,045 at 1300 local time in turnover of R\$216.5m (\$243.5m). but foreign selling was said to

until a

would overhang the market until a decision was He expected the market to

fall by as much as 20 per cent over the next two weeks, espe-

wbether to permit Mr Car-

by the electoral authority, over doso's candidature to continue,

Securities commented that uncertainty about any action

Mr Robert Barclay of Baring

writes Michael Morgan.

be limited by the Labor Day holiday in the US.

In earlier London trading,

Johannesburg was broadly firmer as investors overcame fears of profit-taking and stocks

no inhibition to demand for gold shares.

ket for most of the day.

A decision by motor assembly workers, on

strike for the last five weeks, to return to

work from tomorrow gave late support to industrials, which had lagged behind the mar-

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

bras preferred were quoted down 8.6 per cent at R\$340. Firm golds help S Africa to extend recent gains

The gold shares index climbed 51 to 2,453 after a 71-point advance on Friday. The overall extended receot gains in mostly steady trade. The US Labor Day holiday did little to dampen enthuslasm, while a static bulllon price proved index was 41 ahead at 5,956 and industrials added 22 at 6,608, having rebounded from an early low of 6,572. De Beers was R2 higher at R107, Anglos put

on R2 at R260 and Gencor firmed 50 cents to R14.75. Against the trend, SAB lost 50 cents at

Iscor was 16 cents stronger at R4.48 in a

continued bullish reaction to year-end results.

R86.75 and Barlows shed 25 cents to R33.75.

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS Currency 52 week 52 week Index High Low 112.26 144.53 180.91 122.65 168.22 150.91 111.23 143.60 140.36 85.19 100.09 134.21 161.52 208.62 215.59 112.65 145.44 189.84 110.31 142.41 147.34 93.96 121.30 121.30 254.08 328.02 401.88 135.08 774.39 197.79 52.36 67.60 96.01 103.60 133.75 103.60 103.60 133.75 103.60 1414.70 1828.39 8332.18 3.45 1.00 3.84 2.50 1.36 0.74 2.99 1.70 3.06 3.20 1.49 1.60 3.60 1.71 1.97 2.09 4.18 1.56 1.76 3.86 2.82 167.20 169.90 130.13 246.71 172.07 168.49 143.51 143.51 388.09 206.33 79.97 158.25 543.04 2160.87 209.09 72.58 188.58 362.52 italy (59).... Japan (469) 1414.70 1826.39 8332.18 136.89 176.73 174.07 47.52 61.35 66.36 130.65 168.67 193.17 230.79 297.96 253.86 Norway (23). Singapore (44) ... South Africa (59 392,52 239,79 297,96 293,98 282,81 191,70 247,49 302,44 134,81 88.26 113,94 137,92 217,66 142,50 189,97 256,92 159,75 104,58 135,02 135,35 194,97 127,65 164,79 194,67 194,46 120,78 155,90 192,21 Spain (42).. Sweden (36) . USA (517)182.21 110.58 142.75 157.98 139.13 179.62 214.10 1 106.76 141.73 114.72 7 110.04 142.06 131.94 3 118.55 150.05 188.21 2 89.01 127.82 136.25 5 169.67 218.05 240.10 2 110.96 143.28 135.69 3 112.20 144.86 149.17 2 113.09 145.29 152.17 113.09 145.29 152.17 174.50 167.96 109.93 143.07 157.68 174.24 167.70 109.77 142.85 114.67 174.24 167.70 109.77 142.85 114.67 174.24 167.70 109.77 142.85 114.67 189.56 182.44 118.42 155.41 189.07 155.83 149.99 98.17 127.76 136.95 269.54 259.43 169.81 220.99 239.77 175.76 195.17 110.73 144.10 136.54 178.35 171.66 112.26 146.22 149.35 179.70 172.96 113.21 147.33 152.33 191.12 183.95 120.40 156.69 182.65 143.07 157.68 176.58 176.58 178.39 211.68 222.03 142.85 114.87 178.86 142.94 131.80 175.14 155.41 189.07 192.73 127.75 135.95 158.12 220.99 239.77 296.21 144.10 135.54 176.65 146.22 149.35 176.59 147.33 152.33 180.03 180.03 180.03 180.03 168.91 212.51 167.68 168.07 181.08 151.22 0.2 1.1 0.0 0.1 -0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 -0.1 -0.1 2.94 1.38 1.05 1.85 2.80 2.38 2.70 1.87 2.02 2.20 2.82 EUROPE (718)... 0.9 1.8 0.3 0.5 -0.5 1.1 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.1 Nordic (116)..... Pacific Bosin (748)... Euro-Pacific (1466) ...188.69 ...157.58 ...270.05 123.20 155.18 182.38

-0.1 2.20

... 191.32

0.2 173.47 113.87 146.92 153.27

The World Index (2164) 160.7S